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# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXI.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 7, 1888.

WASHINGTON, December 6 .- Today in the was consumed in arguing the direct land as bill. It was a field day for Georgia. Two therable ten entered the arena and reflected. dit upon themselves by the able manner in deh they handled the question under dis-sion. Major Barnes, the heavy weigh the tenth, made the ablest speech of his

de. It was indeed a splendid congressional gument, which called forth congratulations om many members. It was convincing, but the arguments in the world could not now event the passage of the direct tax bill; every the is interested. Every state has a slice of appropriation and the majority of the best feel that they must vote for the bill. speaking on Mr. Oates's cotton tax andment to the direct tax bill, Major mendment that there was no ground for standing a tax once collected because part has been uncollected, unless that tax art has been uncollected, unless that tax abeen illegally paid or illegally collected; there is no pretense that the direct land tof 1861 was either illegally laid or illegally lected; that it is sought to be refunded on ground that part has not been paid. This rue of all taxes, but if this tax is to be unded, certainly the cotton tax should be aid. The cotton tax was an unconstituted at a superior of the cotton law and the cotton law in posed upon the cotlands of the south. It was a burden put the cotton planter in addition to the land without any warrant, whatever, from the stitution. It was, furthermore, unconstitutal because the tax was not uniformly laid, it was a direct violation of that clause in seconstitution which prohibits a tax on ex-

t was a direct violation of that clause in oustitution which prohibits a tax on exit, for five-sixths of the cotproduced in the south was the subject er of export. It would be a strought iniquity to refund the land tax, assedly a legal tax, and refuse to restore otton tax, collected in violation of the

and constitution did major Barnes, and didge Stewart followed Major Barnes, and od on the same line, insisting that the inion of the cotton tax was unconstitutional, that this, of all taxes, should be returned. n, not warranted by the constitution gal right, it is monstrous. During the of Judge Stewart's remarks he claimed e bill was one of the many schemes of ublican party to deplete the treasury event a proper reduction of taxation. ught many republicans to their feet
Milliken, of Manne, plied the
ith so many questions that
that if the logic and brain of the on the Maine man, and he allowed the o continue his speech in peace.

THE SENATE TARIFF BILL. THE SENATE TARIEF BILL.

The republican senators have decided to sestheir tariff bill, it possible, before the bilday recess. Both yesterday and today rededvoted to its discussion. Not many eryimportant changes will be proposed by serenublicans, and they will not allow the option of any that may be offered by the mocrats. Daily hearings are being conducted the finance committee room, and the result the testimony taken will be seen in amendants in the rates on various articles as now s in the rates on various articles as no ends in the rates on various articles as how
ted by the bill, and the rearrangement
the schedules. The main parts
the bill, the entire framework,
ill be allowed to stand just as it is. The
unceratic senators say that they are not dissed to make determined and factious oppoion to the bill, simply for the purpose of

nsideration of each important item is d at, endeavor to defeat or amend it by is of objections and motions sufficient to their opposition and to make clear their tions. The policy of the democrats, ore, is not likely to have the effect of inal action on the bill for any sologing has action on the bill for any sea length of time, and it will probably be through the senate within the next tens or two weeks. The bill will then go in a conference committee of the two houses, I as at least two democratic members the house ways and means committee the house ways and means committee, it is tely possible that any agreement can be taked. Thus, in the end, it is very evident, iff legislation will go over until the republi-

THE NEW CONGRESS. reguler meeting time for the next con-is the first Monday in December, but as is considerable talk among republican ors of General Harrison calling an extra n early in April, it is possible that tariff ation will be enacted by the first of June issation will be enacted by the first of Julie xt. There are many reasons given by the sublican senators why an extra session subject to the session of the session of the subject to the session of the session of the ment. They want the new states admitted order to increase the representation in both ouses, and they are anxious to oust the succratic efficials of the house as why as possible, and secure control of the orization at once. The question now resolves self into whether or not General Harrison III accept the advice of his old colleagues in a senate and call an extra session. They bewere he will.

A SLACE FOR THOMPSON.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Thompson has been offered the appointment as Mr. Oberly's successor in the civil service commission. Mr. Thompson, it will be remembered, tesigned while governor of South Carolina to take his present position. He is said to have necessary and as his chances are good of retaining a place in the civil service commission under the incoming republican administration, while it is certain he could not retain his present position, it is

republican administration, while it is certain he could not retain his present position, it is believed he will accept. The only difficulty in the way is the possibility of the republicans refusing to confirm him.

HE CANNOT COME.

Mr. Cleveland will not go to the Augusta exposition. He declined the invitation this morning on the grounds that his official business would not allow his absence for three days. It is presumed that Mr. Cleveland only gave official business as his motive for declining in order to conceal the true reason—the fact that the Augusta canal is dry. He was anxious for a fishing expedition on the raging canal, and therefore postponed his reply until he could learn if the effects of the recent thood has been repaired, and if the canal had been restocked with fish. Learning to the contrary, he pointedly refused to come. Major Barnes now regrets that he did not offer to carry him by Atlanta and give him a chance in Peachtree creek. The president's weakness for fishing is remarkable. No official business was ever known to interfere with his going on a fishing expedition.

Some Georgia Currency.

The claim of Mesers Declare, Major S. Co.

THE LUMBER PUTY.

Senator Sabin, of Minnesota, today offered an amendment to the senate tariff bill reducing the duty on lumber fifty per cent, or, in other words, from the present rate of two dollars per thousand feet to one dollar. It is believed the appuliation practice.

lars per thousand feet to one dollar. It is be-lieved the republican party will accept the amendment, although it will be opposed by the Maine delegation.

Two more candidates for the speakership an-nounced themselves in the race today. They are Messrs. Ryan, of Kansas, and Henderson, of Iowa. There are now six men in the race: McKinley, Reed. Cannon. Burrows. Ryan and are Messis. Ryan, of Lower are now six men in the race: of Iowa. There are now six men in the race: McKinley, Reed, Cannon, Burrows, Ryan and Henderson. McKinley is, however, leading them all by a long distance, and unless he should withdraw in order to succeed Sherman, if the latter should go in the cabinet, he will be elected by a very good majority.

E. W. B.

DISCUSSING THE TARIFF BILL. The Senate Busy on Schedule B of the Sena'e

Substitute.

Washington, December 6.—A communica ion from the secretary of state, with a certied copy of the final ascertainment of presi-tential electors in Kansas, was presented in

a senate.

The presiding officer asked the opinion of the senate (this being an entirely new proceeding) as to the disposition to be made of the papers, whether they should be entered on the journal or placed in the archieves of the sen-ate. He added that similar certificates from the states of Maryland, North Carolina and Georgia had been also transmitted by the sec-

retary of state.

After some suggestions, a provision of the law of February, 1887, was read and was found to require the secretary of state to transmit copies of such certificates to the two houses of

congress.

The letters of transmittal and copies of certificates were referred to the committee on privileges and elections. privileges and elections.

The senate, at 1:05, resumed consideration of the tariff bill, beginning with schedule B. which covers earthenware and glassware.

Messrs. Hoar and McPherson each reserved the right to offer some amendments hereafter to the preserved that the second pattern its property.

No amendment, except as to two formal changes of the phraseology, was made to schedule B., and the senate proceeded to the consideration of schedule C., relating to

netals.

Mr. Plumb called attention to the paragraph as to beams, girders and joists, spoke of iron and steel combinations in this country and instanced cases of the government building at Wichita, Kas., (which had effected a large saving by contracting for such work abroad) and of the state house of Texas, where the saving (he had been informed) amounted to \$200,000. He moved to amend by reducing the rate from 1 1-10 cents per pound to 8-10.

Mr. Harris called attention to the fact that

Mr. Allison opposed Mr. Harris's amendment, and steel schedule. He had no doubt that it was equivalent to an advalorem rate of 102.75 per cent; that the rate of 6-10 cents per pound, proposed in the house bill, was equivalent to 49.32 per cent, and that the rate proposed in the senate substitute was equivalent to 90.42 per cent. He moved to amend the amendment by fixing the rate at 6-10 cents per pound.

Mr. Allison opposed Mr. Harris's amendment, saying that it went to the root of the whole iron and steel schedule. He had no doubt that if the present rate of duty were maintained, competition would be sufficient in a very short that to break down prices.

Mr. Aldrich also opposed the Harris amendment, and remarked that if there was any one item in the house bill more indefensible than any other, it was the rate of six-tenths of a cent per pound on structural forms of iron and

cent per pound on structural forms of iron and steel. The adoption of the amendment would necessarily involve a recommittal of the bill, or its abandonment. It would certainly be an abandonment of the protective feature of the bill, and the prices of structural forms of iron and steel were not excessive now, and the state of affairs to which the senator from Kausas referred related to some years back.

Mr. Harris asked whether the senators from Iowa and Rhode Island were prepared to maintain that a duty of over ninety per cent was necessary to enable people in this country to convert blooms and billets into joists and

beams.
Mr. Reagan advocated the amendment. The people of the United States, he said, were interested in being rescued from the grasp and oppression of the monopolists, but the senate substitute aided the monopolists.

Discussion was continued by Messrs. Aldrich, Harris, Hoar, Butler, Plumb and Payne, but no vote was taken on the pending amendments, and the bill was had aside, progress during the day being about eight pages.

Mr. Butler introduced a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment enlarging the presidential term of office to six years. Laid on the table.

The senate then, at 3 o'clock, adjourned ti

The senate then, at 3 o'clock, adjourned ti Monday.

THE DIRECT TAX BILL. Southern Members Resist It-Mr. Oates's

Amendments.

Washington, December 6.—In the house the speaker stated that he had received a conmunication from Perry Beiment, informing 'him that he bad sent to the governor of New York his resignation as a member of congress from the first congressional district of New York. The clerk was directed to drop Mr. Belmont's name from the roll of the house. York. The clerk was directed to drop Mr. Belmont's hame from the roll of the house. The usual resolution for the distribution of the president's message to appropriate committees, was reported from the committee on ways and means by Mr. McMillah, of Tennessee, and adopted by the house, the only debate upon it being a sarcastic querry from Mr. Grosvenor. of Ohio, as to what portion of the message had been referred to the committee on civil service reform and the reply from Mr. Spinola, of New York, that that subject would be referred to the Chinese. The order relative to the consideration of the direct tax bill was so modified as to make the measure a special order for today, Tuesday and Wednesday, it being the desire of many members that adjournment be taken over Saturday.

An effort was made to reach some agreement touching the offering and pendancy of amendments, but it proved futile; and without any understanding on this point, the house, on motion of Mr. Caswell, of Wisconsin, went into committee of the whole (Mr. Springer, of Illinois, in the chair) on the direct tax bill.

Mr. Caswell explained that the simple purpose of the bill was to refund to the states and individuals who paid the tax, that portion of the direct tax which was collected. After a careful computation he was able to state that the bill carried \$15,227,632. This did not include 15 per cent commission allowed states or parties who paid the tax. The amount to be cancelled, now uncollected, was \$2,562,40.

Mr. Clates, of Alabama, said that the first ground of his opposition to the measure was that there was no authority conferred upon

he could learn if the effects of the recent flood. has been repaired, and if the canni had been restocked with fish. Learning to the contrary, he pointedly refused to come. Major Barnes now regrets that he did not offer to carry him by Atlanta and give him a chance in Peachtree creek. The president's weakness for fishing is remarkable. No official business was ever known to interfere with his going on a fishing expedition.

Some Georgia Currency.

The claim of Messrs. Dodge, Meigs & Co., Normandale, Ga., for \$3,150, which was collected from them as a ten per cent assessment for issuing currency, was today refunded. It will be remembered that this firm of saw-mill men were in the habit of issuing tickets to their employes as currency, the tickets being accepted at their full face value by the stores of the neighborhood, some of which were ewned by the firm, and they were cashed at their full face value by the stores of the neighborhood, some of which were ewned by the firm, and they were cashed at their full face value by the stores of the neighborhood, some of which were ewned by the firm, and they were cashed at their full face value by the stores of the neighborhood, some of which were exampled to the same of the neighborhood, some of which were exampled to the same of the neighborhood, some of which were exampled to the same of the neighborhood, some of which were exampled to the same of the neighborhood in accepted at their full face value by the stores of the neighborhood, some of which were exampled to the same of the states and the proposition to the measure was that there was no authority conferred upon congress by the constitution to pass the bill or to make the appropriation provided for. He constitution to pass the bill or to make the appropriation provided for. He constitution, but for an observance of it. The only was the constitution to pass the bill or to make the appropriation provided for. He constitution, but for an observance of its stream to a congress by the constitution to pass the bill or

THE EXTRA SESSION.

Sexton, their actorney, has since made many attempts to get the claim allowed and the money refunded, but without success until today. Mr. Sexton, assisted by Judge Crisp and Senator Colquit, argued the case before Commissioner Miller some time ago, and today the decision in his favor was rendered.

Senator Sabin, of Minnesota, today offered an amendment to the senate tariff bill reducing the duty on lumber fifty per cent, or, in other words, from the present rate of two dollars per thousand feet to one dollar. It is bethe forth directs the secretary of the treasury in making payment and settlement of the direct tax to take into account and set of any amount due by any state to the United States under the act of June 23, 1836, "to regulate deposits of public money."

Mr. Barnes, of Georgia, said that the purpose of the bill was to execute a release as to the tax uncollected, and to refund the fax col-

Mr. Barnes, of Georgia, said that the purpose of the bill was to execute a release as to the tax uncollected, and to refund the tax collected to those who had paid it. Considered in this mere statement of the question, without regard to constitutional principles, there was an appearance of equity in the scheme. He wished to call attention to the cotton tax. In 1862 a tax of one-half cent per pound was placed upon cotton; in 1864 it was increased to two cents, and in 1866 it was further increased to three cents, and the great bulk of the cotton tax was paid under this last act. The direct tax of 1861 was a land tax, a legal tax, a general tax, a constitutional tax, laid in accordance with the forms and rules prescribed by the constitution. The tax on cotton was a special tax, an illegal tax, an unconstitutional tax. It was a special land tax upon the cotton lands of the south. He proceeded to make an elaborate legal and constitutional argument to show that a tax on the product of land was a tax upon the land itself; and he quoted from declarations by the framers of the constitution to prove that, in their opinion, a direct tax was a tax upon land, and a per capita tax on slaves. If the labor which gave fruit to the land was to be taxed as part of realty, the conclusion was irresistible that the product which was the joint fruit of the land and labor, was a part of realty. The land was of no value without its product and a tax on the product

was the joint fruit of the land and labor, was a part of realty. The land was of no value without its product and a tax on the product was a tax on the land.

Mr. Enloe, of Tennessee, sent to the clerk's desk and had read for information a proposed amendment refunding the cotton tax and providing that such amount as cannot be paid to persons who paid the taxes, shall be turned over to the school fund of the states interested.

Mr. Kerr, of Iowa, said that one of his objections to refunding the cotton tax was that during the years when the tax was collected the producers received so large a price for their the producers received so large a price for their cotton that the tax was really to their advantage.

Mr. Milliken, of Maine, could see no analogy

Mr. Anniken, of Maine, could see no analogy between the cotton tax and the tax which it was now proposed to refund. The cotton tax had been paid. There was no default about it. If it fell upon one section more than upon another, it was because cotton was produced in that section, and as far as the direct tax was concerned, either those states who failed to obey the law should now come up and pay the tax or the states that did nay it should be retax, or the states that did pay it should be re-

imbursed.

Mr. Stewart, of Georgia, regarded the pending bill as unwise legislation. He suggested that were there not a surplus in the treasury, the measure would never have been brought forward. It was one of the great schemes to take money from the treasury and to fix the charge of prodigality on the democratic administration. There was no public exigency now existing, which could justify congress in resorting to such unconstitutional legislation. Nowhere in the letter of the constitution, nowhere in its spirit, was there a word or sentence to justify pirit, was there a word or sentence to justify

spirit, was there a word or sentence to justify this vicious legislation, which was nakedy and boldly a gift and a donation by the general government. It was fraught with danger and as a precedent would prove pernicious.

An informal recess for about five minutes was taken to enable Messrs. Caswell and Oates to canvass their respective sides and find some gentleman who desired to speak upon the measure. Mr. Caswell was unsuccessful in his search, but finally Mr. Hogser, of Mississiphi.

TREASURY NOTES MISSING. \* Ten Sheets of Five Dollar Bills Disappear

from the Treasury Department.

Washington, December 6.—Another irregularity has been discovered in the treasury department, arising out of the mysterious disappearance of ten sheets of paner, each containing four notes of the denomination of \$5, and representing \$200 in all. These sheets were included in the regular delivery from the bureau of engraving and printing to the United States treasurer last Tuesday morning. The packages were counted and reported to be correct in every particular before leaving the bureau. On reaching the treasurer's office they were again counted and reported correct. The notes are all completed with the exception of being stamped with the treasury seal, and when that is added they are ready for issue. After the packages in question had been verified at the treasurer's office they were turned over to the sealing division for completion. They were counted there and found to be short ten sheets. These were numbered in regular order and were in the mickage. The officer in the treasure to the sealing division for completion. They were counted there and found to be short ten sheets. These were numbered in regular order and were in the mickage. The officer in the treasure that the oxtensive preparations being made for the recoption of Mrs. Lucy E. Parsons, on her return to this city from her trip abroad, are from the Treasury Department. there and found to be short ten sheets. These were numbered in regular order and were in the middle of the package. The officer in charge of the division refused to receipt for these sheets and word was sent to the bureau for an explanation. A thorough investigation was instituted and although two days have passed no trace whatever of the missing sheets has been discovered. While it is possible that the scheet, were mighlid and may sheets has been discovered. While it is possible that the sheets were mislaid and may be recovered it is more than probable they were abstracted by some one thoroughly familiar with the method of handling. The notes will readily pass for money, for they lack only the treasurer seal to be legal tenders.

THE APPROPRIATIONS.

The Pension Bill Completed-The District Bill-Other Washington News. WASHINGTON, December 6.-The pension appropriation bill was completed by the sub-committee of the house appropriation committee today and will be reported to the full committee tomorrow. It appropriates \$81,-767,500 and is identical with last year's bill with the exception that \$1,200 less is appro-

priated this year than last year for the rent of office buildings.

The District of Columbia appropriation bill The District of Columbia appropriation bili-reported to the house today appropriates \$4, 972,193, being \$143,017 less than the appro-priation for current fiscal year and \$1,022,342 less than the estimates of the district commis-sioners Forstrect improvements \$617000, is ap-propriated, or \$2,000 more than the appropria-tion for the current fiscal year and \$462,804 less than the attimates. For multi-school, \$148.

tion for the current useal year and \$462,804 less than the estimates. For public schools \$938, 951 is appropriated, or \$10,000 less than the appropriation for the current year.

The republican national executive committee today discussed the propriety of establishing permanent national headquarters in this city in the building now occupied by the committee. No decision, however, has yet been recacled.

Questions of prospective contests in West Virginia and other states have not been dis-cussed by the committee. Whatever interests the national committee have in these disputed districts are being looked after by Chairman Quay, who has thus far made no report to the EVANS OR BATES?

THE SQUABBLE IN TENNESSEE'S THIRD DISTRICT,

GOVERNOR TAYLOR IS ENJOINED To Prevent Him from Issuing a Certificate

to Evans—The Secretary of State Says Bates is Elected. NASHVILLE, Tenn., December 6 .- [Special.]

A new and interesting question was brought into Tennessee courts today by Chancellor Allison, of this district, granting an injunction against Governor Taylor issuing a certificate

against Governor Taylor issuing a certificate of election to H. Clay Evans, republican, as congressman from this, the third district.

It will be remembered that Evans had a majority of votes on the count, but the sheriff of Rhea and Meigs counties called attention to the fraudulent votes which, if two districts were thrown out, would elect Creed F. Bates, democrat. The matter has been under consideration some matter has been under consideration some days. The governor and secretary of state compose the board of canvassers. Governor Taylor declares Evans elected while Secretary John Allison declares that Bates is the suc cessful contestant. Governor Taylor having announced his intention to issue a certificate to Evans, counsel for Bates this afternoon ob-tained a fiat for a temporary injunction, and service was made on Governor Taylor an hour later. This is the first attempt ever made in Tennessee to enjoin a governor from performing any official act; and when the case up on its merit, it will be watched with inter-

est. The governor has five days, under the

law, in which to answer.

est. The governor has five days, under the law, in which to answer.

The bill recites the fact that Bates was a candidate for congress from the third district in the recent election, and alleges that he received a plurality of the votes; that the governor and secretary of state are a board to canvass the votes and that on or about November 20 Governor Taylor and Searctary Allison did canvass the votes, and agreeing on the result, made out a certificate of election in due form; that the governor now claims that one H. Clay Evans, voted for at the same election, was elected, and is about to issue said Evans a certificate unless restrained therefrom. Secretary Allison has never declared or decided that Evans was elected, but decided that Bates was elected, and has never receded from that decision; that Governor Taylor has no power to issue a certificate without the unanimous approval of the beard; that its issuance would work irreparable injury by depriving Bates of his seat; that he will be put to great expense and annoyance in contesting for his seat. Therefore he prays that the governor be enjoined from giving a certificate to Evans, or to any one for him, and that on final hearing this injunction be made perpetual. Hill & Granberry, Vertres & Vertres and Albert S. Marks are solicitors for the complainant. Colonel A. S. Colyar and DeMoss & Malone will defend Governor Taylor.

The Vote of Maine. Augusta, Me., December 6.—The official vote of the state of Maine is as follows: Harrison, 73,734: Cleveland, 50,431; Fisk, 2,691; Streeter, 1,344; Scattering, 16. Total vote 128,296. Harrison's plurality, 23,253.

LASHED TO THE PUMPS.

and boldly a gift and a donation by the general government. It was fraught with danger and as a precedent would prove pernicious.

An informal recess for about five minutes was taken to enable Messrs. Caswell and Oates to canvass their respective sides and find some gentleman who desired to speak upon the measure. Mr. Caswell was unsuccessful in his search, but finally Mr. Hooker, of Mississippi, took the floor in opposition to the bill. He was not surprised, he said, that no gentleman on the other side was propared to give any reason for advocating the extraordinary proposition to take from the treasury back taxes paid by citizens and distribute them among the several states. The income tax had been repealed years ago. There were men in his section which had not paid the direct tax, who had not paid the income tax; and he raised a note of warning that if congress passed this bill, it would not be long before it would be said that in order to equalize taxation, the income tax would have to be refunded to those persons who had paid it. If congress was going to enter upon the work of equalizing taxation it ought not begin with a tax which was constitutionally levied and constitutionally collected. It ought to begin with a tax which was constitutionally and unconstitutionally laid.

TREASURY NOTES MISSING.

Treashle Exposure of the Crow of a Schooner.

BALTIMORE, December 6.—The schooner James A. Garfield, from Havana today with a cargo of phosphate rock. On board the Garfield was the crew of the schooner Albert H. Cross. abandond hower be 20 in a sinking condition in latitude 33.45, longitude 73:49. The wrecked schooner with a crew of five schooner Albert H. Cross. abandond hower be 20 in a sinking condition in latitude 33.45, longitude 73:49. The wrecked schooner with a crew of five schooner 4 for the schooner of five and to the five before no five schooner Movember 20: ha crew of five schooner 4 for the crow of the schooner 4 for the sc Terrible Exposure of the Crow of a

ILLINOIS DYNAMITERS.

A Squealer Named Bowles Tells What He Knows. Grneva, Ill., December 6.—In the trial of John H. Bauerelsen, chief of the alleged Bur-

CHICAGO, December 6.—A local paper says that the extensive preparations being made for the reception of Mrs. Lucy E. Parsons, on her return to this city from her trip abroad, are very likely to be knocked in the head by the police. Chief of Police Hubbard says: "If Mrs. Parsons or her friends think they can parade the streets of Chicago behind a brass band, as they did in London, they will find themselves greatly mistaken. There has been enough of this foolishness in times past and amarchy will never be allowed to parade the streets of this city again as long as I am chief of police."

The Baptist Congress.

The Baptist Congress.

RICHMOND, Va., December 6.—In the Baptist congress today an interesting paper on "Mahommedan Propagandism" was read by Rev. Frank S. Dobbins, of Pennsylvania, and the subject was discussed by Dr. W. C. Wilkinson, Professor Norman Fox, Dr. Albert G. Lawson and Rev. Alex. Bauen. Rev. Dr. George E. Horr read a paper on "Christian Science." It was discussed by Revs. W. E. Hatcher and Dr. T. T. Eaton, Adjourned.

Crude Petroleum as Fuel
Findlay, Ohio, December 6.—Yesterday an engine on the Toledo, Columbus and Southern railroad drew a passenger train from Toledo to this city on fuel furnished by crude petroleum. The trial was such a success that President Brown announces that he will have all his engines arranged for the use of oil and do away with coal.

Bond Offerings and Purchases. Washington, December 6.—The treasury department today accepted tenders of bonds aggregating \$808,700. Of these \$2,450 were four per cents at 125; the remainder were four and halfs at 108.

Threatening the Governor. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., December 6.—Since the conviction of Hronek, the Chicago anarchist, each mail at the capital brings threatening letters to the governor. Letters come not only from Chicago, but from cities in the east.

Perished in the Flames. BLYTH, Ont., December 6.—Michael Dwyer's house, about three miles from here, was burned this morning. Mrs. Dwyer, her daughter and three grandchildren perished in the flames.

Baker Wants. Wash Baker's death at the stockade Sunday

last is liable to end in a sensation yet.

And maybe Atlanta will have to pay for it. Emily Baker, the wife of the dead negro, has brought suit against the city for \$10,000 damages, and her attorneys, Clarke & New-man, yesterday filed the papers in the clerk's office. In the petition the complainant recites that her husband was arrested on the last day of November and that on the first of December she went to police headquarters and asked about him. There she was told, so she says, that he had not been arrested, and relying

upon that statement she went home. But there are two sides to every story. Baker was arrested on Friday and booked for a drunk. On Saturday morning he was arraigned in police court and entered a plea of guilty. He was fined \$5.25 or six days, and at 2 o'clock in the afternoon was taken to the stockade in the patrol wagor. Before Baker was carried from the stationhouse, his wife called and asked about his fine, and left saying she would return and pay it. She did not come back, and when the hour for Black Maria's roll to the stockade came around, Baker's fine was still unpaid and he was taken out. At the stockade he was ironed

was taken out. At the stockade he was ironed and put to work, but did not work more than an hour or two because the prisoners knocked off early in the evening.

On Sunday morning Mr. Chaffin, the superintendent, went to the stockade, and when the convicts came down to breakfast Baker was absent. Inquiry rovealed the fact that he claimed to be sick. Superintendent Chaffin at once telephoned to Dr. Collier, the stockade physician, but he was not at home. He then sent for another physician but could stockade physician, but he was not at home. He then sent for another physician but could not secure one. By 12 o'clock he had made four attempts to secure a physician, and failed. Later he obtained one through the city prison, but soon after the doctor reached the prison Baker died.

DEFIED THE LAW. The Desperation of a Wealthy Farmer in

The Desperation of a Wealthy Farmer in Indiana.

Louisville, Ky., December 6.—An effort was made last night to arrest Harrison Hogan, a wealthy farmer, three miles above Jefferson, ville, Indiana, on a warrant sworn out by his divorced wife. He took refuge on a flat boat in the river, where he had a barricade well stocked with arms and ammunition, and defied Deputy Sheriff Linck and Howeil. A fight ensued, Hogan using a shotgun and firing through the loopholes in his barracks. At night they went into the woods on the bank for consultation. Hogan got quietly ashore, and surprised them with shot into a clump of bushes, where they were building a fire. They took refuge behind the trees and the fight continued until Hogan got the drop on Howell, when an armistice was agreed. The officers returned to Jeffersonville, and a party of four were sent out to make the arrest. They had not succeeded at last accounts.

FROM DEATH TO JAIL. An Officer Permits a Prisoner to Witness His Wife's Death.

Springuieth, December 6.—Eighteen months ago Henry C. Laibum, a prominent business man and member of the council of this city, left his home and business to avoid arrest for a series of alleged forgeries, amounting to zeveral thousand dollars, and has been a fugitive from justice ever since. Early this week he was called home by his wife, and today while he was ministering to her, an officer arrested him. In deference to his wife's condition, Laibum was held at his home. Officer Grinly waited for his prisoner, who sat with his dying wife in his arms. When she had breathed her last, he was transferred to jail. her last, he was transferred to jail.

A FAINT-HEARTED TREASURER,

Who Got Away With the Money, But Brought It All Back. DAYTON, Ohio, December 6 .- The most senational developments are made in Greenville sational developments are made in Greenville in connection with the trial of the plunderers of the Darke county treasury. The testimony today is that ex-Treasurer Simon, who is now serving a term in the penitentiary, at one time previous to the last robbery of the vaults, had gone to Toronto, taking \$107,000, all the funds there were, but that he weakened within four days and returned with all the money, and that his friends or pals prevented exposure,

Suffering Oystermen. BALTIMORE, December 6.—Stories of brutality, suffering and consequent disablement ity, suffering and consequent disablement among oystermen are already alarmingly numerous. Within the past few days about twenty-five dredgers have been admitted to Eayview asylum (almshouse.) Those wretched men were all afflicted with one or another disease, due to exposure, ill treatment and insufficient food while at work on Chesapeake bay.

BRUSSELS, December 6.—The strike movement is increasing, and the strikers are everywhere becoming reckless. An attempt was made today to wreck a train on the Halouvierguste railway, dynamite cartridges being placed on the track. Fortunately the cartridges were discovered in time to present a diseater. An attempt to blow up a many.

Newspaper Men Eat and Drink.

Indianapolis, Ind., December 6.—A complimentary dinner was given at the new Denison hotel tonight by Judge E. S. Martindale, formerly proprietor of the Indianapolis Journal, to Hon. E. Halford, private secretary to the president elect, and to the newspaper correspondents and reporters of the city. Judge Martindale acted as teast master.

Southern Surgical Association BIRMINGHAM, Ala., December 6.—The Southern Surgical and Gynecological association, in session in this city, today elected Dr. Hunter McGuire, of Richmond, president. The next meeting of the association will be held in Nashville, Tenn., beginning the second Tuesday in November, 1889.

Death From Exposure Gaspe, Quebec, December 6.—Three men named Fournia, tather, son and nephew, left here yesterday in a small boat for their homes on Dartmouth river. This morning their dead bodies were found in the boat, which was full of water. Death resulted from exhaustion and

exposure. A Light Sentence. NORFOLK, December 6.—The trial of John T. Evans for killing Peter McLean in July last in a street row, closed today after an eight days' session. The verdict was two years in

the penitentiary. Both men were gamblers. Public opinion was so hostile to Evans that the jury was procured from Richmond. Sufeides by the Wholesale. New York, December 6.—Four men, three of them Germans and one Frenchman, attempted suicide in this city early this morning. One died instantly, and at least two of the others will certainly die.

The Ohio White Caps.

CLEVELAND, O., December 6.—The White Caps have begun operations at Lima, Ohio, where notice was served last night on the keepers of several houses of ill repute to close

up their places at once.

New Orleans Races.

New Orleans, December 6.—The weather NEW ORLEANS, December 5.—The weather today was clear and cool and track heavy.
First race, six furlongs, Wild Boy won, Stuart second, Hollywood third. Time 1.24.
Second race, five furlongs, McMurtry won, Orange Girl second, Eternity third. Time 1.08%.
Third race, five furlongs, Alastern won, \$02-erry Blossom second, Pauline third. Time 1.0%.
Fourtrace, seven furlongs, Sheryood won, Gollightly second. Alcena third. Time 1.37.

PRICE FIVE CENTS BEYOND THE ATLANTIC

EVIDENCE BEFORE THE PARNELL COMMISSION.

THE PROCEEDINGS OF PARLIAMENT. Jossip from Germany-Boulanger Says His Party will be Successful in France-John Bright Worse, Etc.

LONDON, December 6.—Upon the reassem-ling of the Parnell commission today, Patrick Molloy, who had been arrested in Dublin for refusing to obey a subpæna calling upon him to give evidence, was brought before the justices, who committed him to prison until further orders. Justice Hannen intimated that the commission proposed to take Molloy's evidence tomorrow.

A laborer named Burke was called upon to testify. He stated that at meetings at the Clonbar branch of the league, of which he was a member, it was decided that Lord Mount-morris should be done away with. A proposal to do away with Lynch was rejected. On the day of the murder, a member of the league named Sweeney asked witness to assist in the killing of Lord Mountmorris. fused. On the evening of that day another member of the league told witness that he expected Lord Mountmorris would be put away

Witness afterward promised Sweeney, Mul-roe, Walton and Murphy, all members of the roe, Walton and Murphy, all members of the league, that he might assist them in doing away with Lord Mountmorris, but he missed them. Later in the night he saw Mulroe, who had been wounded in the hand. Mulroe said that he had done away with Lord Mountmorris.

On cross-examination, witness said that he would not swear that there was a branch of the league at Clonbar before the murder. There was some kind of a branch, but it might have been a secret society, the same which witness had joined fourteen or fifteen years ago. He could not remember the name of the society. He promised that he might assist in the murder because he did not like to give a bad answer, but he could not say that his promise was owing to any oath he had taken.

The Parnell commission today decided to adjourn from the l4th instant for one month, instead of from December 7th to January 15th, as was agreed upon yesterday.

TIRED CONSERVATIVES. They Say Irish Members Are Talking Too

They Say Irlsh Members Are Talking Too Much.

London, December 6.—In the house of commons tonight, Edward Harrington asked Mr. Balfour whether there was any guarantee that persons collecting evidence in Ireland for the Parnell commission would not be interfered with by the police.

Mr. Balfour guaranteed in reply that no one would be prevented from collecting evidence.

Mr. Labouchere moved an adjournment in order to discuss the bad state of public business. It was a disgrace, he maintained, that parliament was still debating the estimates. He denied that it had been due to obstruction, for there had been none by the opposition.

Henry Chaplin, conservative, said that it was not surprising that Mr. Labouchere felt it necessary to revert to the matter of blocking public business. The real cause of the block was the fact that certain members insisted upon talking to such an extent that if all availed themselves of the same right it would render business impossible. Five members of the opposition had, within twenty-three working days of the session, made 183 speeches. Mr. Labouchere himself made forty-three speeches, and those illustrious members, Messes. Compleare and Tanner, made thirty and thirty-eight respectively. ["Hear, hear."]

Mr. Swith declared that the discussion on estimates had exceeded all previous experience and that the government would be compelled to make new arrangements in order to take up the estimates earlier in the session.

The motion was withdrawn. GOSSIP FROM GERMANY.

An Election for the Landing-The Indus-

Berlin, December 6.—An election for a member of the landtag by the sixth electoral college resulted in the success of Herr Herrfurth, minister of interior, who received 202 votes against 133 cast for Herr Schneider, liberal.

The industrial insurance bill was debated in the reichstag today. Herr Von Boetticher, minister of state, made a lengthy speech in support of the measure, and promised to carefully consider all amendments that might be made. He stated that the consummation of support of the measure, and promised to carefully consider all amendments that might be made. He stated that the consummation of the measure would afford the emperor the greatest happiness, as it would strengthen internal peace and conduce to the welfare of the empire. He expressed the hope that throughout the debate the reichstag would adopt the motto: "Love thy brethren."

motto: "Love thy brethren."

The North German Gazette denies that German officers are acting as spies in France. The paper mentions thirteen French officers who were staying in Germany on the pretenso of studying the language, and who were expelled between September 22d and November 17th, it having been discovered that their real chiest was to sain information concerning German. placed on the track. Fortunately the cartridges were discovered in time to present a disaster. An attempt to blow up a manufactory at Morwanwelz with dynamite also that the presence of French officers in Germany was not desired, and expresses the hope that in future there will be better compliance with the notification.

ITALY AND FRANCE.

The Relations Between the Two Countries The Relations Between the Two Countries Friendly.

Rome, December 6.—In the senate today General Corti asked what the intentions of the government were regarding Massowah and for information as to the relations between Italy and France. Signor Crispi, prime minister, in reply to General Corti's interrogatious said that the expedition to the Redsea was undertaken when he was not in power. Still he did not think the government would abandon Massowah; should it do so the place would be immediately occupied by another power Italy desired solely to exercise a civilizing mission, and did not aspire to conquests. In regard to the relations between France and Italy, Signor Crispi said:

rispi said:
"Our relations with France, which lately "Our relations with France, which lately were not entirely satisfactory, are now not only good but cordial and friendly. Nothing justifies the supposition that war with France is probable or near. Nevertheless, in view of the situation throughout Europe, Italy cannot dream of disarming. On the contrary, owing to her special position and her engagements, she must labor to perfect her armaments."

BOULANGER CONFIDENT

That His Party Will be Successful in the Next Election.

Next Election.

Paris. December 6.—In an interview, General Boulanger said: "The government will try to postpone the general election to October, 1889, at the risk of spoiling the exhibition by an electoral campaign, but it will make no difference. The revisionist party I represent will be returned by a large majority." He laughed at the idea of a radical coup d'etat, and said every man arrested would be elected at the general election. With reference to an alliance with the conservatives, he complained that the people failed to see that he was wearing them from their royalist leaders to the espousing of his cause—an houest republic. Their leaders per ceived this to their dismay. Therefore, the Conte de Paris was rather an ally of himself and Floquet than of Boulanger.

The chamber of deputies today approved the report of \$\psi\_0\$ committee recommending that Wilson \$\psi\_0\$ prosecuted for libel. Members of the right Growing Weaker.

London, December 6.—Bright is daily be-coming weaker. A doctor is in attendance day and night.

### THE DAY IN AUGUSTA.

THE INSTALLATION OF THE NEW

The Grand Trades Parade Tonight-The City Filling Up with People-The News of the State.

Augusta, Ga., December 6 .- [Special.]-Mayor May and the newly elected council were installed-today at noon. On taking his seat, Mayor May delivered an interesting address in which he said, among other things:

in which he said, among other things:

"We have recently passed through a most trying
ordeal. The September flood, which destroyed a
vast amount of property, and even involved the destruction of human tife, was a disaster for which we
were filly prepared. It found our people arranging were my prepared. It round our people arranging for a grand notable exposition, at a very consider-able cost to a large portion of the community, and at the same time, for the usual fail trade, and a por-tion of the city taxes still dus. Despite these things, with most commendable energy and pardonable city pride, this afflicted people went to work at once to repair their shattered property and recuperate their injured fortunes, submitting to on recuperate their injured fortunes, submitting to contra tax in the face of their serious losses, which tax was paid with most cheerful promptness. Whave been able to repair our streets, waterworks an other city property with gratifying rapidity. This with the work done by individual owners, had almost obliterated the signs of the late freshet, an extotted from the visitors to our city expressions of wonder and admiration and extra tagant praise as the remarkable recuperative qualities of the com-

Manimum and examination of the conid the indemitable pluck and energy of 
5. The canal repairs are rapidly approachetion, and in a very short time the water 
read on, the now idle factory wheels be 
died, and the unfortunate people who 
well of their means of support, be once 
osition to provide for themselves, 
surce of congratulation to us, too, that dearge number of people thrown out of emthere was no great amount of suffering, 
canades man of those willing to work. ployment, there was no great amount of suffering, not a cotemployment of those willing to work, and no disturbance of the public peac. All this, be it said to the honor of the factory working people, who proved their good clitzenship by that orderly demeasor through all their trying mistortunes, and took every opportunity to seek employment rather than remain idle and eat the bread of charity. To those needy ones who could not procure work, your honorable body and our clitzens generally contributed liberally and cheerfully, money, clothing and provisions.

The new term of Major May is in louring consecutive term, and is for three years.

Everything is on the qui vive for tomorrow night's trades, parade. The street pageant will be an imposing one. The city is filling up with people tonight, and every train comes in boaded. Tomerrow promises to be a big day at the expestion, and temorrow night's crowd

one of the largest ever seen in Augusta. Colonel Wilberforce Daniel will be the marshal of the pageant, and General M. A. Stovall, General P. M. B. Young, Hon. E. P. Howeil and Hon. Patrick Walsh will occupy the first caratrick Walsh will occupy the first car-nd review the line of March, together with the mayor and city council.

Albany-At the recent numbel pat election there was great excitement and some pretty heavy betting, which continued even while the votes were In the morning the negroes, atte being well filled up with barbeene and red liquor, formed in procession and marched to the polls, de-positing about seventy-six votes for Judge Z. I. Odom, one of the candidates for mayor. The first twenty votes cast were for his opponent, Colonel H M. McIntosh. Afterwards a small body of four negroes formed a procession with red flags and brooms, shouting for Odom. There was so much shouting and noise among the negroes favoring Judge Odom that it looked as if he certain of the election. Mounted negroes considerably intoxicated rode the streets at breakneck speed with red flags and with arms extended, shouting for their favorite candidate. It appeared as if the lord of misrule had possession of the town. The negroes had more license and made more aggressive strations than were ever before known here

In the afternoon McIntosh votes began piling in, but was thought that it would be impossible for McIntosh vote to catch up with that of Odom. With all the noise and enthusiasm there were only 467 vo'es polled, as our town is not yet metropolitar population, though considerably so in then 300 votes had been counted Odom was 36 ahead, and it was only toward the end of the count that McIntosh began to gain upon his opponent and at the wind up the vote stood: McIntosh there was great enthusiasm among the

friends of Colonel McIntosh, and the new mayor was escorted to his home with a brass band and torchlight accompaniment, where, upon his front porch, he addressed his constituents, stat-ing that he was unpledged to any man, clique or fac ion and thanking them for the honor conferred The large negro element here is greatly felt time ing elections and are becoming yearly more demon

Yesterday was sheriff's sale day and several plan tations were sold, as follows: The Keaton place of 750 acres, rich land, located seven miles below Al bany, brought \$3,160. The Duncan place, one mile further out, was bid in for \$2,000.

The Fields' place in Lee county, 980 acres, was bought by Captain R. Hobbs for \$2,400. The Lockett plantation of 4,100 acres, one of the mest plantations in southwest Georgia, was bought

finest plantations in southwest Geor by Mr. Charles Simmons for \$13,000. were all improved and the price show that land is still cheap in the neighbor.

this place, though higher in value than they were a year or two ago. tly in need of a large hotel. Our

hern vis tors are yearly increasing in number and our hotel accommodations are at present insuffi-cient to make this a winter resort, though there are many attractions to visitors from abroad. The fifth Sunday union meeting of the Mallory Baptist association will take place at Flint, Ga., this month, commencing on the 28th inst. The follow-

ing will be the programme of exercises:

Friday-10 a. m., devotional exercises-Rev. J. C.

Rass: 10:30 a. m. "What place is there of 0 a. m., "What place is there for women i Christian work?"—S. P. Parker, J. L. Underwood; 2 p. m., "What is implied in the term, Missionary Baptist," W. N. Spence, H. V. Golden, Saturday—9:30 a. m., "What is the best plan of

systematic benevolence?"—R. J. Bacon, E. B. Carroll; 11 a. m., sermon; 2 p. m., question box; 3:30

Sunday-9:30 a. m., "The need of life in the inday-school"-G. Tom West, R. L. Rachels, The Misses Stephens, of Atlanta, are visiting Miss

Ellaville .- Charles Blackmon, the murderer o Ettaville.—Charles Blackmon, the murderer of the Stonewall J. Tondee, has again been respited by the governor. It seems as if justice is hard to mete out to some criminals. Blackmon has been convicted not only according to law, but in accordance Victed not only according to law, but in accordance with the form of the law, and our people have waited patiently for justice to be meted out to this assassin. There are not two respectable white people or negroes in the county who would sign a peti-tion for his sentence to be commuted to lite impris-

onment.
Mr. B. A. Strange has sold out and will move to ew Smyrna, Fla., about the first of January.
Candidates are thick and busy. For clerk J. M. Chency and W. D. Sears are candidates, For ordi-nary, T. J. Dozier, W. C. Took and T. B. Myers, For tax collector, M. B. Dunn, R. M. Murphy and W. O. Kelley. For treasurer, P. F. Dixon and M. A.

The wounded are all improving that were in-jured in the railroad wreck on the B. V. & E. Con-ductor Singleton walked two steps yesterday, and

hopes are now entertained that he will be able to walk with the assistance of a crutch. Jonesboro .- A primary election was held in

mty for county officers yesterday which resulted as follows: Ordinary, Z. C. Fort; clerk of superior court. W.

D. H. bunson; tax collector, J. A. Christian; tras-res, E. L. Raues; sarveyor, J. J. Hartsfield; coroner, Craufordville .- Horace M. Holden, a lawyer of

this place, was appointed on yesterday, by Judge Samuel Lumpkin, receiver for Mr. N. C. Edwards, of Sharon. He was appointed upon the petition of 2. Daniel & Co., of Augusta, Ga. His liabilities are about \$9,00; assets about \$5,000. Mr. Edwards is a man of the business qualifications, and his failure is due to his stekness throughout the entire collecting season. He has been confined to his room for seven weeks. He was at the time of his failure.

as if Mr. Johns had ordered the negro to do some work, when the negro picked up a pine stick and

commenced to beat him over the head. Mrs. Johns on seeing her husband being beat by the negro, ran out, and the negro broke and fied. The reople are scouring the country for the negro, who goes by the name of George Hardman. Mr. Johns is in an inensible condition and his wounds may prove fatal.

Stone Mountain .- Robert C. Patton, eighteen years of age, and grandson of Mr. George L. Sum mey, died here yesterday morning of consumption. His remains were interred in our cemetery today.

Monroe County, - Monday morning about 4 clock Mr. Henry Wilder, residing a few miles rom this city on the Indian Springs road, was oused from sleep, when he discovered that some one was in his room. Having his pistol in con-rement reach of his bed, he shot towards the door eading out of his room. At this juncture some person made their exit from the room through a window. Mr. Wilder pursued and shot again at the fleeing party but failed to bag his game. Mr. Wilder received late Saturday evening the income from three bales of cotton, which with other funds was in his pocket. When lights were struck Mr. Wilder discovered that his pants had been taken from where they were placed on retiring the night before, and that he was minus \$196, which had been taken from his pockets. The entrance to the house was effected by Zebulon .- Griffin News: We have just received

the information from Zebulon that on last Satur

day, while Howe's circus was giving a performance in that place, a row occurred between a man who was running a gaming machine on the outside and a crowd of men who were betting on his game The men lost considerable money on the game and accused the gambler of cheating them. They also decided amongst themselves, that they would make him refurn the money he had won from them. After talking with him some time about the matter and after he had repeatedly refused to return their money, they attempted to mob him and take it away from him. Seeing the mob were determined to carry their point, and fearing violence at their hands, he called on Sheriff Howard for protection. Mr. Howard quickly responded to his cries for assistance and rushed into the crowd, drew his pistol upon them, and warded them that he would shoot the ist man who made any attempt to molest the man. He also snapped his pistol at one of the men, and, but for the interference of a bystander, who placed his thumb between the hammer and cartridge, would have undoubtedly killed him. This quieted the fuss, but the citizens were very much enraged that Howard should protect a man who was engaged in such a profession. The result of it vas that on yesterday there was held a mass meetng and another man nominated to run for sheriff. oward was nominated without any opposition a ort time ago, but he will now meet with strong tion. The circus seems to have a tough crew with them, for it was only a few days since that some of their crowd were engaged in a big row and cutting scrape at Fayetteville. It will be well for the police and citizens to be on their guard while they are here tomorrow.

Cuthbert.-The Macon and Montgomery pas er, due here yesterday at 2:45 p. m., collided with a freight at the 122 mile post. Aside from a total wreck of both engines, but little damage was done. Conductor George D. Smith was slightly wounded in the head and shoulder.

Milledgeville .- On Wednesday night the Meth dist church was crowded to its utmost capacity, the galleries were crowded and standing room was at a premium in any part of the house. Splendid addresses were made by Mr. Anderson, secretary and treasurer of the association, and by Dr. Hay-good, who dealt in the heroism of the Methodist reacher and his wifa. Dr. Haygood said in the beginning that his tongue was very sore, and that he could not talk, but before he took his seat he had delivered one of the prettiest talks heard here in many days. Just before the benediction was pro-nounced Rev. H. H. Parks requested Rev. J. R. King; of this city, to take his stand within the chancel railing, 'as the people wanted to look at him.' As he did so, Colonel Luther Jackson, in behalf of a class of young men who joined the church under Mr. King, advanced and presented him with a beautiful gold headed waiking cane Mr. King was not expecting anything of the kind, and was almost overcome with emotion at the unexpected token of esteem from those he has served

The North Georgia conference heard an interesting report of Emery college by President Candler. The orphans' home report was referred to General Evans, Dr. Cook and B. P. Creal. The bishop addressed the class of twenty received into full connection, and elected deacons. A fine sermon by Dr. Quillian, of Rome, was delivered at 3 and by Dr. Cook, of south Georgia, at 7 p. 111.

Macon .- On Sunday Essex Dean, colored, in a of jealous anger, cut his wife with a knife across e abdomen. The wound was a fearful one, and ough the gaping aperture the entrails protruded. On Wednesday she gave birth to a premature born child from the effects of the terrible cut and the shock to her nervous system. After the birth of the child she gradually weakened, and yesterday morn ing died. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict that she came to her death from the knife cut, and in their opinion it was murder. Essex fied imme-diately after the commission of the deed, and has

The negro Bryant Douglass, who was cut in the tomach by Seymour Malone at the Southern hotel, and carried to the county hospital, is reported to be a a precarious condition, and his death is expected. He was also cut so badly that the entrails protruded in the wound. Malone escaped after the cutting

d is still at large. Registration for the city election has been very heavy and the negroes have registered in large numbers and will play an important part in the contest on Saturday. The main leaders among the negroes favor the people's ticket, but the citizens' ticket will poll many colored votes. The citizens' ticket has the bulk of the political workers and wire pullers behind it. The indications are that members of both tickets will be elected. It is very improbable that cither ticket wil

go in straight. All day carriages and hacks have been traveling the town bringing voters to the city hall to register. Yesterday N. A. Gans, of the people's ticket, declined to run, and his place was supplied by the name of M. O'Hara, who is also on the citizens' ticket. It is be tensively circulated that the people's ticket is in favor of high license, and friends of the citizens' ticket are endeavoring to put the people's ticket on he side of prohibition. This is an artful dodge, for

the med of promotion. This is an attril dodge, for the people's thekt are known not to be prohibitionists, and the meeting that nominated them pledged to the people that the tickst, if elected, would not attempt to raise the liquor license or make any change whatever in the whisky status of this city. The fight on Saturday will be subbornly contested. will be stubbornly contested.

Mr. William Stevens, late roadmaster of the Cen Mr. Whiam sevens, are roadmaster of the Central indiread, and who went to Mexico to accept a position on the Mexican National railway, returned to Macon last night accompanied by his wife, and will in future reside in Georgia, as Mrs. Stevens did-not like Mexico at all. It is said that Mr. Stevens may devote himself to agriculture.

Judge Emory Speer has appointed the Hon. Alex-

ander Proudfit, a well known lawyer of this city, and Mr. Calvin Hendrick, of the firm of Hazleburst & Hendrick, civil engineers, receivers of the United States Construction company. This appointment is n accordance with the decision and decree of Inde Speer rendered a short time since requiring that all the stocks, bonds and other assets of the Savannah, Dublin and Western read, that had been transferred to the United States Construction company, should pass into the hands of receivers to await

awards.
Yesterday Ed Alley, white, a young man of un-savory reputation, was tried in Bibb superior court for burglary, but he was only convicted of larceny from the house, as the building from which he stole was not finished at the time and could not be strictly termed a residence. Ho was sentenced for

one year to the chain gang. Tom Woolfork says he is anxious for the supreme court to reach his case on the Macon circuit. He is confident of a new trial, but says he can stand the final result, no matter what it may be.

The corridors of the courthouse were packed yes-terday with witnesses in attendance on the grand jury. It was thought when the jury first assembled that there would be but little bu-iness before it, bu seven weeks. He was at the time of his fainer running, besides his store at Sharon, one at Madison, Gau, Ga.

Athers.—The marriage of Senator A. O. Harper to Miss Eugenia Long, of this city, occurred at the First Methodist church yesterday afternoon. The affair was a quiet one and only a few persons, that per is well known throughout this section as a rising young lawyer, and his bride is numbered among Athens' most accomplished young laties.

A murderous attempt was made yesterday in Johns, by a negro who was in his service. It seems as if Mr. Johns had ordered the negro to do some form of Mr. Bonjamin and first proposed the person of Mr. Benjamin forms, when the negro who was in his service. It seems as if Mr. Johns had ordered the negro to do some forms when the negro to do some forms.

ig end of The Constitution—so it is a pleasure to record in these columns that Mr. Henry is the

strived on Tuesday eventng. Some unknown thief made a raid on the larder of

Mrs. James L. Henry while she was down town to-day and stole all the provisions in the house. Rosa Chambers, the cook, is suspected as the thief. Yesterday Officer Palethorpe arrested a negro named Willie Sheppard, who has been robbing Cen-

All the members of the Macon Construction con pany expect to go down the Georgia Southern road next week as far as Tiflou on a tour of inspection. The contract has been let to build a five thousand dollar hotel at Tiflon. The Georgia Southern and the Brunswick and Western cross at Tifton, and a hotel was found to be an absolute and immediat ty, and the two roads decided to have it

Americus-John Mathews, a fifteen-year-old negro, and Dick Gunnels, an eighteen-year-old white boy, living on the place of Dr. Hart, near Friendship, got into a dispute in the absence of the proprietor, Friday night, about who was boss at that time. Gunne's had been left in charge of the place and ordered Mathews to do some chores about the premises, when the latter pompously ordered the other to perform the duty. One word brought on another until Gunnels said he would thrash Mathews. He picked up a board and told Gunnel that he would be there and that Gunnels bimself would receive the thrashing. Gunnels got a whiffletree and they went at it. He killed the negro by a well directed blow on the shank and li ut. A coroner's inquest stated that he was killed sight and the negro is under the ground.

Carsonville .- There occurred last! Saturday one of the liveliest fights that has been seen in unty for a long time. Saturday was the day for holding justice court at that place. Three lawyers, namely, West, Steed and Willis, were on hand. Everything went along smoothly for half the day when the case of Gaslin vs. Gray was reached. This was a case in which Gaslin sought to recover damage, the value of a hog, from Gray, which Gaslin alleged Gray had shot, without authority and contrary to law. Gray denied killing the hog. Evidence was introduced and argument made before a jury, and a verdict was returned in favor of the deendant. Afterward George Gaslin, the plaintiff, James Gray, father of the defendant, two of the young Gaslins, two of the young Grays, and A. M. Walker, uncle of the Gray boys, met, when old man Gaslin and old man Gray began to accuse each other of swearing to "Infernal Iles." This compliment was passed three or four times, when old man Gaslin knocked old man Gray down with a stick. Then the Gray boys, the Gaslin boys and Mack Walker all took a hand. One of the young Grays commenced firing his pistol at random and running, and one of the Gaslins pursued him with a brick. After the lawyers and everybody else but those who were immediately interested, had run off the distance of a mile, more or less, they consult ed together and finally agreed to go back and look over the field. On returning, it was found that James Gray had received a severe blow over the head with a stick, Ed. Gasim had been stabbed pretty freely a little to the left of the spine and a ttle above the waistband of his pants with a dirk and Harry Gray had received a blow with a brick on the back of his head, and blood was flowing freely. The doctor was sent for, who dressed the wounds, and pronounced some of them serious. There is bad blood in that country, and many think this is only the beginning of serious trouble. There will perhaps be several true biils found at the next

meeting of the grand jury. Grantville .- A short time ago a young man, James Prince, was married to a young lady, Miss Redding, whose father resides a few miles north of Grantville. Just before the marriage it was rumored that Prince had a living wife, whom he had deserted, and charges were preferred against him in the church of which he had become a member "by a letter." A committee was appointed to investigate the rumor on the demand of Prince. In the meanwhile the marriage was consummated and every thing moved along smoothly till a few days three, when this committee received a letter from the father-in law of Prince, revealing the fact that Prince did have a living wife and two or three children. The father of Mrs. Prince No. 2 swore out a warrant against Prince. but before the arresting officer could get sight of the muchly married Prince, he had left for parts unknown. Miss Redding, or Mrs. Prince No. 2, is a splendid young lady, and her parents are highly respected people, and the affair creates a sensation in that neighborhood. Mrs. Prince No. 1 lives in Meriwether county, and not a great distance from Mrs. Prince No. 2.

Georgetown .- Mr. J. C. Guilford, who lives four miles east of here, had his ginhouse, ten tales of cofton and the seed from forty bales destroyed by fire. Suspicion pointed to a young negro by the name of "Dude" Johnson, who confessed when he was arrested that he touched the torch. He said he was hired by another negro, who told him that if he would burn it they would get employment for several weeks, as Mr. Guilford would have the house rebuilt.

Forsyth .- On Thursday last a negro child about six years old, on the farm of Mr. L. O. Hellis, of this county, was so badly burned that it died a few hours afterwards. The child was handling. cotton near a fire, and the cotton becoming ignited communicated the flame to the clothing of the child, and owing to the absence of aid to suppress the fire, the result was as above stated.

Waynesboro. - Last Saturday night a negro, a native of South Carolina, shot and killed another egro at Munnerlyn station, ten miles below After the killing he went to his cabin, reloaded his gun and stayed inside, and friends of the dead man gathered around the house of the murderer to guard nim. No sign of escape was made until late that night, when he cooly walked out of the house, gu 1 in hand, ready to shoot, and said: "First man lays hands on me is a dead man, and my nigth one. He escaped and as yet has not been captured.

Brunswick .- The steam dredge that is to do which the government has appropriated \$15,000 for the channel and \$4,500 for Jekyl creek, arrived at Brunswick Monday. Work will be commenced at once, and it will take about four months to dredge channel and six weeks to dredge Jekyl creek When the work is completed the channel will be 1 feet deep and 120 feet wide at mean low water and Jekyl creek 7 feet deep and 80 feet wide at mean low water. The dumps will probably be carried to the south shore of Turtle river or back of the jettics.

THROUGH THE SOUTH.

Columbia, S. C .- Pierre Lorillard, the New York capitalist, accompanied by P. Lorillard, Jr., and wife, Mr. and Mrs. William Kent and Mr. T. B. ldwin, of New York, is in Charleston securing quarters in which to establish his annual southern hunting ane fishing expeditions. His yacht, the Riva, will be there today. Mr. Lorillard has given out a contract to a Charleston shipbuilder for a loating stable and kennel, in which he will trans port his shed and kennel to the various point along the coast, when he will hunt and fish. His stable will, of course, be towed by the Riva. Mr.
Lorillard will return to New York in a short time and there make up his party, who will ret Charleston early in January and open the hunting season. Their headquarters will be in Charleston, whence they will hunt and fish along the coast, naking excursions as far south as Jekyll Island and as far north as Wilmington, North Carolina.

Charleston, S. C .- A movement is on foot to form a new military company, to be named in hon-or of Adjutant General Bonham, the men to be selected from the best drilled soldiers of the city companies. The object is to represent the military of Charleston in interstate and prize drills throughout

The seven nurses sent by the city of Charleston to Jacksonville during the late epidemic, have returned to the city. Only one or two suffered from he fever during their stay in Florida. Pierre Lorillard's steam yacht, the "Riva." ar rived here yesterday morning. Mr. Lorillard, it is understood, will erect a boat house on one of the rivers, and spend the season in Charleston hunting and fishing.

Dayton, Tenn.-This little city was visited by a fire yesterday morning, which destroyed two-cettages. After the blaze had ended, some one in kicking around in the ashes, discovered the charred remains of a woman, only to headless trunk r maining. The body was finally identified as Mrs. Thomas Gann. She had attended a ball the night before with her husband, and is thought to have been murdered, as he had made threats against her, and is supposed to have fired the house to hide his crime. The coroner's jury shared the opinion, as an ax was lying near the corpse. an ax was lying near the corpse.

Raleigh, N. C .- A large meeting of the farmers Rateign, A. C.—A large meeting of the farmers alliance men from the principal tobacco producing counties in the state was held at Greensboro yesterday and today. Two hundred delegates representing about as many sub-alliances, were present. Ing about as many sub-aniances, were present. They are from the following counties: Rockingham, Ca well, Pe 501, Warren, Nash, Vance, Wake, Granville, Chatham, Orange, Alamance and Durham. Their proceedings were secret. Dr. W. A.

Merril, President T. L. Lee, of Caswell being vice-president, Z. T. Braughton, J. T. Hunter and E. G. Butier secretaries. The purpose of the meeting was to secure a reduction of the tobacco average and also to obtain better prices for leaf tobacco, and also to establish a warehouse for the sale of tobacco establish a warehouse for the sale of tobacco grown by members of the alliance. It is regarded

Montgomery, Ala .- The supreme court of Alaama yesterday rendered an important decision in the case of Jefferson county vs. Truss. The case was appealed from the Birmingham city court, and nvolved the right of the governor to annul the contract made between Jefferson county and James M. Lovelace, under which the convicts of that county were hired to Lovelace. It will be rememered that a large sensation was caused last spring by the report of cruelties practiced upon the con-victs of Jefferson. The civil authorities interferred, and after a thorough investigation had been made. vernor Seay issued an order to Sheriff Truss, o. Jefferson county, to annul the contract, which was done, and the convicts were removed from his custody. The opinion of the supreme court, custody. The opinion of the supreme custody, rendered by Judge Summerville, fully sustains the action of the governor as being authorised by law, and dismisses the bill of Jefferson county, seeking to end a Sheriff Truss from executing the governor's

The Montgomery police have made a sensational discovery. A white girl baby was found in possession of an old colored woman, who lives in the eastern portion of the city. The woman says the child was left at her house one night about two months ago by a strange white man, who gave his name as Ross, and said he was father of the child.

The man has disappeared and left the child on her hands. He has written to her several times from different points in the state, and promised to come and see about the little one, but he has not come, and the baby is in a neglected and starving condition. Tho police authorities will probably take it away from he woman, and see that it has a comfortable home with white people.

Gainesville, Fla.-The house of A. J. Tinsley, a telegraph operator, was burned last night. Everything was lost. It is supposed to have been incendiary. He was just out of bed from en attack of yellow fever.

Nashville .- A notification has been issued y Governor Taylor to Attorney General eters, of Memphis, attorney for the state, and to W. L. Clapp, counsel of Gratz Brown and other members of the St. Louis bagging trust, to appear before him Saturday, and show cause why he should not issue a requisition upon the governor of Missouri for the members of this trust recently indicted by Mr. Peters in the criminal

### RAILROAD NEWS.

A meeting of the Southern Railway and Steamship association has been called for Tuesday next. This meeting will be one of considerable importance to the people of Georgia, as it is called for the purpose of considering the matter of cotton rates The state railroad commission has issued a circular announcing the restoration of cotton rates, and the meeting is called to take action upon this matter. New Rates Announced.

Assistant Commissioner Slaughter an-ounces one and one-third first-class limited fares for the round trip for the Christmas holidays for the round trip for the Christians holiday. Tickets to be sold December 21st to 25th inclusive with final limit January 3d. 1889; and December 29th to 31st, inclusive, with final limit January 5t 1889. All tickets between competitive points to bo of iron-clad signature form, limited to continuou passage in each direction.

passage in each direction.

Excursion rates of one first-class limited fare from Ohio river points to from all points on and west of the Louisville and Nashville railroad to Waveross and return are authorized. Tickets to be sold December 4th and 18th, 1888; January 11th and 29th and February 12th and 29th, 1889, and to be of from-clad sigurary lith and 29th, 1889, and to be of from-clad sigurary in the second of the forms, limited to fifteen (15) days in each direction, with final limit sixty (60) days from date of sale.

sale.

Other rates announced are: One cent per mile to Augusta and return to becomber 15, on account of Augusta national exposition.

Four cents per mile one way to Asheville and return becomber 1 to 5, opening of Asheville electric street reline.

Same rate to Nashville, Tenn., poultry and pet stock association, December 10 to 15. To selma and return, December 27. Prize drill. To Washington, D. C., centennial celebration of Georgetown college, one and one-third fare, February 18 to 21.
To Washington, D. C. inauguration of President Harrison, February 28 to March 3, are lowest first-class limited fare for round trip.
To Albany, Ga., southern Chautauqua, March. 1889, one and one-third fare.

Cited to Appear. Every railroad in Georgia has been cited to appear before the interstate commission at Washing

appear before the interstate commission at washing ton on December 18. The notices require the roads to show their tariff classifications, etc. The behief seems to be prevalent that some of the roads have been cutting rates, and some of the boys are affected with violent cases of quaking in their boois. Now One of the Hustlers. Mr. Bert F. Blake, who has for some time past engineered the railroad column of The Con-

TTUTION, to the eminent satisfaction of proprietors and patrons, is now one of the radroad "boys." He has accepted a position in the office of Colonel Bob Mann, the veteran ticket vender.

ABOUT CAPITOL AND CUSTOMHOUSE.

Governor Gordon issued au order yesterday removing the disabilities of W. T. Bentley and Bentley was indicted for larceny after trust, at the February term, 1887, of the superior court

of Forsyth county.

He pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to the penitentiary for one year. He has served out the sentence. The petition upon which the governor acted

was signed by a number of citizens of Forsyth county. It recites that Bentley is a minor and an orphan, and that his offense consisted in receiving from a morchant a ten dollar suit of clothes, which he promised to pay for or return, by a certain time, but did neither.

Yesterday Governor Gordon appointed Mr Robert S. Payne, of Atlanta, to survey the disputed boundary line between the counties of Burke and Screven, and report to the sec

In the United States court yesterday, the case of J. L. Killian against the Richmond and Danville railroad for \$20,000 damages for personal injuries, came up for trial, but was postponed until next Wednesday. The case of H. R. Oates against the Richmond and Danville will be taken up this morning.

Collector Cronshaw stated yesterday that the plans for the enlargement of the customhouse will be received from Washington today. Sould preceded from Washington today. day. Sealed proposals for doing the work will be received on the 27th of the month.

Home for Destitute Women. A meeting of the ladies interested in the A meeting of the ladies interested in the Home for Destitute Women was held yesterday, and quite a number of applications considered. No important business was transacted. Reports were made, showing the home to be in a prosperous condition and ready to receive new inmates.

Mrs. L. B. Nelson, president of the home, presided at the meeting, Mrs. Averill secretary, and Mrs. E. P. Melburney, treasurer.

The home is situated at 153 Mangum street, a comportable structure, two stories high and containing.

ortable structure, two stories high, and containing an rooms. The ladies wish it aunounced that they are ready to receive applications from or for those in eed of charity, and also ready to receive donations with home.

POSITIVELY

Cures Dyspepsia IN ALL ITS FORMS.

SIMMONS

HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION. BILIOUSNESS.

"I was for many years a perfect martyr to Head-ache and Dyspepsia, and sometimes thought it would kill me. After trying so many remedies I began to think them of no account, until I tried Simmons Liver Regulator, and I am now and have been for fifteen years a stranger to a Headache."—B. D. Oloom, Putnam Co., Ga.

See that you got the Genuine, prepared by J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. dec 15 top col n r m or fol and rm wky

## Ringing Noises

or snapping like the report of a pistol, are caused ceived great relief and benefit from it. The by catarrh, that exceedingly disagreeable and very was very disagreeable, especially in the value mon disease. Loss of smell or hearing also causing constant disease from my need results from catarrh. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great noises in my ears, and palus in the back of blood purifier, is a peculiarly successful remedy for head. The effort to clear my head in the back of the effort to clear my head in the same results from catarrh. Hood's Sarsaparlia, the great blood purifier, is a peculiarly successful remedy for bead. The effort to clear my head in the mone catarrh, which it cures by eradicating from the by hawking and spitting was painful. Read to be catarrh, which it cures by eradicating from the blood the impurity which causes and promotes the saparilla gave me relief immediately, while is

in the head, indigestion, and general debility. I weight in gold." Mas. G. B. Gibb, 1020 concluded to try a bottle of

### Hood's Sarsaparilla

improved, and I feel like a dinerent woman.

J. B. Adams, 8 Richmond street, Newark, N. J.

"I am happy to say that my wife was cured of a very bad cough and what was called 'quick consumption,' by Hood's Sarsaparilla. She was rehealth many persons on whom these disease we health many persons on whom these disease we have a firm hold. Many unsolled testimated tored to perfect health, which she has enjoyed to have a firm hold. Many unsolicited te ever since." FRANK OTIS, Berwick, Me.

In the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, | "I used Hood's Sarsaparilla for catara, and the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, | "I used Hood's Sarsaparilla for catara, and the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, | "I used Hood's Sarsaparilla for catara, and the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, | "I used Hood's Sarsaparilla for catara, and the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, | "I used Hood's Sarsaparilla for catara, and the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, | "I used Hood's Sarsaparilla for catara, and the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, | "I used Hood's Sarsaparilla for catara, and the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, | "I used Hood's Sarsaparilla for catara, and the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, | "I used Hood's Sarsaparilla for catara, and the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, | "I used Hood's Sarsaparilla for catara, and the ears, sometimes a roaring, and the ears, I was entirely cured. I am never without medicine in my house as I think it is worth weight in gold." Mrs. G. B. Ging worth

That Tickling

and it did me so much good that I continued its use lill I had taken five bottles. My health has greatly improved, and I feel like a different woman." Mrs.

J. B. Adams, 8 Richmond street, Newark, N. J.

In your throat arises from catarrh, and ar changing a constitutional disease the ordinary cough materials and in the spot. What you need to constitutional remedy like Hood's Samuania, which, by building up the general health. prove beyond question that Hood's Sarsapada

### does postively cure catarrh. Hood's Sarsaparilla

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100 Doses One Dollar

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In general handle these two brands. Retailers find them to be fast sellers. Call for them at any Tobacco store.

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Of these famous Cigars is FIVE CENTS. They are the equal, however, of the most ten cents Cigars.

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## TO BUILDERS & RCH ITECTS, Southern Female

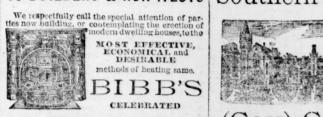
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the undersigned up to February 1st, 1889, 48
noon, for the erection and completion of a new
courthouse at Cedartown, Polk county, Ga.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the office
of W. H. Parkins, architect, Atlanta, Ga., and duplicate plans at the office of county commissioners any
time after the 15th of December.
The board reserves the right to reject any or all
bids, and do not bind themselves to accept the
J. S. MOYE, Chairman,
V. A. BREWSTER,
S. K. HOGUE,
Sun tues fri 2mos

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THE STATE'S MONEY.

AS IT BEEN WELL EXPENDED AT THE LUNATIC ASYLUM?

Mr. B

of Extravagance Freely Made in the House-The Western and Atlanti

The house made little progress on the gen-al appropriation bill yesterday Committee-The Day's Work. appropriation bill yesterday, nearly the fre session of the commitsee of the whole entire session of the lunatic asylum appropri-

Is there a misuse of the money appropriated Such was the question that entered largely nto the debate yesterday. Messrs. Arnheim and Humphries, of Brooks, declaring such to the case and Dr. Felton denying it,

The special order of the day, being a contin-nance of the general appropriation bill, the house went into a committee of the whole with Mr. Simmons, of Sunter, in the chair. The bill ras taken up and the consideration of section

The amendment of Mr. Ewing, of Floyd, to strike out \$15,000 as recommended by the committee on appropriations by the deaf and amb asylum, and insert \$17,000, was adopted. The amendment of Mr. Harrell, of Decatur, that out of this money the inmates be allowed to visit their homes once a year, was also THE LUNATIC ASYLUM.

The next paragraph of the section, providing riation for the lunatic asylum

On this paragraph there was a lively debate. Mr. Arnheim offered an amendment to sub-titute \$175,000 and supported his amendment in an extended speech upon the waste and extravagence of this asylum. He thought that if the affairs were properly managed \$175,000 was a plenty for the institution. He spoke of a trip he took at the last session with the committee on lunatic asylum. He found a number of officials who had an easy time and a cool splany. There was a most three ways to be a second splany. good salary. There was a man there who looked after the mules. He got a good salary and had an easy time. There was a nice man there who looked after the cows and occasionally hauted a load of wood; he also received good pay and did little work. Then there was an usher who showed the ladies and gentlemen through the halls—especially the ladies. Mr. Arnheim's idea was that this increase

eedless salaries. Again there was no merchandise account pt at the asylum of what they received and Since 1881, more than \$250,000 anally has been paid out by the state to these unfortunates. Money is wasted and salaries are too high. He thought that the cutting off of \$5,000 from the appropriation would not hurt the inmates, it would only cut down some

nstead of going to the inmates, was expended

official's salary, if it had any effect. Dr. Felton, as chairman of the committee which made the report, spoke in defense of the management. The committee had not yet visited the asylum, and had no knowledge of the condition of the affairs for the past two years, but themselves would visit the instituon this session, and report fully as to its The steward of the asylum, Colonel R. C. Humber, who had been recently ppointed, came before the appropriations committee and assured them that every dollar would be wisely and economically expended. He believed from what Colonel Humber said \$180,000 was the least possible amount they could get along with. Any charge against the management of the institution was an indirect reflection on Governor Gordon, and he did not think that any person would be continued in office by him, if such charges were true. The asylum officials say they want \$5,000 additional beause there have been an icrease of ninety-one inmates during the past twelve months, making the total number of inmates 1,385, Dr. Felton paid a glowing tribute to the matron of the institution. He was sorry his friend from Dougherty (Mr. Arnheim), had complained about the \$600 salary she received. He had never visited the asylum that he had not noticed the tenderness and care with which "this good lady watched over these unfortunate beings and he had nover left the institution that he did not feel an increased pride that he was a Geormittee and assured them that every dollar t feel an increased pride that he was a Geor

It costs 35 cents per capita per day and \$128 It costs 35 cents per capita per day and \$128 per capita annually to run the institution. This is shown by the report to the governor. There is an increase of ninety-one patients over last year, and this increases the expense, in round numbers, \$22 per day, and on this economical basis the increase of ninety patients requires \$11,820 over the last appropriation. Yet, the trustees ask for only \$5,000 more.

Dr. Felton was listened to with close attention throughout his speech.

Mr. Harrell, of Webster, favored cutting the Mr. Hartell, of Webster, favored cutting the appropriation down as much as possible.

Mr. Humphries, of Brooks, said there was gross extravagance in the asylum, and went farther in his charges against the institution than did Mr. Arnheim. He denounced it as a wrong and an imposition. The members who voted for the appropriation as recommended by the committee, would fail in their duties and violate their oaths to the state. They would be traiters to Georgia. Georgia had other persons to protect as well as the lunatics. He made no fight against the unfortunates, but he stood for the economical use of the people's money, and wanted the

protected in their rights.

It was shown to the special committee that visited the asylum at the last session that the principal physician labored one hour per day, or thirty hours per mouth, yet the lowest price paid for medicinal services to any of the phypaid for medicinal services to any of the highest scians was \$1,500 per annum, and the highest \$2,500. He thought the increased appropria-tions went to the officers of the institution, not to the inmates, and would favor reducing the appropriation to \$150,000. This was ample for

the support of the asylum. ALMOST A BREAK.

Mr. Davis, of Eibert, moved to adopt the report of the committee, which recommended \$180,000 for this department.

the report of the committee, which recommended \$180,000 for this department. A vote was taken on the motion, resulting clearly in the affirmative, but before the result was announced. Mr. Hill, of Meriwether. moved that the committee rise and report progress and ask leave to set again.

This notion was voted down. It was then four minutes to 1 o'clock. Soveral members suggested that under the rules, the house stood adjourned at 1 o'clock, and that if the committee did not report before that time, it could not report until tomorrow at 10 o'clock, the house being adjourned by the rules.

Mr. Patterson wanted to get the house out of this predicament, and made a motion that the committee rise. On a viva voce vote this was voted down overwheimingly, but a division was called for. Speaker Clay, seeing the disposition of the committee to remain in session and put itself in an awkward position, suggested that the committee could adjourn, and the house could extend the morning hour and then it could reconvene.

"Whom could the committee of the whole report to," he asked, "if it do not adjourn before the time for adjournment of the house arrives? Allow me to suggest that you adjourn and then have the morning hour extended."

"Let's turn the clock back," said one of the members.

"Let's turn the clock back," said one of the

members.

On a division Mr. Patterson's motion was adopted, and the committee slipped out of a prospective all day and night session.

As soon as the report was received the house adjourned.

Senate Routine.

The following bills passed the senate:
To exempt from jury duty one hundred of the blacon Volunteers.
To require the judges of the superior courts to give in charge to the grand juries, during the spring term of court, eections 68th, 4955 (a) and (c), and 4705 (a), (t) and (c) of the eode.
To authorize the mayor and council of Greenstono to order an election on the issue of bonds for the erection of school houses.
A house bill to authorize the mayor or council of Savannah to grant certain encroachments to Chatham county for court house purposes.
To amend the act regulating the manner of letting out contingent for the erection or repair of public buildings so as to exempt Walker county.
A house bill to provide for admission to the bar without examination the graduates of the law school of Emery college.
A bonse bill to authorize the mayor or council of

## Noises

sound. These Hood's Saisaparina of Caure, and to caused ceived great relief and benefit from it. The catara and very was very disagreeable, especially in the winter. asing constant discharge from my nose, things, see in my ears, and pains in the back of my head. The effort to clear my head in the by hawking and spitting was painful. Hood's & saparilla gave me relief immediately, while in tim I was entirely cured. I am never without the medicine in my house as I think it is we with catarry weight in gold." Mrs. G. B. Gree, 1029 Egget. treet, N. W., Washington, D. C.

That Tickling

continued its ase alth has greatly is a constitutional disease the ordinary cough medical through the spot. What you need is constitutional remedy like Hoods Sarsaparillal which, by building up the general health and the spot. which, by building up the general hearth and expelling the scrofulous taint which is the cause catarrh and consumption, has restored to period prove beyond question that Hood's Sarsaparille does postively cure catarrh.

## Sarsaparilla

100 Doses One Dollar

g "Useful as well as Ornamenone buying a Pair of Shoes we HANCE on a beautiful set of WALNUT FURNITURED a full line of Fine Umbrellas. for an Xmas Present.

CK BROS., 61 Peachtree.

## 'S & POTTS,

Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

GENTS FOR JOS. SCHLITZ

perfect Cigar in every way; mild, fragrant delightful. If you have never smoked one

### INGS."

brand of Cigars is made by the manufachat makes "Rabbit Foot." They are the igar on the market.

neral handle these two brands. Retailers em to be fast sellers. Call for them at any

ese famous Cigars is FIVE CENTS. They te equal, however, of the most ten cents

### IN BROS. & CO.

lanta, Ga., and Birmingham, Ala., are sole for these Cigars. If you do not keep them

## HIECIS Southern Female

CABLE 3 B'S BRATED

(Cox) College. OLIEGE OF LETTERS, SCIENCE AND ART,
Twenty one Officers; high standard of
odatship, Among the equipments are library,
iding room, museum, mounted telescope, comading room, miseum, mounted telescope, con-lete apparatus, gyninasium. Normal courses in terary and musical departments. Special In-ucements la Dressmaking, Elocution, Musican'd rt, SEVEN TEACHERS IN MUSIC. Pupila may pter an any time. MRS, I. F. COX, Pres., fri sun, tues wky LaGrange, Ga.

### Notice to Contractors.

EALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY ALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY
the undersigned up to February 1st, 1889, ab
floon, for the erection and completion of a new
courthouse at Cedartown, Polk county, Ga.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the office
of W. H. Parkins, architect, Atlanta, Ga. and duplicate plans at the office of county commissioners any
time after the 1sth of December.
The board reserves the right to reject any or all
bids, and do not bind themselves to accept the
lowest bid.

J. S. MOYE, Chairman.
V.A. BREWSTER,
S. K.-HOGUE,
Sun tues fri 2mos

Committee.

AVE YOU MONEY IN ADVERTIS-

### NG. ESTIMATES FREE. ADVERTISERS GUIDE-BOOK.

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Baltimore, Md.

THE STATE'S MONEY.

145 IT BEEN WELL EXPENDED AT THE LUNATIC ASYLUM?

es of Extravagance Freely Made in the House—The Western and Atlanti Committee—The Day's Work.

The hoase made little progress on the gen-siappropriation bill yesterday, nearly the edite session of the committee of the whole ng devoted to the lunatic asylum appropri-Is there a misuse of the money appropriated

Such was the question that entered largely he debate yesterday, Messrs. Arnhein and Humphries, of Brooks, declaring such to be the case and Dr. Felton denying it,

The special order of the day, being a contin-nance of the general appropriation bill, the se went into a committee of the whole with Mr. Simmons, of Sumter, in the chair. The bill taken up and the consideration of section The amendment of Mr. Ewing, of Floyd, to

ike out \$15,000 as recommended by the tee en appropriations by the deaf and and insert \$17,000, was adopted. ndment of Mr. Harrell, of Decatur, tout of this money the inmates be allowed

The next paragraph of the section, providing opriation for the lunatic asylum of

his puragraph there was a lively debate. theim offered an amendment to sub-75,000 and supported his amendment ce of this asylum. He thought that drs were properly managed \$175,000 enty for the institution. He spoke of took at the last session with the comon lunatic asylum. He found a num-ficials who had an easy time and a salary. There was a man there who ed after the mules. He got a good salary ad an easy time. There was a nice man e who looked after the cows and occasion lly hauted a load of wood; he also received pay and did little work. Then there was her who showed the ladies and gentlemen igh the halls-especially the ladies. Mr. mheim's idea was that this increase stead of going to the inmates, was expended

Again there was no merchandise account ept at the asylum of what they received and id for. Since 1881, more than \$250,000 anally has been paid out by the state to these fortunates. Money is wasted and salaries He thought that the cutting off \$5,000 from the appropriation would not urt the inmates, it would only cut down some ficial's salary, if it had any effect.

Dr. Felton, as chairman of the committee ich made the report, spoke in defense of management. The committee had not visited the asylum, and had no knowledge f the condition of the affairs for the past two ers, but themselves would visit the instituion this session, and report fully as to its condition. The steward of the asylum, Colonel R. C. Humber, who had been recently ointed, came before the appropriations mittee and assured them that every dollar rould be wisely and economically expended.

The believed from what Colonel Humber said \$180,000 was the least possible amount they could get along with. Any charge against the management of the institution was an indirect

could get along with. Any charge against the management of the institution was an indirect reflection on Governor Gordon, and he did not think that any person would be continued in office by him, if such charges were true. The asylum officials say they want \$5,000 additional beause there have been an \$5,000 additional beause there have been an iecrease of ninety-one inmates during the past twelve months, making the total number of inmates 1,385. Dr. Felton paid a glowing tribute to the matron of the institution. He was sorry his friend from Dougherty (Mr. Arnheim), had complained about the \$600 salary she received. He had never visited the archive that he had not poiced the tender. m that he had not noticed the tender care with which this good lady over these unfortunate beings and er left the institution that he did

It costs 35 cents per capita per day and \$128 or capita annually to run the institution.
his is shown by the report to the governor,
here is an increase of ninety-one patients
rer last year, and this increases the expense,
round numbers, \$22 per day, and on this
conomical basis the increase of ninety patients

Yet, the trustees ask for only \$5,000 more.

Dr. Felton was listened to with close attention throughout his speech.

Mr. Harrell, of Webster, favored cutting the appropriation down as much as possible.

Mr. Hunophries, of Brooks, said there was gross extravagance in the asplum, and went farther in his charges against the institution than did Mr. Arnheim. He denounced it as a wrong and an imposition. The members who voted for the appropriation as recommended by the committee, would fail their duties and violate their oaths to the state. They would be traitors to Georgia. Georgia had other persons to protect as well as the lunaties. He made no fight against the unfortunates, but he stood for the economical use of the people's money, and wanted the unfortunates, but he stood for the economical use of the people's money. and wanted the protected in their rights.

The word of the economical use of the people's money, and wanted the unfortunates, but he stood for the economical use of the people's money. It was shown to thelspecial committee that risited the asylum at the last session that the

It was shown to the special committee that ited the asylum at the last session that the neipal physician labored one hour per day, thirty hours per mouth, yet the lowest price of for medicinal services to any of the physics was \$1,500 per annum, and the highest 500. He thought the increased appropriass went to the officers of the institution, not the immates, and would favor reducing the propriation to \$150,000. This was ample for support of the asylum.

the support of the asylum.

Mr. Davis, of Elbert, moved to adopt the report of the committee, which recommended \$180,000 for this department.

A vote was taken on the motion, resulting clearly in the affirmative, but before the result was announced, Mr. Hill, of Meriwether, moved that the committee rise and report prospess and ask leave to set again.

This motion was voted down. It was then four hinutes to 1 o'clock. Several members suggested that under the rules, the house stood adjourned at 1 o'clock, and that if the committee did not report before that time, it could not report until tomorrow at 10 o'clock, the support of the asylum.

gure the judges of the superior courts to give to the grand juries, during the spring court, sections 4631, 4665 (a) and (c), and 4709 from funds turned over to the treasurer, described in other contents of the code.

To eathorize the mayor and council of Greenscore to bords an election on the issue of bonds for the creetion of school houses.

A bouse bill to authorize the mayor or council of Saraman to grant certain encroachments to Chatham county for court house purposes.

To amend the act regulating the manner of lecting our contracts for the erection or repair of public buildings so as to exempt Walker county.

A bouse bill to provide for admission to the bar without examination the graduates of the law school of Emery college.

A bouse bill to authorize the mayor or council of Mr. J. H. Mitchell, the recently elected member from Spalding county to succeed Hon.

N. M. Collins, deceased, presented himself and was sworn in.

Mr. Rawls, chairman of the committee on Mr. Rawls, chairman of the committee on

The senate, in executive session, confirmed the appointment of Hon. G. M. T. Ware as judge of the county court of Wayne county.

Mr. Venable's Bill. AN APPOINTMENT CONFIRMED.

In the senate yesterday the bill introduced by Mr. Venable in the house, to amend the charter of the city of Atlanta so as to authorize the mayor and council to condemn so much of the real estate of the Atlanta Street railroad, as is necessary to open up Edgewood avenue, was read the third time and passed.

RESOLUTIONS.

Important Bill Recommitted.

Senator Whitfield, yesterday, moved to reconsider the action of the senate taken on Tuesday, in recommitting to the committee on education the bill to provide a uniform system of text books for the schools. The bill had come before the senate from the committee on public schools, which had spent much time and labor in perfecting it. Mr. Whitfield stated that it would be unfair to take the bill many from the committee on public schools. Important Bill Recommitted. away from the committee on public schools and a reflection on the whole committee and

and a reflection on the whole committee and on Senators Bartlett and McCarty.

These senators also thought that the bill should go back to the original committe.

Senator Boyd fought the motion to reconsider. He argued that the bill properly belonged to the committee on education.

Mr. Whitfield's motion to reconsider prevailed and the hill brea recommitted to the vailed and the bill was recommitted to the committee on public schools.

Mr. Bartlett's Bill.

Mr. Bartlett's Bill.

Mr. Bartlett's bill to increase the salaries of the judges of the supreme and superior court, came up in the senate yesterday. As amended by the general judiciary committee this bill fixes the salaries of supreme court judges at \$3,550 each, and those of superior court judges at \$2,550 each. But for the absence of certain senators the bill would have been voted on. It was tabled for the present. Two Hundred Dollars a Year.

Senator Gibbs, of the twenty-eighth, introduced a bill yesterday to amend the constitu duced a bill yesterday to amend the constitu-tion so as to pay members of the legislature a salary of \$200 a year. The pay of each mem-ber at present is \$4 a day. The constitution allows them to sit forty days, and the adjourn-ed term is usually about three months long, making about one hundred and thirty days or about \$520 for the winter and summer sessions.

New House Bills.

New House Bills.

Mr. Bush of Miller—To incorporate the lown of Colquit. Corporations.

Mr. Holtzelaw of Houston—To appropriate \$1,500 for the purpose of purchasing books for the state library. General judiciary.

Mr. Simmons of Sumter—To amend an act stabilishing the agricultural department so to make a sub-department of immigration. Immigration.

Also, to incorporate the U. B. Harroid Banking company, of Americas. Banks.

Mr. Boine of Hall—To charge the time of holding he Hall county superior court. Special judiciary.

Also, to provide for the order of calling dockets in Hall county. Special judiciary.

Mr. Huey of Douglas—To amend the charter of Douglasville. Corporations

Mr. Jones of Chattooga—To incorporate the Union ratiroad and Transfer company. Corporations.

Mr. Huff of Bilb—To appropriate \$6,047.75, bal-

ions. Mr. Huff of Bibb-To appropriate \$6,047.75, bal-

Ance due the public printer. Appropriations.
Mr. Gambel of Jederson—To authorize Those Murphy to peddle in Jederson county without license. Special judiciary.
Mr. Flynt of Tallaferro—To incorporate the town of Sharon. Corporations.
Also, to relieve the tax collector of Tallaferro county. Appropriations. Appropriations.

hnsou of Crawford -To change the time of
the superior court of Crawfor county.

indicators

ary. ell of Jasper-To allow the mayor and council of Jasper to issue bonds for educational purposes. Education.

Mr. Gambel of Jefferson—To amend the charter
of Bartow. Corporations, Also, to enable the
holders of railroad mortgages to waive liens in
certain cases. General judiciary.
Also, to repeal
2910 (a) of the code. Special judiciary.
Mr. Calvin of Richmond—For the relief of the
East and West railroad of Alabama. Ways and
means. neans.

Mr. Brady of Sumier—To incorporate DeSoto, in immter county. Corporations. Also, to appropriate the money from the hire of convicts to the payment of costs in certain cases. Special judiciary.

The Western and Atlantic.

Mr. Harrell, of Decatur, is in favor of disposing the Western and Atlantic in the best possible manner, whether by lease or sale. He introduced the following resolution in the house yesterday, which was referred to the committee on Western and Atlantic railroad:

Resolved by the House of Representatives, the Secret converging. That the gaverner he and he is

ceived by June 1st. These bids, the substitute provides, shall be laid before the legislature at its summer session by the governor.

A Commissioner of Immigration.

A Commissioner of Immigration.

Mr. Simmons, of Sumter, offered an important bill in the house yesterday.

It is a bill to amend the act establishing the agricultural department and create thereby an immigration bureau.

The governor is authorized and required to

establish a bureau of immigration as a sub-department of the department of agriculture. which The bureau shall be under the control and The bureau shall be under the control and management of one person, who shall be appointed by the governor for four years, to be confirmed by the senate. The officer shall be known as commissioner of immigration, and he shall be cutified to one clerk, with his office located in Atlanta. The salary of the commissioner is placed at \$2,000 per annum, and that of a clerk at \$1,200.

gress and ask leave to set again.

This motion was voted down. It was then four hinutes to 1 o'clock. Several members suggested that under the rules, the house stood adjourned at 1 o'clock, and that if the committee tide not report until tomorrow at 10 o'clock, the house heing adjourned by the rules.

Mr. Patterson wanted to get the house out of this predicament, and made a motion that the committee rise. On a viva voce vote this was voted down overwheiningly, but a division was called for. Speaker Clay, seeing the disposition of the committee to remain in session and put itself in an awkward position, suggested that the committee could adjourn, and the house could extend the morning hour and then have the morning hour county correspondents who will report to him as to improvements and other matters as may be desired. He is required to appoint county correspondents who will report to him as to improvements and other matters as may be desired. He is required to him as to improvements and other matters as may be desired. He shall prepare and keep in his office any plats or descriptive papers, and the books shall be open to any person free of charge. The bill further provides that the committee slipsed out of a members.

On a division Mr. Patterson's motion was adepted, and the committee for one dollar recipity fee, for each tract or lot, any resources of the state. He is required to appoint county correspondents who will report to him as to improvements and other matters as may be desired. He shall prepare and keep in his office any plats or descriptive papers, and the books shall be open to any person free of charge. The bill further provides that the committee for manufacturing and other payment of the committee for sale, with the commissioner are in the calculation of the state of industrious and intelligent farmers and micehanics by every means in his power. He shall encourage On a division Mr. Patterson's motion was adepted, and the committee slipped out of a prospective all day and night session.

As soon as the report was received the house adjourned.

of wood, suitable for manufacturing and outcomers, and specimens of agricultural, mineral, and marl deposits of this state. A hand book or pamphlet shall be prepared, which will contain all necessary information as to the agricultural and horticultural products, for the state of the specimens of agricultural and bottom. minerals, forests, soils, climate, water-power Senate Routine.

The following bills passed the senate:
The recempt from jury duty one hundred of the Macon Volunteers.

To require the judges of the superior courts to give in charge to the grand juries, during the spring term of court, sections 4631, 4865 (a) and (c), and 4709

In the sum of S20,000 is appropriated under the bill for the expenses of the department term of court, sections 4631, 4865 (a) and (c), and 4709

Mr. Boyd-To memorialize congress for the e-establishment of a branch mint and assay

re-establishment of a branch mint and assay office at Dahlonega.

Mr. Strother—Requiring committees on special and local bills, in reporting same, to report as to whether there has been proper legal publication of the bills.

These resolutions went over one day, under the rules.

state of the republic, submitted a report in favor of the resolution asking our representatives in congress to use their utmost endeavors to have the internal revenue laws repealed. Mr. Snelson, of Meriwether, submitted a minority report in opposition to the resolution. Mr. Rawls moved that the consideration of the resolution be made a special order for next Wednesday. The motion was lost.

In the house, Mr. Lewis, of Hancock, offered the following:

Whereas, Hon. A. H. Stephens under the lease of the Western and Atlantic rallroad was intended as a lessee; and,

Whereas, He surrendered his interest in said lease after the execution thereof back to the state;

Therefore, be it resolved. That the committee of this house on the Western and Atlantic rallroad, be and the same is hereby requested to inquire into the title of the state to said interest so surrendered by the said Stephens to the state, and into all dividends and profits arising therefrom, and report to this house by bill or otherwise what action, if any, in necessary on the termination of said lease, to hold said lessee company bound to the state therefor.

This was referred to the committee.

A committee from the W. C. T. U. appeared before the committee on appropriations yesterday afternoon to ask for an appropriation for a home for fallen women. Miss Missouri Stokes, secretary of the W. C. T. U., presented the views of the union to the committee in a few remarks. They named no amount to be appropriated, but desired the legislature to make a sufficient appropriation for this much needed institution.

There is an impression among a number of he members that the legislature will adjourn on he 22nd. The house committee on privileges and elec-ions held a meeting yesterday afternoon to com-

house committee on privileges and elec-lions held a meeting yesterday afternoon to con-lider the case of Anthony Wilson (cofored), contest-int of the seat of Alexander Lang, the member rom camden. Owing to the absence of Mr. Lang's thorney the consideration of the case was postponed util the 17th.

There is at present only one vacancy in the house, the scat occupied by Hon. James Hunt, decreased, of Catoosa county. An election has been ordered to fill this vacancy.

Hebrew Orphan Asylum Fair closed tonight. Open on 7th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th. Everybody come.

All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$2,00 trial bot-tle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

# Come and See the Stock of General

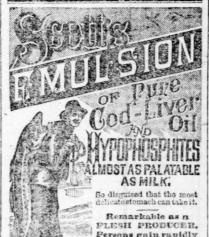
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We have the most complete and largest assort ment ever shown under one roof before. Our dis play of F.ne Plush Goods in Dressing Cases, Mani-cure and Shaving Sets, Albums, Picture Frames and

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Christmas or Birthday Present

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Remarkable as a
FLESH PRODUCER.
Persons gain rapidly
while taking it

while taking it.

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Is acknowledged by Physicians to be the FINEST and BEST preparation of its class for the relief of CONSUMPTION, SCROPTULA, GENERAL DEBILITY, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, and CURONIC COUCHS. ALL DRUGGISTS. Scott & Bowne. New York. oct16-sun fri wky top col or fol n r m

Hand Whiskey Had-his cured at home with out pain. Book of par-ticulars sent FREE. 3. WOOLLEY, M. O. D. A. Hanta, Gh., O.D. I Hope Every One Will Have an Opportunity to Try It.

Johnson City, Tenn., January 4, 1888.—Dr. B. M.

Woolley, Atlanta, Ga. My Dear Sir: I have been very negligent in this one duty. I can say that I have never varied one iota from your directions, and took your Antidote regular from first dose of Autidote. I never had the least desire or appetite for morphine, of which deadly drug I was a slave for three years previous to the above date, taking it three times daily. I was becoming such a victim to it that my life was a burthen to me, but am happy to say I am a free man today, and shall eyer be thankful to you and your Autidote, and am ready to bear witness to its virtues at any time, and will correspond with any one who may wish to make a trial of your Antidote, for it is just what you say it is, and I do trust and pray that every one who is addicted to the awful habit of morphine may have

addicted to the awful habit of morphine may have an opportunity of getting relief in the way I did. Yours with many thanks. W. S. MITCHELL. Editor and Proc. The Johnson City Enterprise.

TEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—MARKHA A. T. Mason vs. James Mason—In Fulton Superior Court, Libel for Divorce. Spring Term, 1888.—It appearing to the court from the retuen of the sheriff that the defendant above named cannot be found in said county, and it further appearing that said defendant James Mason does not res de in said state, it is, upon motion of Gartrell & Ladson, plaintiffs attorneys, ordered that service of process in said action be served up or said defendant James Mason by a publication of til-order by publishing the same in a public gazette published in said county, as provided by law. This September 22d, 1888.

GARTRELL & LADSON, Plaintiffs Attys.
Filed in office this 22d day of September, 1888.

A true and correct copy, as appears of record in this office. October 11, 1888.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C. oct 16 nov 9 19dec 7

400 bundles stove pipe iron. 1,000 heating stoves for coal, coke and wood.

6 car loads of wrought iron pipe for steam, gas and water. 300 fancy coal vases and coal hods. 200 fancy brass and bronze fenders, andirons and fire sets for Christmas presents, ornamental as well

75 tile hearths and tile facings.

as useful.

## LARGEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH

AND MUST BE SOLD. Plumbing, Gas Fitting, Steam Heating and House Warming a Specialty.

SEND FOR PRICES.

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36 and 38 Peachtree, Atlanta, Ga.

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Nothing Like it Ever Seeni n the South!

The Most Elaborate Display of Real Fine Furniture Ever Shown in Atlanta!

ELEGANT TURKISH TAPESTRY AND LEATHER SUITS AND LOUNGES. 200 PLUSH PARLOR SUITS JUST ARRANGED!

300 Lovely Chamber Suits in Cherry, Ash, Mahogany and Walnut 50 DINING SUITES, SILVER CASES, GLASS DOOR WARDROBES HAT RACKS BY THE HUNDREDS, SIDEBOARDS,

OEFICE DESKS, RATTAN AND FANCY CHAIRS, CABINETS, EASELS AND HUNDREDS OF FANCY ARTICLES THAT MUST BE SOLD. A cordial invitation to everybody to see this Most Magnifi-

cent Stock of Furniture.

MISCELLANEOUS.



DR. E. C. WEST'S NEVER ANDBRAIN TREATMENT DR. E. C. WEST'S NEVER ANDBRAIN TREATMENT is guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizzluess, Coniclusions, F. 145. Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or obacco, Waketuiness, Mental Depression, softening of the Brain, resulting in insunity and leading to misery, decay and death. Premature Old Ago, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex. Involuntary Losses and Spermaterhoa caused by overexection of the brain, self-abuse of over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment, 5.100 a box, or six boxes for \$5.00, sent by mail, prepaid on receint of price. box, of six boxes for each, sent y man, per second of price.

WE GO ARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with \$5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cura. Guarantees issued only by

JACOBS'S PHARMACY, Sole Agenta,

Marietta and Peachtree Sis., Atlanta, Gamar 25

d&wly



STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—TO the Superior Court of said county: The petition of the Fai mers' Improvement and Savines association, a corporation chartered by said court, respectfully represents that it desires an amendment to said charter, as follows: Instead of the words, 'The petitioners shall have the privilege of increasing the capital stock to any amount that they may see proper at any time not to exceed twenty thousand shares,' your petitioner desires to substitute the following:

"The petitioners shall have the privilege of increasing the capital stock to any amount that they may see proper not to exceed forly thousand shares on any one series of stock, but they shall have the privilege of issuing as many additional series of stock as they may deem proper, or as the business of the association may justify, not exceeding forty thousand shares on each series. Each series of stock shall be entirely independent of any other series, and said association shalf run until the last series issued shall have run out. Said association shall have the privilege of issuing a new series of stock whenever all the stock of a previous series shall be fully taken."

Wherefore your petitioner prays that said charter be so amended. Hall & Hall MMOND, Petitiontrs' Attorneys.

Edied in office November 28th, 1888.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

Look at This and See Us Before Buying.
Edgewood avenue corner lot, 100 feet front, small house; can be sold at a bargain.
West End 7 roo u new house, large lot, corner Gordon street, the best location in the town, \$4,000.
Crow street 5 room house, 51x200, near Capitol, \$4,000.

Crew street 6 room house, 50x150, corner lot, \$3,500.

Crew street 7 room-house, 50x150, near school, \$2,250.

Cain street 6 room house, 50x160: near Peachtree delightful location, most pleasant surroundings, \$1,10.

\$2,1.0.
50 lots 50x170 each, near the new factory of E. Van
Winkle & Co., on Western and Atlantic railroad,

So lots 30X10 each, mear the new factory of E. Van. Winkle & Co., on Western and Atlantic railroad, \$2.000.

17 lots 50X200 each, Marietic street, \$3.400.
Ellis street, near Peachtree. 7 room house on a corner; house almost new and neat and tasty; \$3.000.

550.000 acres Florida pine land, the best and cheapest in the state on the market; a great bargain in this.

Peachtree homes—Five of the best, most desirable and cheapest, \$11,000, \$13,000, \$18,000, \$20,000, \$20,000.

Peachtree lots, eleven—Located exactly right and lower than will ever be offered again; \$20 to \$275 per front foot.

Stores on Peachtree, Forsyth and Broad, \$3,000 to \$2,000.

Forsyth, corner Poplar, 50x100, the best and cheap est central vacant lot in Atlanta; \$6,700.

Mitchell street—Splendid lot 50x110, joins Elsas, May & Co., adapted to business or manufacturing, steam power can be rented low.

\$5,000 homes, viz: Church street, 8 toom house, Courtiand, 7 rooms; Plum, 20 rooms; Edgewood, 5 rooms, Whitchall, 8 rooms; Whitchall, 7 rooms; Forsyth, 8 rooms; East Hunter, 12 rooms; Merritts avenue, 8 rooms; Edgewood, 5 rooms; Richardson, 5 rooms. \$4,500 homes—Forest avenue, 10 rooms; Poplar, 10 rooms; Sandon homes—Cain street, 8 rooms; Mangam, 5, 8,000 homes—Cain street, 8 rooms; Mangam, 5, 8,000 homes—Cain street, 8 rooms; Mangam, 5

rooms; Edgewood, 8 rooms; Walker, 10 rooms; Cain, 7 rooms. 33,001 homes—Cain street, 3 rooms; Mangam, 5 rooms; Markham, 4 rooms; Walton, 8 rooms; west Peachtree, 3 rooms; Elis, 7 rooms; Fowers, 6 rooms; West End, 9 rooms; Clew street, 7 rooms; Martin, 8 rooms; Rawson, 7 rooms; Boulevard, 9 rooms; Milles, 9 rooms; Simpson, 5 rooms; Orange, 6 rooms; Spring, 4 rooms, 22,000 homes—Johnson avenue, 5 rooms; Simpson, 5 rooms; Alexander, 5 rooms; Hunter, 6 rooms; Young, 5 rooms; Manut, 6 rooms, Mills, 6 rooms; Harris, 5 rooms; Foundry, 7 rooms; Edgewood, 3 rooms; Richardson, 7 rooms; Williams, 6 rooms; Peachtree, 3 rooms.

Fooms; Richardson, 7 rooms; Vinnans, 6 rooms; Simpson, 3, rooms; Jarris, 4 rooms; Simpson, 3, rooms; Harris, 4 rooms; Anderson, 5 rooms; Lowid, rooms; Sharp, 4 rooms; Tumlin, 6 rooms; Lakander, 6 rooms; Contiland, 9 rooms; Chattahoochee 4 rooms; Eigewood, 2 rooms; Hunter, 3 rooms, Havis 6 rooms; Havis 6 rooms; Havis 6 rooms; Havis 6 rooms; Havis 5 rooms; Havis 6 r rooms; Edgewood, Hayes, 6 rooms; Haynes, 5 rooms, WEST & GOLDSMITH, 7 Pryor street.

## tore Room Wanted

Small size and first-class location, or part of room occupied by book or music business. Address tu fri su tf REFAIL, Constitution Office.



WANTED—A GOOD LIVE BUSINESS MAN with \$500 in cash as a partner in a thriving business. Address Box 50, Cedartown, Ga. 2t WANTED-TWO FIRST-CLASS, SOBER BAR-bers, at 50 Marietta street, at the Cupital

Barber Shop. To CALESMAN WANTED BY AN IMPORTING lace house in New York—a good salesman on commission for laces and curtains with a suitable party a liberal arrangement would be made. Address Whyem, 318 Church st., New York.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN OF GENTEEL APpearance and good address, for a permanent
position just vacated; applicants must furnish A 1
references. P. F. Collier, Fitten building.

WANTED—4 OR 5 GOOD RELIABLE SALES—
men to sell a specialty as a side line in the
states of Georgia, Alabama, South Carolina and
Florida; grocery salesmen preferred, Address P. O.
Box 534, Atlanta.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE-STENOGRAPHER AND BOOK-KEEPER WANTS position; owns machine; best references. Address "O," this office.

WANTED-A COMPETENT DRUG CLERK desires a situation. Egit years experience, s.ngle. Address J. R. Byington, 24 Wall st. 24
WANTED-A POSITION IN COTTON MILL. I am a weave shop section hand Can give am a weave shop section hand Can give references. Ben Kunz, Cannelton, Ind. 2t KILFUL STENOGRAPHER—THE UNDER-Signed, graduate Scott-Browne college stenog-raphy, Philadelphia, wants situation as stenog-rapher and typewriter, Address John E. Calvin, 132 Eighth street, Augusta, Ga.

GOLD BAND RING FREE SEE OUR SAM ple book of all the latest designs in visiting is and agents' terms for 24. Ohio Card Company,

A GENTS WANTED—\$75 A MONTH AND EX Penses paid any active person to sell our goods No capital required. Salary paid monthly, expenses in advance. Full particulars free. Standard Silverwere Co., Boston, Macs. BOARDERS WANTED.

ONE LARGE ROOM, WITH DRESSING ROOM on first floor, nicely furnished, first-class table private family, 30 Church street, near Peachtree. A GENTLEMAN AND SISTER FROM NORTH having taken a delightfully located house close in, will receive in family a few people of refinement; object, pleasant home circle; pariors, plane, relaxation and comforts of home; none but rattles of excellent standing are invited. Address S. S., Constitution office. POARDERS WANTED—TWO LARGE ERONT rooms, with unexcelled table board; every convenience. 22 Houston st. Satisfaction guaranteed, fri sat sun

PERMANENT AND TRANSIENT BOARD AT 25 and 28 N. Forsyth street. The best accom-

TO GIVE AWAY-A FINE LOT OF CINEDERS Southern Agricultural Works, Marietta street.

4 EOOMS; LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING; WATER, gas, and all conveniences; for reut cheap to right party. 74 Ivy street, second door from Wheat. Rooms—Furnished or Unfurnished, FOR SALE—BROSIUS MOTOR SEWING MA chine stock at a sacrifice. Address Box No 216, city.

TOR RENT-ELEGANT NEW STORE, GOOD stand for wholesale or retail. C. Cofield, Anniston, Ala. sat mon tu wed thur fri TOR RENT-STORE HOUSE WITH RESIDENCE attached, corner Whitehall and Brotherton streets. Apply to Aaron Hans, 36 Alabama street.

FOR SALE - MISCELLANEOUS

PERSONAL.

DIVORCES—A GOODRIGH ATTORNEY AT law. 124 Dearborn street, Chicago; advice free; 21 years experience; business quietly and legally transacted.

LOST.

OST-ON FOWLER STREET, NEAR TECHNOlogical school, about 50 bills, wrapped in rubber cloth. Finder will receive reward of one dollar
by returning to Journal office. BUSINESS CHANCES. WANTED—A CAPITALIST OR MERCHANT
whose financial ability justifies a business
of two hundred thousand dollars, to supply the Elbert County Altance, at Elberton, Ga. E. B. Heard,
Chaliman Trade Committee Elbert Co. Alliance,
fri sun wed fri sun wed

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, A FIRST CLASS saloon with established trade. Address Pargain, care General Delivery, Atlanta, Go. 1w MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LEND. SEVERAL THOUSAND dollars on Fulton county roal estate. Address "B. S." Constitution office.

MONEY TO LOAN-\$10,000 TO LOAN ON REAL exists. F. W. Miller & Co., 10 E. Alabama. A NY AMOUNT TO LOAN AT CURRENT RATES.
Thomas H. Willingham & Son, 4 East Alabama THOS. H. WILLINGHAM & SON ARE AGENTS
for estates and individuals who have for estates and individuals who have money to d on Atlanta real estate. We can lend any ount from \$1,000 upwards. Office, 4 East Ala-na street.

bama street.

NVE YEAR LOANS OF \$300 AND UPWARD negotiated on Atlanta real estate. C. P. N. Barker, 314 Peachtree.

LADIES' COLUMA.

PEATHERS CLEANED, CURLED AND DYED.

Also Kid gloves at Phillip's, 14 Marietra st.

REAL ESTATE. G. W. Adair—Count Forms for Sale.

25 acres, 7-room nonce, from railroad and publiced, all none enclosure and highly cultivated.

Grove set in grass, and the most charming flower carden in the country. close to acommodation depot; orchard, grass, weavatered; part in woods.

50 acres, near West End; 5 room house; all lays well on public road. Will divide to suit purchasers.

125 acres, on Peachtree creek; spiendid land; 45 acres on wet bottom; timber, etc.

3 room house, barn, stables, etc., 4½ miles out on Peachtree road. Peachtree road.

The Francis property. 50 acres on Emmett street, between Marietta and Peachtree streets; divided into blocks; nice for dairy or vegetable farms; 5 room house, and all kinds of out-buildings.

50 acres at 3 mile post, on Mason and Turner's Greenferty road.

Parties wanting outside property, in any direction from the city, call in. Conveyance always ready.

G. W. Adair.

-FOR--SIDEWALKS, CELLARS, STABLE AND BREWERY FLOORS!

Improved Felt Cement and

Gravel Roofing.

TWO AND THREE PLY READY ROOFING—
WATER PROOF BUILDING PAPERS—
MOISTURE AND VERMIN
PROOF CARP ET

53 Estimates cheerfully given upon application S. L. FOSTER & CO.,

THE FIRM OF BLOUNT & HILL, MANUFACfurers of wagons, at East Point, is this day dissolved. The interest of L. M. Hill has been sold to
S. H. Bell, and said firm will hereafter be Blount &
Bell: Blount & Bell assume all the liabilities of the
firm of Blount & Hill, and are authorized to collect
all debts due said firm of Blount & Hill, and receipt
for the same.

Dissolution.

Having bought out the business and good will of Blount & Hill, the undersigned will continue the manufacture of wagons, etc., at East Point, and soileit the continuance of the patronage heretofora extended the old firm.

BLOUNT & BELLL

Having sold my interest in the firm of Riount & Hill, I desire to commend to the public the firm of Blount & Bell. They will continue the manufacture of the celebrated White Hickory wagons, and promise to keep them (ully up to the standard that has gained for them their well merited reputation. dec7,d3t

FOOT."

ORE ERS

MANTELS. STUEVS &0 OVE CO.,

BOILERS!

Augusta, Ga.

THE CONSTITUTION.

### ATLANTA, GA., DECEMBER 7, 1888.

### A Fair Witness.

The Rev. Dr. A. D. Mayo, of Boston talks very fairly and sensibly about the relations between the two races in the south. Dr. Mayo has been traveling eight years in the southern states, and although his work is largely for the benefit of the negro, he says that he has always been kindly treated and aided by the best people. He has found, he says, that the negro is well treated by the whites. He has a voice in local affairs, and his vote is wanted. There is no more dishonesty in southern elections than in northern elections. Frequently the negroes do not vote because they are ignorant and lack organization. They desire to rise in the social scale in their own race circle, but nowhere do they aspire to social equality with the whites.

This is the way it looks to Dr. Mayo. He warns his northern friends that it would not be wise to aid the negroes in controlling affairs in the sections where they are in the majority, because seven-eighths of them are not able to read, and the whites would not submit to their domination. It is the doctor's opinion that some regions in the gulf states will be thickly settled by the blacks, as the whites are gradually leaving, and no immigrants of their race are likely to come

The testimony of this impartial witness should carry conviction. Dr. Mayo is a northern man who is devoting his entire time to educational matters, and his view of the race situation is absolutely unpartisan.

Congress, before it begins work will have to look around and prepare for adjournment.

### The Internal Revenue System.

A resolution requesting the Georgia senators and representatives in congress to use their best efforts and influence to secure the repeal of the internal revenue system, has been reported to the lower house of the legislature, and will come up in its regular

The resolution will give rise to considerable discussion in the house. Those who are opposed to the repeal of the infamous system will have a good deal to say about "free whisky," and they will urge, by employing a paradox as their argument, that if the internal revenue system is abolished the democratic party will then be unable to revise and reduce the present tariff.

Those who are in favor of the repeal will urge, the sound democratic view that excise taxes imposed in time of peaco are obnoxious to the democratic and liberty-loving spirit of this country; that the democratic party, from the time of its organization down to the recent remarkable campaign, has consistently opposed such taxes except in a case of absolute necessity.

Those who are opposed to the laws will urge that their repeal is more important than ever, especially since the republicans are about to take charge of the government. Within a very few weeks after the inauguration of the republican administration, the offices, especially those that pertain to the collection of internal revenue, will be filled by republicans who have no sympathy whatever with our people, and who may be depended on to promptly renew the cruelties and oppressions that these infamous laws make possible.

The wrongs and outrages possible under the internal revenue system have been greatly mitigated under President Cleveland's administration, but there is every reason to fear that they will be renewed as soon as the republicans return to office. What democrat in Georgia will guarantee to the people of this state that the republican federal officials will not take advantage of these laws to harrass them?

It is to be observed, and we call the attention of our legislators to the fact, that even now the republicans of the senate are opposing every effort of the democrats to modify the internal revenue laws. Last Wednesday, Senator Vance offered an amendment to the senate tariff bill removing from all internal revenue statutes all provisions fixing the minimum of penalty, and leaving the matter to the discretion of the courts. The amendment was rejected by a party vote.

Senator Vance then offered an amendment providing that no warrant shall be issued in cases of internal revenue offenses except on the affidavit of the collector, or deputy collector, or revenue agent, and that no fees shall be paid by the government unless there shall be conviction, or unless the prosecution shall have been approved by the United States district attorney. amendment was rejected, as well as all other amendments modifying the laws as to their effect on the people.

In spite of this, however, there are democrats who will defend the internal revenue laws on the ground that to repeal them would be indorsing a plank in the republican platform. Such an argument would do, perhaps, among a parcel of school boys. The democratic party never has and never will Indorse the internal revenue laws. Whenever it does it will be relegated to a state of inoccuous desuctude. The plain and simple fact is that the internal revenue laws are republican in their conception and operation. They constitute a large and important part of the infamous and undemocratic machinery that was employed after the war to harrass and oppress the people of the

As to the "free whisky" cry, that has been disposed of by the temperance people themselves, who are clamorous for the repeal of the federal whisky tax in order that both the production and sale of liquor may be brought under the control of rigid state laws. Whisky was never freer than it is now. The heavy tax is not only a premium on illicit distilling, but leads to wholesale adulterations. In every doggery in the country whisky (so-called) can be bought for five cents a drink. Was it ever any freer or cheaper than this?

As to the argument that the repeal of the internal revenue laws will operate to prevent the revision of the tariff, it can only apply to one contingency. If Mr. Watter-son, Mr. Carlisle and Mr. Mills are carrying the democratic party in the direction of free trade, then the abolition of the internal revenue system would be an obstacle in their way; but not otherwise. If they mean

what they say; if they propose to revise and reduce the tariff for the purpose of adjusting its irregularities, so that the people as well as American industries shall receive the largest benefits possible from such a system; if the democratic platforms and Mr. Cleveland's messages mean anything, then the repeal of the internal revenue system would not only not be an obstacle in the way of tariff reform, but would compel congress to provide for just such reforms as

the people and the democratic party demand. In the discussion that is certain to take place in the house over the resolution just eported, there will be found many men who, for one reason or another, will not be in favor of requesting our senators and representatives in congress to use their influence to secure a repeal of the infamous system. We have no sort of objection to that; but we do hope that no democrat will go so far as to hint or intimate that the retention of those odious laws on the statute books is a part of the democratic policy.

SENATOR SHERMAN wants Canada to drop right into our laps. But there are a good many things to arrange and a good many questions to settle before the drop

South Carolina's Township Bonds.

The decision of the South Carolina suoreme court that the bonds issued by a townhip for railroad purposes are invalid is likely to cause quite a flurry in railroad and financial circles. Speaking of this decision, the Baltimore Manufacturers' Record says: The honor and credit of South Carolina are at stake. The decision of the supreme court as to the validity of the township bonds issued to aid in the wilding of railroads will test the honor of the pec le of that state. These bonds were issued and ac epted in good faith, and unless they are reply new and valid bonds, issued either by the les interested or by the state, South Carolina wi gain an unenviable reputation that will damage her credit beyond redemption for years to come. It is not now a question of the legality of the bonds or not—that has been settled—but whether the people f the state stand ready to make good their contr It is a critical time in the history of that state, and its future reputation and prosperity depend upon how the matter is settled. Not only would South

Carolina suffer by her failure to meet this question promptly arranging to issue new and valid bond replace those declared to be illegal, but the whole of the would feel the injury. That honesty rays in the long run, even from a financial standpoint admits of no questioning, but we trust that with the eople of South Carolina no such argument is ecessary to induce them to do what their honor The Record speaks out boldly, and uses trong language, but it is not alone in its opinion. The Charleston News and Courier comes out practically on the same line, and

admits that the decision will not be confined in its effects to the particular class of securities directly involved. It urges the people not to be in haste in seeking to take advantage of the decision, and gives the following sound advice: For it must be remembered that the township ands were issued in accordance with the e people of the township, and with a full

the obligation that was believed to be in red. It would speak better for the people if the offered to make good their indebtedness, as far as practicable, in spite of its illegality. They who dealt with them in good faith, and who gave. oney's worth for the securities which are declared null, should be considered by town his and other corporations as one honest be considered by another, under similar circum-It is to be hoped that the question will be

ustly and satisfactorily settled. If the townships of South Carolina should refuse to stand up to their pledges at least six railroad lines, now already graded, and with every prospect of speedy completion, would be completely smashed. Capitalists abroad, under the circumstances, would shun southern securities, and the entire south would be injured by South Carolina's conduct. It is a duty at all times for communities to keep their promises, and just at present the solitary and almost friendless position of the south makes the duty all the more imperative in all matters involving her good faith.

PRIVATE SECRETARY 'LIJAH HALFORD has written an editorial in which he bitterly denies the statement that he is, so to speak, a profuse whistler.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND might take dvantage of the approach of the holiday season to send some more of the foreign ministers home. They would probably appreciate the courtesy.

THERE are twenty-seven thousand Ohio men who expect to hold office under the new administration.

### EDITORIAL NOTES.

QUEEN VICTORIA IS about to publish anther volume of personal memoirs. It will be a aluable work. The queen will never rest until she alls the world what kind of flannels her favorite rvant, John Brown, wore, and all about his rheu matic attacks.

A MEETING OF GENTLEMEN, more or less o ninent in the religious world, was held in New ork, the other day, to consider the matter of city vangelization. It is to be hoped that they came ome sensible and profitable conclusion. It is as ifficult to reclaim the masses in our large cities as jest convert foreign savages. The church may ot be drifting away from the city poor, but the city poor certainly are drifting away from the church. What are the evangelist going to do about it? They waste time in talkin go to well-fed, comfort-able Christians, and passing around the hat. Their roper work is among the half-starved, half-mad ad Godless denizens of the slums who in their air are ready at a moment's notice to follow he red flag of anarchy.

QUEEN NATALIE PROPOSES to get even with King Milan for divorcing her. She threatens to publish his love letters. The king has begged her t to do it, as it would be indelicate. It is rather late in the day for Milan to be so sensitive career has outraged all the proprieties from first to

THE ALENTS OF Alaska appeal to our g nument for protection from the whites. They anment about 2,000, and are able to read and write amber about 2,000, and are all reports are true, a the Russian language. If all reports are true, hey are very badly treated by the American set-

THE NEW PLAY "The Mask of Life," preented in A lanta by Mr. John A. Stevens, who is also its author, is the strongest play that has been written by any American dramasts. It is thrilling and powerful and the situations are almost startling and powerful and the situations are almost startling in intensity. Nowhere is the tone of the play sac-dificed to sensational treatment, but it ranks with the lest of Sardon's productions in quality as well as in interest. If the people understood the power of this play the theaters would not be the this play the theaters would not hold the audi-nces that would greet Mr. Stevens on his southern our. The play was first produced in Charleston, S.C., about two weeks ago, and it has made a genu-ne sensation in Savannah, Augusta and Atlanta.

THE COLORED VOTERS acted with great disretion and conservatism in the late city election. Their attitude in favor of the conservative ticket, their orderly and apparently intelligent voting an encouraging sign, the record of which we m

JOE HOWARD SAYS that Edwin Booth is not a foolish man. When the great actor was introduced into the literary circles of Boston it was one of the most painful experiences of his life.

GENERAL SHERMAN HAS published the following singular card: "I and family are now re-turned from St. Louis, having deposited the coffined body of Mrs. Sharman pear "Our Willie," at the spot chosen by ourselves in 1866, reaffirmed in 1883, and often spoken of as a matter of course between

us. We have followed in the minutest particular her every wish. Every member of my own family and hers, the 'Ewings,' are content, for no mortal was ever better prepared to 'put on immortality' than Mrs. General Sherman. Of course, being the older and subjected to harder strains. I expected to precede her, but it is ordained otherwise. In due time I will resume my place by her side, and I want my friends, especially my old soldier frien ls. to know that they shall not be taxed one cent, have made, or will make, every provision. I received by telegraph, mail, card, and every poss! ble way, hundreds of kind, sympathetic messages all of which have been read by myself and children To make suitable replies to all is simply impossible and I offer the above as a general answe:

THE FOUR DAILIES in Richmond stand two nd two for and against the tariff part of the presi dent's message.

"STANLEY IN THE NIGER," is the heading of a New York Tribune editorial. After Stanley meets some of the cannibal tribes the same heading will do with the addition of another "g."

ARE WOMEN STRONGER minded than men? A New York medical journal says: "Dr. Durand, of New Orleans, wishing to test the practical effect of mind disease, gave a hundred patients a dose of weetened water. Fifteen minutes after, entering oparently in great excitement, he announced that chad by mistake given a powerful emetic, and reparations must be made accordingly. Eighty out of the hundred patients became thoroughly ill, and exhibited the usual result of an emetic; twenty were unaffected. The curious part of it is that, with very few exceptions, the eighty 'emeticized' sub-jects were men, while the strong minded few, who were not to be caught with chaff, were wemen."

THE THANKSGIVING CUSTOM in the northern states of releasing deserving or afflicted convicts has not yet been adopted in the south. Down here Christmas is the time chosen for the exercise of such clemency.

"THE COMMUNISM OF combined wealth." is one of the notable phrases coined by Preside Cleveland. It is a very strong way of putting it.

THE FIRST PRESIDENT HARRISON WAS in-.TENNYSON IS NOW CLAIMED by the spiritual-

INTO THEIR NEW HEADQUARTERS. The Work of the Western Union Telegraph

Company. The Western Union Telegraph company ha eased for a number of years two floors of THE

CONSTITUTION building, and is now engaged, in moving into its new quarters.

The excellent management of the Western Union, in handling its business is acknowledged by the commercial public generally. The sending of President Cleveland's late message was a wonderful feat of telegraphy. The message confained 25,000 words, and was received by five operators in three hours and twenty minutes. The message was delivered free to all newspapers connected with any of the press associations.

Mr. J. E. Fenn, the electrician of the com-

pany, superintending the removal of the office is a gentleman who fully understands his business. Manager Stephens is method and regularity itself, while Dr. Murray keeps the wires in good shape at night. The office here has an excellent force of operatives.

### LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Piedmont Park Driving Club.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: There seems to be allgence and carelessness without parallel ou art of the officers of this club and park. Son hs since-a 1 mg time ago-a meeting was called, and a committee appointed to confer with the city council in regard to lie purchase of this property by the city. Long since it has been known that the city would not make the purchase. Now, why is it that nothing has been done since in the way of calling a meeting of "the club" and having etion in this important matter?

The last meeting was delayed until just the day before interest on the bonds was due, and but a

t becomes due. every shareholder in this valuable property be urge to attend, and that the matter be taken hold of an action be had in accordance with the great impo-tance of the subject. We have not a day to lose, MANY MEMBERS of the Driving Club.

### FROM OUR NOTE BOOKS.

Odds and Ends of News and Gossip Gathered by the Constitution Reporters.

The Lecture Tonight.—Tonight at the First Methodist church, the Rev. Dr. W. P. Harrison, of Nashville, will deliver his famous lecture on "The Bright Side of Things. How? Why? Why Not?" While all cultured people, business men and professional men will enjoy the doctor's lecture, the members of the legislature especially will find in it much that will deserve their thoughtful consideration. The Appendix Chamber of the consideration of the considerat tion. The Augusta Chronicle pronounces this lec-ture one of the ablest and most entertaining that has been delivered in Georgia for years. The dis-tinguished speaker will be welcomed by a crowded

Ill In Atlanta.-Hon, Pat McQuaid, chairm the executive committee of Jacksonville's relief association, arrived in the city a few days ago from St. Louis While there he ran a foul of a Missi river blizzard and the result is that he is quite sick

More Money for Jimmie. - The board of aldermen convened in regular session yesterday. The most important feature before the board was the considration of the salary list. The board concurred in the action of the council as to salaries, except that of the auditor and recorder. That salary had been fixed at \$1,800. The board thought \$1,800 too little and changed it to \$2,400.

An Old Land Mark Gone. - Dr. Thomas Harrigan, ell known among the live stock dealers in Atlanta, died yesterday morning. Dr. Harrigan was a trained veterinary surgeon, and his services were always in demand. He came to Atlanta years ago from New Haven, Conn., where he has a sister and two children.

The Fire Yesterday .- Between 2 and 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the residence of Mr. I. J. Prim. on Rawson street, was badly damaged by fire. The loss was covered by insurance.

### SOCIETY GOSSIP.

A charming reception was tendered Rev. Dr. and Mrs. A. F. Sherrid last evening at the Church of the Reedeemer. The congregation had entered heartily into the spirit of the occasion and the affair was most pleasantly arranged. Three hundred or more ladies and gentlemen were present during the evening and were introduced to Dr. and Mrs. Sherrill. Those present were received and introduced by the reception committee, composed of Mr. and Mrs. Averill, Mr. and Mrs. Rathburn, Mr. and Mrs. Corine, Mrs. Brownell and Mrs. Coul-ter. Nearly all the churches of the city were repreented, Among those present were Rev. Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Hawthorne, Rev. Dr. and Mrs. E. H. Barnett, Rev. and Mrs. McCall, Rev. Dr. and Mrs. and Mrs. William King, Dr. and Mrs J. H. Orme, Professor and Mrs. M. P. Higgins, Professor and Mrs. Gant, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lewis, Dr. Henry Huzza, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Clark, Miss Emily Byorth, Mr. and Mrs. Cassidy; Mr. and Mrs. Duncan, Mr. and Mrs. Bizzeli, Mr. and Mrs. Lovejoy, Miss Winter, Miss Dibble, Mrs. McClellan, Mr. and Mrs. Sturgis an l Professor Orion Frazier.

A beautiful tribute was paid by Mrs. Sherill to the memory of Mrs. Melvina Eddy, wife of the late pastor. This was in the placing, in the memorial windows of the state of the late pastor. low, of a beautiful wreath of roses, hyacinths and

The reception was concluded with refreshments. Dr. and Mrs. Sherrill express hearty appreciation of the welcome tendered them, and are highly pleased with their new surroundings

The german at the Kimball house last night, given in honor of visiting young ladies, was a

The musical committee of the Second Bap tist church are preparing a musical treat of no ordi-nary character for those who will attend the organ recital at the Second church on Tuesday evening, the lith its second church on Tuesday evening, the 11th inst. A programme of rare excellence be given on that occasien.

Misses Estora and Annie Stephens left yes terday for Albany, where she will spend several weeks, visiting friends.

### THE SECOND DAY

OF THE SESSION OF THE FORESTRY CONGRESS.

Number of Interesting Papers Read by General Greely and Others-The Programme for Today.

Yesterday's session of the forestry congress vas characterized by hard work.

Many interesting and instructive papers were read, and the day was one of hearty enowment to the delegates. The following new delegates had arrived: Hon. Charles H. Smith, Dr. Samuel Hape Hon. A. G. Haygood, Hon. W. J. Northen, o. Georgia; Hon. W. D. Smith, Connecticut, and

Miss Mary B. Coulston, of Penusylvania. The meetings were held in the large hall of the Young Men's Christian association. The Morning Session was called to order at 9,15 and the exercises were opened with prayer by Professor Egles-

ton.

The following invitation was read:

Augusta, Ga., November 28th, 1888.—Hon. C. R. Pringle, President National Forestry Congress: Dear Sir:—At the in tance of our mutual friend, Colonel Northen, I write to say, that a national agricultural congress will assemble at this exposition, Monday, December 10th, and remain in session several days. It will be a large and important gathering of men from different states engaged in agriculture and horticulture. It is intended to be a pracueal conference. Hon. Norman J. Colman, United States commissioner, and other men of note in the agricultural world have promised to take an active part in this congress. As your forestry convention wit meet in Atlanta, a few days prior to our convention, I desire through you to extend to that body a cordual fivilation, to come here after they have completed their own business, and take part in this great gathering of agriculturists I carnestly hope that you will be able to honor us with your presence, and your hearty co-operation. Very respectfully yours, J. W. Ryck Man, General Manager.

An invitation was read from Governor The following invitation was read:

An invitation was read from Governo Gordon, inviting the body to visit the new capitol; also an invitation was extended to visit the Spellman seminary. Several letters were read from delegates, expressing their regret at being unable to be present. All said they were present in spirit if not in person.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES. The committee on legislation, through its chairman, Prof. Egleston, reported the history of the endeavor, during the year, to secure the passage by the national congress of a bill for the protection and management of the public t mber lands. Such a bill, prepared by the forestry congress at its meeting last year, was presented to the congress at Washington at the beginning of the last session, accompanied the beginning of the last session, accompanie by a memorial in its behalf. Memorials i favor of the bill from eminent persons and as-sociations in various portions of the country were also presented to congress, praying that they would give deliberate consideration to this important interest at an early day. The bill was referred in the house of representa-ives to the committee on public lands, and in the senate to the committee on agriculture. While in the hands of these committees, the chairman of the forestry legislation committee and the secretary of the forestry congress had epeated interviews with the mer committees, urging the necessity of the passage of the bill.

But notwithstanding all this urging, the bill

failed to pass the house committee, and gained no hearing before the senate committee. Chairman Egleston said it was by no mean a pleasant report his committee was compelled

The following committee was appointed on resolutions: Colonel E. T. Ensign, Messrs. G. W. Knott, C. C. Binney, George W. Minier, R. B. Bullock, T. D. Edge, J. D. W. French, J. B. Harrison and Mrs. Ellen Call Long. REPORTS FROM STATES AND TERRITORIES.

An interesting feature was furnished by the reports from the states, and territories, which were, briefly, as fellows:

Mr. J. D. Lyman, of New Hampshire, said the forests in his state had decreased to no great extent. Sixty per cent of the state is now in forests.

Mr. J. D. W. French, of Massachusetts: This ate stands with New Hampshire in extent of er forests; has 1,380,000 of wood land, but lit-e decrease. There are 1,000,000 acres of land in the state good for nothing but tree planting; have laws for protection of forests against fires. Mr. French said that he received a \$1,000 premium on raising forest timber, from the state. Arber Day is observed. "We have exemption laws from taxation on forest lands under certain piramystrance." The effect. ands under certain circumstances. The state has a society for the promotion of all agricul-tural interests." Mr. French, in closing, ex-pressed his pleasure at being present at a union meeting between the north and the south and said that the first friendly handshake he received was from a South Carolina

lelegate.
Mr. Walter D. Smith, of Connecticut: "The question of forestry should be brought in with common school education. Children can be more easily interested and instructed than

Ider persons."
J. B. Harrison of Verment: "The area of J. B. Harrison of Vermont: "The area of forests is not decreasing as rapidly as would be supposed. There is a deterioration of soil producing land. The attention of forestry in detail is needed. Much harm done by fire."

No delegate was present from New York, but Mr. W. H. Hale, a press representative, said: "Albany was at one time one of the greatest lumbering marts in the United States. A law is in force against lumber speculation. Arbor Day is observed. The press of the state is in sympathy with the forestry interests."

is in sympathy with the forestry interests."

Thomas D. Edge, of Pennsylvania: "Many forest laws are in force, and Arbor Day is observed. The government and forestry organization are willing to act, but are in darkness as to the definite course to pursue. Mr. C. C. Binney was present, sent by the Forestry association of Pennsylvania to watch and gain incration of Peinsylvania to watch and gain information from this congress in regard to the passage of laws relative to advancing forestry. He said that the association he representing was willing to act but did not know what to do. They have been instrumental in furthering the observance of Arbor day.

District of Columbia: General A. W. Greely spoke for the United States at large Vo

District of Columbia: General A. W. Greely spoke for the United States at large. No question is of more vital interest than this. It is difficult to impress upon the people the importance of planting trees, when they are springing up around them. Few are willing to sacrifice the present for the future. The authorities in Washington should bring the importance of the subject before the people. Much can be learned from Europe on the subject. They have for years observed forestry laws.

Mr. Fernaw also made a short talk, directing his remarks to the forestry laws of Europe

ing his remarks to the forestry laws of Europe and what we could grain from them.

Mr. Nelson Tift, of Georgia, said this was Mr. Nelson Tift, of Georgia, said this was his first attendance at such an organization. The great question is how to protect and increase the woods. The use of lumber cannot be stopped, but the government can check the fires by passage of stringent laws. The government is limited in its power over the property of individuals, and so the reason of landowners must be appealed to. Around Albany, Ga., forests have been rapidly depleted. Much harm has been done by turpentine men.

Professor Glenn, of Jackson county, asked

Professor Glenn, of Jackson county, asked Professor Glenn, of Jackson county, asked and was granted permission to read a paper. The paper held that much damage was done to soil by dead leaves and underbrush, and that to get rid of this the only way was to burn.

Mrs. Ellen Call Long, of Florida, said that the state was sadly without statistics on the subject. The people are greatly behind. The turpentine and distillery have been steadily injuring the woods, but still much is left. Arbor Day is observed, but in a sentimental than business like way. Mrs. Long said she had prepared a paper in which she advocated burning, but that she was almost afraid to read it for fear of being unpopular with the secretary, a remark which called forth some hearty laughter.

hearty laughter.
Dr. Mohr said of Alabama that nothing, so for the said of Alabama that nothing, so far, has been done to preserve and reproduce the trees. The evils of forest fires are making themselves manifest, and the need of legislation is becoming apparent. The introduction of dry kilns has done good.

Richard Choate, of Minnesota: The state is not all forest; much prairie land. Forests are being so heavily cut that the read-

being so heavily cut that the need of laws is Dr. George W. Minier, of Illinois: Arbor Day is strictly observed in the state. In the large institution for worn out sailors and sol-diers, we suggested to them several years ago the plan of each planting a tree on that day. Now the day is looked forward to with interest, and every year several hundred trees are planted by them. The right sentiment is being aroused among the ladies and children. "I would as lief put an elephant to mind chickens, as to try to get most men to think about such things."

V. J. Shipman, of Iowa, thinks that the

western whirlwinds and blizzards have been checked by forests. The state has exemption taxatton laws. In 1880 the state had, owing to wise forestry laws, twice as much forests as in 1860.

Colonel W. T. Knott, of Kentucky: "The northern states are coming to us for hard woods for the manufacture of such articles as wagon tongues and staves, and the eastern states for fine woods for furniture, and with all sections thus thronging to our woods, they are

rapidly going.

Maine not being represented a paper was read from J. E. Hobbs, a member of the forestry committee of that state, where the forestry problem is engaging the attention of thoughtful men. Mr. Hobbs's paper stated that the hopeful state of things is largely due to the influence of the Boston meeting of the American congress in 1885. The Maine state grange has a membership of over 15,000 farmers. Through their influence the state established an Arbor day. As an evidence of the interest manifested in the subject a call has been issued for a state forestry convention to meet at Bangor, December 18. It promises to meet at Bangor, December 18. It promises to be one of the most notable gatherings ever held in the state.

No delegate being present from California, No delegate being present from California, Secretary Fernow read the second biennial report of the California state board of forestry. It showed that since its organization, reform was beginning to take place in forest deyastation by corporations, fires, etc. The board is paying especial attention to the protection of the great mountain water sheds. The report was voluminous, and embraced the whole operation of forestry in that state.

was voluminous, and emoraced the whole question of forestry in that state.

No other states being represented, this finished the reports from the states.

OTHER BUSINESS.

The invitation to visit the Augusta exposition, and in reply to it the following resolution was passed:

was passed:
| Resolved, That the thanks of this body are given that the Angusta exposition, and that the managers of the Augusta exposition, and that lose members who can attend the exposition are sired to do so in a body, and as representatives of C. C. Binney, of Pennsylvania, was ected temporary chairman of the congress. The other letters of invitation received were

read and accepted with thanks. An invitation was read from the Girls' High theol inviting the congress to visit the school today at noon, to witness calisthenic exercises

and tree planting by the young ladies. The and tree planting by the young ladies. The invitation was accepted.

Mr. C. C. Binney, of Pennsylvania, read a paper from the Pennsylvania board of forestry, sending greetings to the American congress.

Secretary Fernow suggested the adoption of "Forest Leaves," a Pennsylvania forestry publication, as the organ of this congress. The motion was referred to the committee on resolutions.

Colonel E. T. Sign, of Colorado, read the first paper entitled, "Advantage and Limitations of the Colorado Forestry System."

The paper said that through systematic and persistent level The paper said that through systematic and persistent local agitation of the forestry question, the Colorado State Forestry association was formed. The state provides a state for-estry commissioner, and constitutes the county commissioners and road overseers forest officers. It is the duty of these officers to guard against depredations and prevent out-break of fires as much as possible, and also to

promote and encourage the culture of forest trees. In addition to this, there are statutes trees. In addition to this, there are statutes which provide penalties for the willful or careless setting of forest fires. Arboriculture is a branch in the state agricultural college.

General A. W. Greely read an interesting paper. He stated that it was his report made, as chief of the signal service to the United States, on the "Rainfall on the Pacific Coast."

The record was made with Ell chart.

The report was made with full charts In the course of his remarks he said: The twelve states and territories cover by these charts comprise nearly one half the area of the United States, (excluding Alaska) and to the inhabitants of each and all of them the question of rainfall is one of greatest interest and importance. But apart from the practical value which these data have for the 4,000,000 of people inhabiting these districts, added the interests of the future milli altimately will settle in the so-called altimately will settle in the so-cancular ubhumid regions. Private enterprise vrought great changes in the west, but the day is fast approaching when the general gover ment will be obliged to defi ment will be obliged to define not only its general policy regarding the forests and rivers of this vast inland empire, but also pass upon the inter-state question of irriga-tion, even if it does not give direct counter ance and aid to this powerful means of in creasing a thousand fold the present value many millions of acres of unwatered 1 The chief signal officer, without desirin ary way to enhance or exaggerate the im-portance of work collected through his subordinates, cannot refrain from expressing the opinion that without such data neither can congress wisely legislate concerning the varied interests of the territories, nor can the business enterprises of indi or corporations safely and economically work outgrand results for the arid regions without

the data contained in these tables and charter on these maps."

The paper stated that erroneous impressions were dispelled by publication of these charts. In early date this section was viewed as an arid desert unfit for civilized man. The chart arid desert unit for civilized man. The charts are bringing to attention extensive areas of country in what has been known as the arid region, but which recent observation has shown the rain fall to be great enough to place this region in the subhumid districts.

"Observations over a small, compact agricultural area of South Australia, affords very reliable data as the effect of rainfall moon."

reliable data as the effect of rainfall upon an-nual wheat yields. It an ears from these ob-servations that twelve inches of rain in the six winter months produces six bushels of wheat per acre, and that for every increase of rainfall of an inch a like increase occurs in the average production of bushels of wheat per acre. The effect of the extra rain in the season over the small area of South Australia wheat lands would give an additional fee-simple value of

The importance of information as to the rainfall conditions of the arid regions is stead ily increasing, and the eastern states more of

ess decreasin ess decreasing.
"The statement put forth by the director of
the geological survey that "over twenty
nches of rainfall is necessary for the growth
the growth f forests is probably correct, and, the ons of temperature and soil being constan the extreme limit of the timber regi and differ materially from the mean rainfall line of twenty inches; but, as is well known, the timber regions have been materially reduced in area by fire. From this cause not only have these regions suffered where timber would grow freely, but the bordering line of debatable land has naturally lost all its timber; and moreover, it is most probable that the destruction of scattered and stunted bits of outlying forests has of itself tended to still more restrict the general area of the forest Forests slightly increase the mean rainfall.

Forests slightly increase the mean rainfall. The immense number of cultivated trees on the plains of Kansas and Nebraska will partly increase the rainfall. The question of irrigation in the arid regions is deemed of great importance. In the United States it assumes a greater magnitude that is usually assigned it, as it effects the future agricultural interests of a third of the area of the United States. Since it is a question that effects such a proportion of the United States, there seems to be no doubt but in the future the question of o doubt but in the future the quest state-control irrigation will be urged upon congress. This policy has lately been taken by Australia. Other countries were referred to. The greatest rise of the water of Salt Lake occurred between '62 and '70, when the quan-tity of vegetation and number of trees was most largely increasing. This connection with the question of increase in rainfall comes the problem whether forests have any effect upon rainfall. It is thought by the chief signal service officer that agricultural interests have

service officer that agricultural interests have been helped by the gradual distribution of water through the medium of forests. It is believed that the entire country will be benefited by the publication of the rain charts.

Colonel E. T. Enign read an interesting paper eniitled,

"A PLEA FOR ROCKY MOUNTAIN FORESTS."

He said that in the state of Colorado, and Montana, Idaho, Utah, Arizona and New Mexico territories, about 95,000 miles is timber land. Other vast areas are entirely destitute of forest growth. The white pine grows mostly in the warm and dry sections, grows mostly in the warm and dry sections, and when destroyed by fire it is difficult to reproduce them. This section promises to be the richest in lumbering, mining and agricultural interests. Congress has authorized the making of topographical surveys to det what lands of the mountain and plain may be reclaimed with the aid of irriga

lency, Governor and Mrs. Gordon, to an in-formal reception for last evening. It was accepted with the thanks of the congress. Senator Joseph E. Brown was invited to a seat upon the floor. On being introduced the congress, he spoke briefly. the congress, he spoke briefly, it an honor to address such as it an honor to address such an honorable body of gentleman and ladies, who had in hand such a great and noble work.

After some discussion, the meeting ad-journed.

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Mr. S. J. Rauner, of the imperial household of Russia, addressed the body, speaking principally of foresty in Europe and Asia.

"Bill Arp" read an article on trees. It will be printed in Sunday's Constitution, Dr. Mohn read an article on "Forest Landa" Professor George F. Atkinson, of Columbia, S. C., made a few clear and sensible remarks. There were brief discussions on several subjects pertaining to the work.

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The reception at the mansion was a very pleasant affair. Governor and Mrs. Gorden did the honors with the grace and cordiality which is always one of the chief charms of ecptions at the mansion, and everybody enjoyed the evening. There was a large attendance of members of the legislature and other invited guests.

Today's Programme.

The congress will be called to order in the hall of the Y. M. C. A. Other interesting papers will be read and routine business transacted. At 12 m. the body will visit the Girls'-High school to witness Arbor Day exercises by the pupils of the schools. Other places of interest will be visited. The meeting will be called to order at 7:30 p. m.

### AN EVEN THOUSAND.

The Majority for Colonel Glenn as Shown by Official Returns.

It's an even thousand. That's Colonel's Glenn's majority for mayor, and in all probability you will never see that najority given in any race again. There are some people that don't want to see

t again, and others to whom the number will long be suggestive of pleasant things. Those are the people that bet on the election. Happy the man whose bet was worded like this:
"I bet \$100 that Tom Glenn gets a thousand

najority."
And unhappy that man whose bet was injuclously worded like this:
"I'll bet Tom Glenn gets over a thousand

ajority."
It was an even thousand. The Construction soldon makes a mistake, at a slight one was made yesterday morning, the vote in the fourth ward gave Glenn 32 and Brown 334-Glenn's majority 18. These tere the figures given by the managers at the olls after the counting was all over, and made idenn's trial majority avaetic 900. denn's total majority exactly 900.

The Brown men who had taken the bets

sainst 1,000 majority—and some Glenn men, o,—were congratulating themselves upon the close shave. "I wish they would find an error of 9 some-

here and let me win by one vote.' More than one man wished it. When the votes were recounted an error of en was found in the fourth ward. Glenn's majority in the ward was 28, and in the city In half an hour there was a line in front of

the city clerk's door. They had gone to see the official returns. It was hard luck on the man that bet against a thousand majority. It would not have been so had if the majority had been 1,500, or even 1,001, but it was 1,000 "Billy" Phelps was one of those that bet against 1,000 majority, and when the result was announced yesterduy as 990 he demanded and received a fine new hat. This was the only bet he had won and he was very proad of the hat. About 4 o'clock in the afternoon the

ast remnant of a smile had faded from Billy's ace and he was wearing his same old hat. ace and he was wearing his same old hat.
The new hat was gone.
Change Brown's vote in the fourth ward
rom 34 to 324 and the table in yesterday's
ONSTITUTION is cerrect and will do to save.
The majority is 1,000 even.

Colonel Glenn Talks.

The mayor-elect was found yesterday evenng at his home on Merritt's avenue.

"Talk?" be laughed. "Why, I don't know

"Talk?" be laughed. "Why, I don't know that there is much to say. An examination of the vote will show that the conservative ticket received the support of all classes of people, and this in turn shows that the people are for peace and quiet, and the old Atlanta spirit of all-pull-together. "Now, I would like tosay something else just here. I understand that it has been charged by the friends of the other ticket that money was used yesterday to purchase votes. That is untrue. The charge is the excuse usually

made by defeated candidates and their friends, and all I need say is that beyond the cririage hire and the other legitimate expenses of a campaign there was no money used by my friends yesterday.

"Of course it's too early to say anything now. The prohibition question is to be left absolutely and entirely out of the city government. That's one thing and then another thing—its a sort of hobby of mine, is to encourage manufactories of all kind. In Birmingham and nearly all these new cities they have attracted manufactories by does they have attracted manufactories by do nations of lands and exemption from taxatien, nations of lands and exemption from taxation, but the state constitution prevents that here. Now, the idea is to make the next two years an era in the history of manufactories—a general awakening. The old Atlanta has been asleep. Let's wake up."

Mr. Brown Talks. Mr. Brown takes the result philosophically. "I fought this municipal campaign for the people's ticket," said he yesterday, "on one leading idea and issue, and that was the people against the monopolies. I felt then, and still feel, that the recent railroad combinations are great menace to the future growth and resperity of our city. I do not think it wise at the head of our railroads and municipal overnment should be virtually controlled by

ties not citizens."
What have you to say about the result?" "It will be remembered," he replied, "that asked Mr. Glenn, in my Healy hail speech, I asked Mr. Glenn, in my Healy had speech, if he was not placing money with certain agents throughout the city to be used in purchasing the election. He has never answered this charge, and yesterday's maneuvers, I think, bring conclusive evidence that money was used in the wholesale way to corrupt the ballot. I observe that THE CONSTITUTION, in remarking upon this feature of the campaign, states that there was a carriage known throughout the city as the 'pay train.' There was states that there was a carriage known invoka-out the city as the 'pay train.' There was more than one 'pay train,' as I am informed. I did not spend one cent toward purchasing or controlling votes. I wanted nothing but a clean, honest ballot. I heard a Glenn man factiously remark that Mr. Glenn ought to be mayor as the election had cost in the neighbor-hood of \$30,000, and that when the money was raid, goods, ought to be delivered. However, paid goods ought to be delivered. However, this may be I appealed to the ballot box against the monopolistic tendency of the conservative ticket and the result has been declared.

"I voted the full people's ticket with John T. Glenn for mayor and so you see I ought to be cheerful and happy. I voted for the winning man."

man."
"What issues do you consider settled by the campaign?"
"As before remarked the leading issue presented was the one against the monopolies and trusts, and surely that is a vital and living issue in America and cannot be killed by a single defeat."

"Have you anything further to say?"
"Nothing at present except to say that the campaign has been conducted on my part by stating nothing but the truth and I am sorry that the truth has hurt some people.
"Aside from all that I am very proud of the race made by the people's ticket and I cannot too heartily thank my friends for their very cornest and enthusiastic support."

### carnest and enthusiastic support. NATURE.

For the Constitution A liquid mirror, laughing rill, Goes dancing onward, never still, Through blossom covered banks until

Sandersville, Ga.

The silent river ends its trill. With birds my requium to sing, A brook the only knell to ring.

And floral offerings brought by spring.

Then Death, though victor, has no sting. -Charles J. Bayne. DICK HAWES.

THE MAN WHO IS IN THE ALABAMA

Who He Is and a Sketch of His Atlanta Career, with that of His Wife-The Charge Against Him. Dick Hawes, the man who is in jail in Bir-

mingham, charged with murdering his twelveyear-old daughter, is well known in Atlanta. So is his missing wife.

Hawes was born and reared in this city, and for years was one of the familiar faces upon the streets. He was a man of fine appearance,

and something more than fifteen years ago was among the leaders in his social circles. At that time Miss Emma Pettis was considered one of the most attractive and beautiful young ladies in the city, and as she and Hawes moved in the same circles, they were thrown together. The association resulted in a love which was followed by marriage. The couple was a hand-

some one and many were the compliments Mr. and Mrs. Hawes made their home with the bride's father, Colonel William Pettis, on East Hunter street and for years were happy. Colonel Pettis was the father of three daughters-two much younger than Mrs. Hawes, and the family was a happy one.

Hawes was one of the best engineers in the He was sober, industrious and atten tive to his wife and her sisters. Two years after the marriage he was made bappy by the birth of a daughter. The child

was extremely pretty, and several years ago was awarded one of the prizes in the baby That show was in the old city hall parkwhere the new state capitol new stands, and the picture little Mamie Hawes presented in her baby carriage is yet remembered by many.
With a good position, a handsome wife and beautiful children life was a pleasure and hap-

piness to Hawes until about two years ago. SKELETON IN THE CLOSET. About that time a skeleton appeared. Hawes was sharp as well as handsome, and something over three years ago began to sus pect his wife of improper conduct. One evening he left his home apparently to make his regular run out on the Atlanta and West Point

regular run out on the Arthropolar regular run out on the Arthropolar run out on the Arthropolar run of the Arthropolar run of the Arthropolar run of his suspicions and the next morning took his children away from the house.

But soon after he entered his residence through the window there was a terrible row. Screams were heard by citizens living blocks away and when the police who were attracted, reached the residence they found it necessary to arrest Mrs. Hawes and a young man known as Mike Cain. They were both conducted to

as Mike Cain. They were both conducted to police headquarters where cases were entered against them. The cases, however, were never fried. Cain gave a bond and skipped out.

A few days after the cases were to have been tried Hawes instituted a suit for divorce. In his bill he recited his grievances and described the wound which he had given Cain over the head with the heavy iron poker.

The suit, however, was never called. Friends of the family induced a reconciliation, and in a short time Hawes went to Montgomery with his family. He remained in the Alabama capital until a year ago, when he moved to Birmingham, taking his wife with him.

The affair which occurred in Atlanta became generally known, and it is said caused Mrs. Hawes to drink. After moving to Montgomery she conducted herself well, except as to liquor. That habit grew upon her, and it is said that it was one of the reasons which caused Hawes to move to Birmingsons which caused Hawes to move to Birmingsons. sons which caused Hawes to move to Birming-ham. In Birmingham, it is said, the woman continued to drink.

Further Details From Birmingham. The details of the tragedy have been told in The Constitution, and the following tele-gram received last night adds to what has been

printed:
BIRMINGHAM, December 6.—[Special.]—The May
Hawes murder mystery deepens today and has
become the greatest sensation in the history of the
city. The arrest of the girl's ather has night on
has arrival here with his bride of a few hours, ereated the nost intense excitement and had the dence against him been more positive, he will industry the was continued today and considerable intense that the circumstantial evidence was seemed in the the circumstantial evidence was seemed in the circumstantial evidence was seemed in the circumstantial evidence was seemed in the circumstantial evidence. ditional circumstantial evidence was secured. It believed now that the girl's mother has also be murdered and there is now strong evidence again the negro woman, Fannie Bryant, the witness will hast saw the girl alive. The Bryant woman an Mrs. Hawes were seen together at the former house on Saturday evening. Toda the house was searched and piece of a beaded cape worn by Mrs. Hawes when last seen were found covers with blood stains. Traces of blood and evidence of a struggle were found about the room. No trac of Mrs. Hawes hay et been found, and only he presence will contradict the belief that she has bee murdered by Hawes or the negro woman, Fann Bryant. Hawes is still in jedl, and seems very coand unconcerned. He says he was married te years ago to the woman known here as his wife and they have three children. He says he seeme a divorce in Atlanta last October, but has continue to live with the woman, and she cared for the children. The young lacky likwes married In Columbus, Miss, yesterday, is still in the city. She say Hawes told her he was a widower and had only on child, a boy who was with relatives in Atlanta.

Mrs. Hawes number two has sent for her father and will try to get a divorce at once if she was largely married. Hawes is a handsome man, weight seeme the girl's body was found handful of hair torn out by the roots, which is the lake near where the girl's body was found handful of hair torn out by the roots, which is the looke near where the girl's body was found handful of hair torn out by the roots, which is the looke near where the girl's body was found handful of hair torn out by the roots, which is the looke near where the girl's body was found handful of hair torn out by the roots, which is the looke near where the girl's body was found handful of hair torn out by the roots, which is the lake near where the girl's body was found handful of hair torn out by the roots, which is the looke near where the girl's body was found handful of hair torn out by the roots, which is the looke near where th

Has She Been Killed? Whether or not Hawes's wife has been killed, no one appears to know. It is generally believed, however, that she has not. I was currently rumored yesterday that she w in Atlanta—many persons believing that sh had come to the city to gain possession of h son. A careful search, however, failed to loca had come to the city to gain possession of his son. A careful search, however, failed to locate her, notwithstanding the fact that Jim Green, the well known cab driver, says that he drove her to Martin street Tuesday night. Green has been on the back stands for years and knows Mrs. Hawes quite well. He says, that she came from the main entrance of the depot Monday evening and after entering his hack said:

Drive me to Martin street." She gave the number of the house but Green says he cannot remember it. Nearly every house in the street was visited yesterday after noon but no one appeared to know anythin

about the woman.

FACTS ABOUT THE MARRIAGE.

about the woman.

FACTS ABOUT THE MARRIAGE.

Hawes may have denied his marriage, but to the records in the courthouse show that he and the woman were husband and wife.

No one who knows him in Atlanta believes that he killed his child.

The Birmingham Age-Herald of yesterday contains the following:

The authorities were at once informed and a number of officers met the Georgia Pacific train which arrives in this city at 9:40. Deputy Sherid Truss, Officers Pinkerton and Carlisle and several others boarded the train as it pulled into the carshed. A glance into the first car revealed the presence of the man they wanted, seated beside lovely woman, his bride. He walked up toward him, and when he saw them his cated beside lovely woman, his bride. He walked up toward him, and when he saw them his cated beside a lovely woman, his bride. He walked up toward him, and when he saw them his arce the table of the cast of the cast

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Pill bet Tom Glenn gets over a thousand

It was an even thousand. The Constitution seldom makes a mistake, but a slight one was made yesterday morning. The vote in the fourth ward gave Glenn 32 and Brown 32-Glenn's majority 18. These were the figures given by the managers at the bolls after the counting was all over, and made idem's total majority exactly 920.

The Brown men who had taken the bets gainst 1,000 majority—and some Glenn men, oo,—were congratulating themselves upon the close shave.

"I wish they would find an error of 9 some.

he close shave.
"I wish they would find an error of 9 somethere and let me win by one vote."
More than one man wished it.
When the votes were recounted an error of
en was found in the fourth ward. Glenn's
analority in the ward was 28, and in the city

city clerk's door. They had gone to see official returns. It was hard luck on the 1 that bet against a thousand majority. It ild not have been so bad if the majority been 1,500, or even 1,001, but it was 1,000

"Billy" Phelps was one of those that bet against 1,000 majerity, and when the result was announced yesterduy as 950 he demanded and received a fine new hat. This was the only bet he had won and he was very proud of he hat. About 4 o'clock in the afternoon the ast remnant of a smile had faded from Billy's face and he was wearing his same old hat. The new hat was gone.

Change Brown's vete in the fourth ward from 334 to 334 and the table in yesterday's Constitution is correct and will do to save.

The majority is 1,000 even.

Colonel Glenn Talks.

Colonel Glenn Talks.
The mayor-elect was found yesierday evencat his home on Merritt's avenue.
"Talk?" he laughed. "Why, I don't know "Talk 2" be laughed. "Why, I don't know that there is much to say. An examination of the vote will show that the conservative ticket received the support of all classes of people, and this in turn shows that the people are for peace and quiet, and the old Atlanta spirit of all-pull-tegether. "Now, I would like to say something else just here. I understand that it has been charged by the friends of the other ticket that money was used yesterday to purchase votes. That is untrue. The charge is the excuse usually made by defeated candidates and their friends, and all I need say is that beyond the errriage hire and the other legitimate expenses of a campaign there was no money used by my friends yesterday.

"Of course it's too early to say anything now. The prohibition question is to be left absolutely and entirely out of the city government. That's one thing and then another thing—its a sort of hobby of mine, is to encourage manufactories of all kind. In Birmingham and nearly all these new cites they have attracted manufactories by donations of lands and exemption from taxation, but the state constilution prevents that here. Now, the idea is to make the next two years

but the state constilution prevents that here. Now, the idea is to make the next two years an era in the history of manufactories—a general awakening. The old Atlanta has been asleep. Let's wake up."

Mr. Brown Talks.

Mr. Brown takes the result philosophically. "I fought this municipal campaign for the people's ticket," said he yesterday, "on one leading idea and issue, and that was the people against the monopolies. I felt then, and still ited, that the recent railroad combinations are a great menace to the future growth and

director of twenty to growth the condicensant, constant, hat have you to say about the result?"

"What issues do you consider settled by the

"What issues do you consider settled by the campaign?"

"As before remarked the leading issue presented was the one against the monopolies and trusts, and surely that is, a vital and living issue in America and cannot be killed by a single defeat."

"Have you anything further to say?"

"Aside from all that I am very proud of the race made by the people's ticket and I cannot too heartily thank my friends for their very carnest and enthusiastic support."

"ATURE.

A liquid mirror, laughing rill, Goes dancing onward, never still, Through blossom covered banks until The silent river ends its trill.

With birds my requium to sing,
A brook the only huell to ring,
And floral offerings brought by spring,
Then Death, though victor, has no sting.
—Charles J. Bayne,
andersylle, Ga.

DICK HAWES,

THE MAN WHO IS IN THE ALABAMA

Who He Is and a Sketch of His Atlanta Career, with that of His Wife-The Charge Against Him. Dick Hawes, the man who is in jail in Bir-mingham, charged with murdering his twelve-

year-old daughter, is well known in Atlanta. So is his missing wife. Hawes was born and reared in this city, and for years was one of the familiar faces upon the streets. He was a man of fine appearance,

through a window Then he secured a confirmation of his suspicions and the next morning took his children away from the house.

But soon after he entered his residence through the window there was a terrible row. Screams were heard by citizens living blocks away and when the police who were attracted, reached the residence they found it necessary to arrest Mrs. Hawes and a young man known as Mike Cain. They were both conducted to police headquarters where cases were entered against them. The cases, however, were never tried. Cain gave a bond and skipped out.

A SUIT FOR DIVORCE.

A few days after the cases were to have been tried Hawes instituted a sait for divorce. In his bill he recited his grievances and described the wound which he had given Cain over the head with the heavy iron poker.

The suit, however, was never called. Friends of the family induced a reconciliation, and in a short time Hawes went to Montgomery with his family. He remained in the Alabama capital until a year ago, when he moved to Birmingham, taking his wife with him.

The affair which occurred in Atlanta became generally known, and it is said caused Mrs. Hawes to drink. After moving to Montgomery she conducted herself well, except as to liquor. That habit grew upon her, and it is said that it was one of the reasons which caused Hawes to move to Birmingham. The details of the tragedy have been told

Further Details From Birmingham. The details of the tragedy have been told in The Constitution, and the following telegram received last night adds to what has been

printed:
BERMINGHAM, December 6.—[Special.]—The May Hawes murder mystery deepens today and has become the greatest sensation in the history of the city. The arrest of the girl's tather last night on his arrival here with his bride of a few hours, created the most intense excitement and had the evidence against him been more positive, he would undoubledly have been mobbed. The corporer's inquest was continued today and considerable additional circumstantial evidence was secured. It is believed now that the girl's mother has also been murdered and there is now strong evidence against inquest was continued today and considerable additional circumstantial evidence was secured. It is believed now that the girls mother has also been murdered and there is now strong evidence against the negro woman, Fannie Bryant, the witness who last saw the girl alive. The Bryant woman and Mis Hawes were seen together at the former's house on Saturday evening. Today the house was searched and pieces of a beaded cape worn by Mrs. Hawes when last seen were found covered with blood stains. Traces of blood and evidences of a struggle were found about the room. No trace of Mrs. Hawes hay to been found, and only her presence will contradict the belief that she has been murdered by Hawes or the negro woman, Fanny Bryant. Hawes is still in jail, and seems very cool and unconcerned. Ho says he was married ten years ago to the woman known here as his wife, and they have three children. He says he secured a divorce in Atlanta last October, but has continued to live with the woman, and she cared for the children. The young la ly Hawes married in Coumbus, Miss, yesterday, is still in the city. She says Hawes fold her he was a widower and had only one child, a boy who was with relatives in Atlanta.

Mrs. Hawes humber two has sent for her father and will try to get a divorce at once if she was legally married. Hawes is a handsome man, well dressed, and very intelligent. He denies everything, and is perfectly cool, exhibiting not the least emotion when he looked on the face of his dead child today. Detectives found today on the bank of the lake near-where the girl's body was found a handful of hair torn out by the roots, which is the color and length of the hair of Mrs. Hawes unmberone, the missing woman. The negro woman, Fanny Bryant, who is clearly implicated in the afair in some way, refuses to talk today. She is still in jail, but declines to make any statement to any one. Several hundred dollars have been subscribed by the citizels to continue the nees the subscribed by the citizels to continue the nees the subscribed by

Has She Been Killed? Whether or not Hawes's wife has been killed, no one appears to know. It is generally believed, however, that she has not. It was currently rumored yesterday that she was in Atlanta—many persons believing that she had come to the city to gain possession of his son. A careful search, however, failed to locate her, notwithstanding the fact that Jim Green, the well known cab driver, says that he drove her to Martin street Tuesday night. Green has been on the hack stands for years and knows Mrs. Hawes quite well. He says that she came from the main entrance of the depot Monday evening and after entering his hack said:

"Drive me to Martin street." "Drive me to Martin street."
She gave the number of the house but Green
says he cannot remember it. Nearly every
house in the street was visited yesterday afternoon but no one appeared to know anything
about the woman.

FACTS ABOUT THE MARRIAGE. Hawes may have denied his murriage, but to the records in the courthouse show that he and the woman were husband and wife. No one who knows him in Atlanta believes that he killed his child.

No one who knows him in Atlanta believes that he killed his child.

The Birmingham Age-Herald of yesterday contains the following:

The authorities were at once informed and a number of officers met the Georgia Pacific train which arrives in this city at 9:40. Deputy Sheriff Trus, Others Pinkerton and carlisle and several others boarded the train as it publed into the carbied. A glance into the first car revealed the presence of the man they wanted, scated beside a lovely woman, his bride. He walked up toward him, and when he saw them his countenance, so they say, fell. Capatal Truss approached him and stated that he held a warrant for his arrest, the charge of which was the murder of his child and without any ado the man surrendered himself, turned his new wife over to the care of an acquaintance and went out under the custody of the officers. The reporter met him at the car door and walked by his side to the prison. He was exceedingly well dressed and was renned in appearance. If wore a fight a rown overcost, a neat soit of black clothes and a white satin cravat. His dress was very sugaestive of that of a bridegroom, He asked no questions as to which of his children he was accused of having murdered, nor did he express any desire to see the remains. About all that he said on the way up to the jail was that he was innocent. On the way up to the jail the man was followed by an amy of curious case, intent upon seeing what manner of man he was findered in the man was followed by an amy of curious case, intent upon seeing what manner of man he was buring all this he was perfectly tranqu'il, and betrayed no emotion of any character.

On arriving at the jail several officials and an

Age Herald reporter were allowed admittance. When asked if he had any defense to make, the prisoner said that he was prepared to answer any questions that might be put to him.

"You know, sir, I suppose," said the reporter, "the charge on which you are arrested?"

"Yes, for murder, I believe, It is stated that I have killed one of my children."

"It is your daughter Mamie," suggested the reporter.

orter.
"May you mean, I suppose?" suggested the man deliberately. "She is the one then?"
As calmly and deliberately as ever a man conversed, thaves then made the following replies in answer to questions put to him:

HAWER' STATEMENT.

"I saw May last, I think, on Saturday night, at the house on Twenty-second street, near the ball park. I brought my boy to the car that evening and sent So is his missing wife.

Hawes was born and reared in this city, and for years was one of the familiar faces upon the streets. He was a man of fine appearance and something more than fifteen years ago was among the leaders in his city and selve and secondary of the secondary of

Colonel William Pettis, the father of Mrs. Hawes, was at one time a prominent figure in many friends. He was once connected with the Western and Atlantic railroad.

Do you suffer with catarrh? You can be cured if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. Sold by all druggists. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

Go and hear Dr. Harrison at First Methodt church tonight, at 7:30 o'clock, in his lecture or The Bright Side of Things."
ED. J. ABRAMS, representing Lewis Morrison's "Faust," and C. O. Tennis, representing "The Two Old Cronics," are in the city.

C. J. DANIEL, 42 Marietta street, wall paper, Mr. GEORGE G. DALLAND, organist of the First Baptist church of Elizabeth, N. J. will on next Tuesday evening give an organ recital at the Second church on Wa hington street. Mr. Dalland has studied the organ under the celebrated organ ist and composer, Dudley Buck. Music of a high order may be looked for. For twenty days in succession Sharp &

ew styles to arrive this week. Mail orders for plush cases receive my personal attention. All goods except the \$5.00 silver set will be express paid. Cash must come with the order. Foot's plush case depot, 84 Whitehall st. tf THE friends of Dr. F. P. H. Akers will be pained to learn that he is confined to his home very sick with typhoid fever.

That invaluable liniment Salvation Oil can be bought for twenty-five cents a bottle.

Hebrew Orphan Asylum Fair closed tonight. Open on 7th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th. Everybody come.

14 Lots for \$4,000 This Week.

Each lot averages over 50x100 feet, and they are
200 feet from Whitehall street car line. This is
ready a bargain. Sam'l W. Goode & Co.

Dr. Cheney's Croup Remedy cured my son a of most severe ease of membraneous croup, after we had given up all hopes of the child's recovery. Since then we keep Cheney's Croup Remedy constantly at hand, and recommend it to our neighbors.

W. A. LANSDEL, Druggist, no 2.

Atlanta, Ga.

Opera Glasses
in smoked pearl, oriental pearl, and aluminium
cases, monehoir cases, lorguettes; gold speciacles
and eye glasses; plush cases, etc., at Hawkes's
wholesale and retail optical depot, 19 Decatur st.,
under Kimball house.

In a few weeks I will go to Panama, Central America. Would be able to be of use in a financial and commercial way. For particulars address Mutual, Indian Spring, Butts county, Ga.

LAMP CHIMNEYS.



This is the Top of the GENUINE Pearl Top Lamp Chimney. Allothers, similar are imitation.



GEO. A. MAGBETH & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Fo reale by DORBS & WEY, Atlanta, Ga.



Wholesale by H. A. Boynton





and Wyly & Green, Atlanta, Ga.

LOANS

Thos. H! Willingham & Son





WATCHES. DIAMONDS. ETC.

# Business, Not Profits!

# Sell Goods: Not Make Money!

The crowds we have entertained show us that the public know what our motto means, and every sale we make illustrates to them what it means.

We are receiving lots of new goods today. The prices are all down, down!

Don't miss this sale.

## FETZER & PHARR

Popular Clothiers and Furnishers.

sun wed fri 5thp



### SHOES! SLIPPERS! BOOTS! MOORE

No. 33 Peachtree Street. ≪MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S FINE FOOTWEAR.▷ MAIL ORDERS GIVEN CAREFUL ATTENTION.

## OUR DISPLAY

Of rich Diamond Jewelry cannot be matched in Atlanta, and we cordially invite an inspection of our stock.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW, Jewelers,

31 Whitehall Street.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA. CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

No. 3, fast express, from "No. 2, for Macon, Savan-Waycross, Albany, Sa-nah, Eufaula and Alvannah and Macon.

10, 15, accommodation from Griffin. 7.25 and No. 14, for Macon, 9 10 am accommodation from Griffin. 7.25 and No. 12, for Macon and Eufaula. 2 15 par accommodation from Macon. 9 88 and No. 14, form Macon, accommodation from Ital eville, 1 4 par No. 1, through express from Savannah and Macon. 5 40 pm No. 15, through express from Savannah and Macon. 5 40 pm No. 10, through express from Savannah and Macon. 5 40 pm No. 10, through express for Savannah, A 1b an y, waycross and Bruns wick. 7 15 pm Nacon. 5 40 pm No. 20, accommodation for Hapeville. 12 cl par hand of the provide. 12 cl par hand for Hapeville. 12 cl p

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD. From Chat'ga. 6 32 am To Chat'an'oga. 7 50 am From Morietta. 8 35 am To Marletta. 11 45 am From Rome. 11 05 am Fo Chat'an'oga. 1 25 pm From Chat'ga.. 1 45 pm To Rome. 3 46 pm From Marletta. 2 55 pm To Marletta. 4 40 pm From Chat'ga. 6 37 pm To Chat'an'oga. 5 55 pm From Chat'ga. 11 13 pm To Chat'an'oga. 15 pm ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

(Richmond and Danville Railroad,)

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILROAD.

From Stark'ille\*. 6 40 am To Birm'gham\*.. 1 05 pm From Tal'poesa... 9 30 am Te Tallapoesa... 5 00 pm From Birm'm\*... 5-32 pm To Starkville\*....11 00;pm CLARKSTON TRAINS-Daily except Sunday. ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD. From Vort Valley

To Fort Valley

7 15 am and 4 00 pm Daily—¡Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

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JONES NO FULLER STOCKS, BONDS AND LOANS. 16 West Alabama Stroet, Atlanta, Ga.

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Capital and Undivided Profits, \$375,000.\_ Lesues Certificates of Deposit Payable on Demand with Interest Three per cent per annum if left four

For per cent per annum if left six months. 41 per cent per annum if left twelve

\$10,000.00 TO LOAN On commercial paper and on city and farm prop

WANTED STOCKS NO BONDS FOR SALE

F. W. MILLER & CO

Humphreys Castleman Bonds and Stocks Bought and Sold. Briate bonds all kinds for sale or exchange. W. H. Patterson.

BOND AND STOCK BROKER. 24 South Pryor Street. AM PREPARED TO FURNISH NEW GEORGIA

14/2 per cent bonds in exchangefor 6's, due 1st of
January next, on reasonable terms, or to sell the former and buy the latter for each.

All other investment securities bought and sold.

Money to loan on real estate mortages. Low
rates and no delay.

CAPITAL CITY BANK OF ATLANTA, GA.,

COR. WHITEHALL AND ALABAMA STS. Capital and Undivided Profits, \$440,000. A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS ---)TRANSACTED(---

Collections made direct on all points in the United States and remitted for promptly. Particular attention paid to the business of correspondents. The business of correspondents. The business of Bankers, Merchants and Manufactures as respectfully solicited. Special feature made of the Savings' Department. Interest paid on time deposits.



times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing,

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

## Finance and Commerce.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE. ATLANTA, December 6, 1932, New York exchange Luying at par and selling

B'lt State Ga., 149	Central deb., 196
Gatte City Nat.112	Aug. & Sav., 127
Capital City, 97	A. & W. Pt., 109
Ga. Cs. 1897	107

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock Exchange. NEW YORK. December 3.—There was more confidence in the slock market all around today than has been seen in weeks, and buying for long account was renewed after a long interruption, the account was renewed after a long interruption, the feeling in favor of a higher range of values becoming very pronounced. Early London cables came higher and foreigners were purchasers of their specialities to a limited extent, which helped to swell the volume of domestic buying. The news of the day was generally of an encouraging character, and the report which came to the street late in the afternoon that representatives of trunk lines were in session and an advance in rates was expected as a result, with advices from Chicago of a heavy grain movement on lines entering that city, gave an GEORGIA KAILROAL.

From Augusta\*. 6 50 am To Augusta\*. 8 60 am From Covin t'n\*. 7 55 am To Decatur. 8 55 am From Decatur. 10 15 am To Clarkston. 12 10 pm From Augusta\*. 1 00 pm To Augusta\*. 2 45 pm From Clarkst n. 2 20 pm To Covington. 6 20 pm From Augusta\*. 2 00 pm To Covington. 6 20 pm From Augusta\*. 2 45 pm To Covington. 6 20 pm From Augusta\*. 3 45 pm To Decatur. 3 45 pm From Decatur. 3 45 pm To Decatur. 3 45 pm From Decatur. 3 45 pm To De were selected as the point of attack, with the result of making them comparatively weak throughout, Missouri Pacific and Atchison were the leaders of the market, but were followed closely by Now Eugland, in which buying of late has been very marked. Grangers came next in point of strength, and Burlingion and Rock Island, Northwestern and St. Paul all became remarkably strong. Trank line shares were quiet and sluggish, movements being made within a comparatively narrow range, and made within a comparatively narrow range, and while the announcement that Union and Northern Pacifies had adjusted their differences made those stocks more active, it failed to stimulate any marked advance in them. Several of the specialties exhibited more than usual strength, and Wheeling and Lake Eric and Cotton Oil were prominent among them. The market was subject to several reactions upon raids by bears, but there was a quiet absorp-tion by leading operators which developed a strong recujerative power in the list, and notwithstanding the fact that Pacific stocks were sold by insiders on e advance, the rise met with no real check. The close was active and decidedly strong at the highest prices of the day. The total sales were 388,000 shares. The entire list is materially higher, and Atchison rose 3% per cent, Missouri Pacific 3¼, New England 2% Burlington 2%, Rock Island 134, St. Paul 13% Louisville and Nashville 11% Northwestern and Richmond and West Point each 114. Western Union and Texas Pacific 11% cach and Norfolk Union and Texas Pacific 1½ each and Norfolk and Western 1 per cent.

Exchange quiet and steady at 45@450, Money easy at 2@23, Subtreasury balances: Coin \$100,488,000; currency, \$18,461,000. Governments dull but steady; 48 129½; 4½ 10°, State bonds dull but steady; 48 129½; 4½ 10°, State bonds dull but steady. Ala. Class A 2 to 5. 101½ N. O. Pac. 1st. 85½ do. Clars B 58. 107 Ge. 7s mortgage. 104½ N. O. Pac. 1st. 85½ do. Clars B 58. 107 Norfolk & W'n pre. 29 N. C. 68. 121½ Norfolk & W'n pre. 29 N. C. 68. 121½ Norfolk & W'n pre. 24% do. preferred. 55½ frem. settlement \$1. 121½ Norfolk & W'n pre. 24% Virginia Ge. 48 Virginia Consols. 38 Chesap'ke & Ohlo. — 100 K. Helmond & Dan. — 100 K. Larb. 100 K. W. 104% Rock Island. 99½ do. preferred. 127% St. Paul. 62½

St. Paul 02)
do. preferred 102,
dr. Texas Paetife 21,
Tenn. Coal & Iron. 31
Union Paetife. 22,
N. J. Central 89,
Missouri Paetife. 71
Western Union. 696 Memphis & Char. 51 Missouri Pacific. 71 Missouri Pa

THE COTTON MARKETS. CONSTITUTION OFFICE

Consolidated to: receipts ioday 34.852 bales; exports to Great Britain 7,279; to France 6,275; to continent 2,038;; stock 751,343. Below we give the opening and closing quotations t cotton futures in New York today:

.10.00 @..... .10.12 @10.13 .10.23 @..... 10.15@10.16 Closed steady: sales 66 700 bales RECEIPTS

est Point Railroad..... Georgia Pacific Rallroad... A. and F.

Grand total SHIPMENTS
Shipped today Shipped previously 2
Taken by local spinners. Total... 19,131

Fice con pand.

The following is our comparative statements cocipis today 758 ame time last year. 759 Showing a decrease of 136
Receipt since September 1 50,244
Same time last year. 81,688
Showing a decrease of 33,441
NEW YORK, December 6.—[Special.]—Henry
Clews & Co.'s circular says: Liverpool continues

teres a co., seriouar says: Liverpool continues to report large sales daily, which is having a favorable effect on our market, the opening being about two points above yesterday's closing prices. There was so me disposition to sell by the local traders on a belief that receives. was sone disposition to sell by the local traders on a belief that receipts would be heavy and an expected raid by the large shorts. In the matter of receipts, however, they were disappointed, as there proved to be about four thousand bales less than last year, but the New Orleans bear brokers did attack the market vigorously. It proved of no avail, however, as the offerings have been taken very freely, the market showing a steady tone during the entire day, advancing one to six points from the opening prices, and holding all but one to two points of it. The bears at one time succeeded in getting prices down four to five points, but the weakness was only temporary, the buyers, for both long and short account, being plentiful and, the tone at the close very steady. A dispatch from New Orleans says the report of the agricultural bureau of Alabama to be 12 to 15 per cent less than last year. In the Selma district it is 30 per cent less, but the state average is 12 to 15 less.

NEW YORK, December 6—Hubbard, Price & Co.;

NEW YORK, December 6-Hubbard, Price & Co.; cotton have today been characterized by moderately firm tone and the tendency of prices has been in upward direction, though extreme narrowness of speculation and a general apathetic tone of outside with regard to cotton has not permitted the establishment of any material advance. The market opened at about last night's prices, sold up some four or five points on the announcement of light receipts in New Orleans, was hammered back on rumors of heavy receipts there tomorrow, and finally recovered the decline upon contradiction of these rumors. Several of the larger operators whose sympathies and dcallings have hitherto been on the bear side seem to be changing front, and some rather large lines of cotton were accumulated by the or two prominent houses.

By Telegraph. 4.IVERPOOL, December 6-12:15 pm—Cotton firm demand, good business; middling uplands 5½; and-con, clear rib sides 8.75: clear sides 9½; shoulders

lling Orleans 51/2; sales 12,000; speculation and exoming Orienta 32; sales 17,000; specialition and export 1,000; receipts 14,300; nll American, unsainds low middling clause December and delivery 5 23-64; December and January delivery 5 25-64; Sunuary and February delivery 5 25-64; February and March delivery 5 24-64. Narch and April delivery 5 25-64; April and May delivery 5 25-64; fatures/opened sulet at a decline.

and say delivery 52-64; May and same convey and sales a decline.

LiveRPOOL. December 6-2:00 p. m. — Sales of American 9.700 bales; uplands low middling clause December delivery 5 2:64; sellers; December and January delivery 5 2:64; sellers; January and Lebroary delivery 5 2:64; sellers; February and March delivery 5 2:64; values; March and April delivery 5 2:64; values; April and May delivery 5 2:64; sellers; May and June delivery 5 2:64; payers; June and July delivery 5 2:64; sellers; futures dull.

LiveRPOOL, December 6-100 p.m.-Uplands low December delivery 5 2:64, sellers; January and February delivery 5 2:64, sellers; February and March delivery 5 2:64, sellers; February and March delivery 5 2:64, sellers; March and April delivery 6 2:64, sellers; March and April delivery 6 2:64, sellers; April and May delivery 3:2-64, layers; May and June delivery 5 2:64, sellers; June and July delivery 50:66, sellers; futures closed s e.d.; NEW YORK, December 6 — Cotton quist; sale;

NEW YORK, December 6 - Cotton quiet: sale: GALVESTON, December 6 — Cotton firm: mid-dling 3)3: net receipts 3, 3e3 bates; gross 3,883; sales NORFOLK, December 6 - Cotton steady; middling

4: net receipts 4,103 tales: gross 4,208; stock 42,7 les 2,174; exports coastwise 1,146. BALTIMORE, December 6—Cotton quie': mid ding 184 net receive none tale; gross 2.3, calca none; to spuners—; stock 29,001; exports constwise BOSTON, December 6 — Cotton coulet; middling 10%; not receipts 305 bules; gress 307; sales none; took none; exports to Great Britain 740.

WILMINGTON, December 6 — Cotton firm; middling 13%; not receipts 283 bales; gross 283; sales none; stock 17, 802. PHILADELPHIA. December 6 - Cotton quiet; middling 10.3-16 net receipts 354 bales gross 6d; sales none; stock 15,129; exports to Great Britain 467.

SVANNAIL December 6 — Cotton duil: middling 9-1.5c net receipts 6,071; bales; gross 6,671; sales 4,650; stock 122,032.

NEW ORLEANS, December 6-Cotton firm; mid-

ling 9; net receipts (1.991 bales; gross 12,447; sales 0,000; stock 256,430; exports to Great Britain 4,573; o France 6,375. MOBILE. December 6- Cotton steady: middline %; net receipts 1,405 bales; gross 1,406; sales 1,500; tock 30,122 exports coastwise 1,044. MEMPHIS, December 6—Cotton steady middling 7-16: net receipts 5.731 bales; shipments 3,631; sales AUGUSTA, December 6 — Cotton firm; mtddling 9)4; net receipts 2,079 bales; shipments 1,6:0; sales none; stock 22,169. CHARLESTON, December 6—Cotton steady; middling 5½; net receipts 3,46° bales; gross 3,46°; sates 1,500; stock 54,528; exports to continent 1,440; const-

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions. chicago, December 6.—Wheat was less active and business chiefly local. The market opened unchanged and on free selling declined and closed 1%c lower than yesterday.

Corn ruled quiet and fluctuations were confined

within 1/2 range, closing 1/6 1/2 lower than yester-Oats were dull and unchanged.

Oats were dull and unchanged.

Pork was inactive and higher, opening sales were made at He advance which was followed by a further improvement of 17% a 200. Later prices receded and the market closed quiet.

and the market closed quiet. Lard was strong and closed 15@20c higher. Short rits were active and ruted 10@12% higher. The following was the range in the leading futures Chicago today: .... 104 ..... 105% January.... May....... LARD— December 6 171/ January 7 90 May 8 00 SHORT RIES—

The Petroleum Market.

NEW YORK, December 6—The petroleum market opened steadyat 86c but after the first sales became strong on open buying by Standard oil brokers and advanced to 89½. A reaction then occurred, after which the market continued active and strong and closed at 89½c.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC. CONSTITUTION OFFICE. ATLANTA, December 6, 1333,

ATLANTA, December 6, 1833.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, December 6 - Flour-Best patent 56,50 extra tancy \$6,25; fancy \$6,66; extra family \$3,75; choice family \$3,75; family \$5,25; extra \$4,73.

Whest—No. 2 red \$1,15; Georgia red \$1,00. Bran-Large saccis \$1,00; small \$1,00. Corn Meal-Plain 65e; boiled 65e. Pea Meal-90e. Grits—\$4,00. Corn—Choicewnite 66e; No. 2 white Tennessee 63e; No. 2 mixed 62e. Dats—No. 2 mixed 42e. Hav—Choice timothy, large bales, \$1,10; small bales \$1,10; clover be; wheat straw baled 50e. Peas—Stock—

NEW YORK, December 6—Flour, southern heavy.

ed western 29.6.633. Hops dell; state 19.623.

RALTIMORE, December 6—Flour quiet, unchanged Howard street and western superfine 2.75.633.35; extra \$1.50.681.50; extra \$1.50.681.50; extra \$1.50.681.50; extra \$1.10.681.50; extra \$1.00.681.50; extra

ST. LOUIS, December 6—Floor quiet, unchanged XX family \$5.90@\$1.00; patents \$5.75@\$5.95. Wheat lower, the market was unsettled at the opening and later came a break free selling that carried prices down randly the close better.

29 bid; May 29% 29%.

CHICAGO, December 6 — Cash quotations were as follows: Flour needected but steady; patents \$6,78 follows: Flour needected but steady; patents \$6,78 687.00. winter \$5.50@\$5.75. No. 2 spring wheat \$1.03 @\$1.03\lambda; No. 3 do. — No. 2 red \$1.03@\$1.03\lambda; No. 2 cotts \$2.50@\$1.03\lambda; No. 2 cotts \$2.50@\$1.03\lambda; No. 2 cotts \$2.50@\$1.03\lambda; No. 2 cotts \$2.50@\$1.03\lambda; No. 2 mixed \$1.00. Wheat quiet: No. 2 red \$1.04@\$1.50; fancy \$1.85@\$1.00. Wheat quiet: No. 2 red \$1.04@\$1.05. Corn heavy; No. 2 mixed \$1.04. Oats dull and easier; No. 2 mixed 28\lambda; @29. LOUISVILLE, December 6— Grain steady. Wheat No. 2 red \$1.02; new No. 2 longberry \$1.03. Corn. No. No. 2 red \$1.02; new No. 2 longberry \$1.03. Corn. No 2 mixed 4414; do. white 4614 Outs, new No. 2 mixed

Groceries.

ATLANTA, December & Coffee, choice 19%; prime 19e; good 18%; fair 18; low grade 16. Sugar—Cut loaf 9e; powdered 9e; standard granulated 8%e; standard A Se; extra C 7½e; yellow extra C 6%e. Syrups—New Orleans choice 50%5e; prime 3%c35e; common 20%25e. Teas—Black 30%60e; green 35%60e. Nutmeez 76e; Cloves 3bc. Allspice 12%c. Cinnamon 12e. Sago 50e. Ginger 19e. Mace 60e. Pepper 20e. Crackers—Mik 7e; Boston butter 8e; pearl oyster 7%e: X soda 5e; XXX do. 5%c. Candy—A3sorted stick 10e. Mackerel — No. 3 bbls \$15.90; % bbls \$6.75; kits 50e. Soap \$2.00%85.00 % 100 cakes. Candles — Full weight 11e. Matches—Round wood % gross \$1.15; % 200 \$2.00; % 3.00; % 400 \$1.50. Soda—In Regs \$40e: In boxes 5%c. Rhoice 5%c; prime 6e; fair 15%c. satt—Virginia 75a. Cheese—Cream 12%c: factory 10%c.

NEW ORLEANS. December 6—Coffee strong and higher Rio cargoes common to prime 1% \$0.18. Sugar perfyes. Louisians over Meetic peloces \$1.50. Sugar perfyes.

higher Rio cargoes common to prime 1 2.38. Sugar active; Louisiana open kettle chonce 5 1-16; stric by prime 6; prime 4; get 16-1; hill fair. 4 13-16; 48; good common 1; centrifugals, plantation granulated 4; dent-fit; choice white 64; gray white 52; dent-fit; pay white 52; dent-fit; pay white 52; dent-fit; choice white 64; gray white 52; dent-fit; dent-fit fit for the fit fo of white 65-16; choice yellow clarified 6 1-16@65 of white 65-1; choice yellow clarified 6 1-16gat4; prime 66 (; cd) do, 6. Moiasses in fair demand; Louiciana open kettle fancy 43; cnoice 41@42; strictly prime 35-46; good prime 35-63; prime 30-63; common 25; good fair 2 @25; fair 26@25; prime 10 good common 2; centrifugals prime 2(@25; prime to good prime 1 @15; fair to good fair 16 inferior to good common 1;61; Louisiana syrtup 25-63-2. Rice ingood demand; Louisiana ordinary to good prime 3-3-65;

NEW YORK, December 6 - Coffee, options closed NEW YORK, December & Coffee options closed steady; 3 @55 points telow vesterday; December 15.50@15.65; January 15.75@15.85; May 15.95@16.35; spot Rio fair cargoes 17.60.174. Suprar raw strong; centringal 96-test 63\_@66\_6; fair to good refining 54\_6 5-5-6; refined strong; Cede extra Ced4 white extra Ced4 white extra Ced4 standard A 7: confectioners A 7-4; cut loaf 54; crushed 94; powdered 794; granulated 73.679; oubes 74. Moiasses active; 56-test 50@54. Rico strong; domestic 49\_@67\_5; foreign 44\_@55\_6.

Provisions.

FT. LOUIS, December 6- Provisions firm, Pork \$14.25. Lard nominal; prime steam 8.10. Drv sait meats, boxed lots shoulders 6.76: long clear 7.0: clear ribs 7.0: short clear 7.45. Bacon, boxed shoulders 7.25: long clear 8.25: clear ribs 8.25: short clear 4.31 %5.50: hams 10 %-013.

LOUISYLLE December 6. Provisions cullet 8-

7.5°. Bulk meats, clear rib sides 8½; clear sides 8.6½; shoulders 6½. Mess pork \$15.00. Hama sugar-cured 1½.4½. Lard, choice leat 10½.

NEW YORK, December 6—Pork quiet: mess \$15.00. Gall...½. Middles dull; short clear 7.90. Lard higher; western steam shot 5.7¢; city steam 7.90; December 8.60; January 8 9; May 8.40 bid; re incd quiet.

CB1CAGO, December 6—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork \$12.546813.2½. Lard 8.35. Short ribs loose. 10% 2.0. Drv satied shoulders boxed 7.00% 7.1½; short clear sides boxed 7.00% 7.2½. CINCINNATI, December 6—Pork quieta \$1.75. Lard in her at 8.25. Bulk meats an tand firmer; short ribs 7.25% 7.37½. Beconsteady; short ribs —; hort clear 9.25.

ATLANTA. December 6 - The following are ruling cash pricestoday: Clear rib sides 8/4c. Sugar-oured nams 13/4. Land - Pure leaf, tierces 10/4; refined 8/4.

WILMINGTON. D c. mber 6-Turpentine firm at WILMINGTON, D. 6. moor 6—Turpentine arm at 4.5 fosis stead; strained et cood strained 8. ter firm at \$1.50; crude turpentine firm; haza \$1.55; yellow dup \$2.55; vigon \$2.55.

NEW YORK, December 6—Rostn dull at \$1.00@ \$1.05; turpentine dull and negle te 11.45.

CHALESTON, December 6—Turpentine steady at 4.55; rosin firm; good strained 80.

EA VANNAEL Legislage, 6.—Turpentine porthing. SAVANNAH, Lecenter 6 - Tarpentine nothing

d. logi rosin firm at 22\(\infty \) (25).

Fruits and Confectionorlos.

ATLANTA, December 6—Apples \$250\(\infty \) \( \) 0 per bbl. Lemons \$-5.00\(\infty \) \( \) 0.00\(\infty \) \( \) 1.00\(\infty \) \( \) 0.00\(\infty \) \( \) 1.00\(\infty \) \( \) 0.00\(\infty \) \( \) 1.00\(\infty \) 1.00\(\infty \) \( \) 1.00\(\infty \) 1.000\(\infty \) 1.00\(\infty \) 1.

ATLANTA. December 6 — Market steady. Horses these \$4.76,984.50; mule shoes \$5.25,085.50; horseshoe mais-120,200. Ironbound hames \$3.50. Trace-chains \$250.00. Ames snovels \$9.60. Epades \$10.00. Well-buckets \$3.50084.50. Cotton rope 150,160. Sweed from 1c; rolled or merchant bar 2% c rate. Cast-steel 10.6 12c. Nails, iron, \$2.50; steel \$2.60. elidden barbed wire, galvanized, p 15 56055.c. Powder, rillo \$3.33 blasting \$2.1a. Ear lead 7c. Shot \$3.60.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, December 6— Horses—Pluz \$65@00; good drive \$150@\$200; drivers \$125@\$140; fine \$250.@\$250. Mules—14% to 15 hands \$115@\$150; 15% to 16 hands \$150@\$250. CINCINNA'11. December 6—Hogs strong; common and light \$4.00@80.10; packing and butchers \$5.00@ \$5..5.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, December 6—Eggs —12@22% Butter Choice Tennessee 18@.00; other grades 12%@15c. Fouttry—Hens 2.0000; young chickens large 13@.00, rish Potatoes—52.200.200. Sweet Potatoes—6009 75c. Honey—Strained 6008c; in the comb 8@100. Onions—\$2.50@82.00. Cabbage—12@2c.

Whisky.
CINCINNATI, December 5- Whisky active and frm at \$1.14.
ST. LOUIS, December 6—Whisky steady at \$1.14.
CHICAGO, December 6—Whisky \$1.20.

ATLANTA. December 6 - Ties-New arrow \$1.30: bagging-2 b jute 1354 154 b 13; 154 b 1256.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-TO THE HON-GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—TO THE HON-orable the Superior Court of said County: The petition of James R, Wyle, Hugh T, Imman, Paul Romane, W. A. Gregg, W. R, Hill, Joseph King-berry, E. P. Chambetlin, Hako Smith, M. C. Kiser, Walker P, Imman, W. W. Boyd, Jack J, Spalding, Chas. S. Kingsbirry, Henry Hirseh, Evan P, Howell, Don M. Bain and J, Carroll Payne respect-fully represents.

That petitioners, their associates and successors desire to the orea of a baby corporate, and wolling

Howell, Don M. Bain and J. Carroll Payne respectfully represents.

That petitioners, their associates and successors desire to be created a body corporate and politic under and by virtue of the laws of Georgia for the term of twenty years with the privilege of renewal as provided by law at the expiration of said term under the corporate name of the "Southern votion Milis." The place of business and the chief office is to be in said county of Fultan. The capital stock of said corporation to be two hundred thousand dollars, with the privilege of increasing same by the stockholders to any amount not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars whenever the stock holders representing two-thirds of the stock shall vote for the same. Both said original and any increased stock to be divided into shares of five hundred dollars each, with privilege to divide said shares into fifths, if the directors deem it advisable. Books for subscription to the stock to be opened in Atlanta, Georgia, and two hundred thousand dollars to be subscribed for, and at least twenty thousand dollars paid in cash or real estate before the compencement of business, all penalties for non-payment of installments to be rogulated by By-Laws. Certificates for shares of stock to be issued the form and mode of transferring the same to be fixed in the By-Laws. The business carried on by said corporation is to be the acquiring purchase, and manufacture in all their forms by the use of suitable machinery and appliances of cotton, wool, hemp and other fibrous and textile material, and especially Canton fiannels, cloth, yarns, bagging, sacks, thread, rope, or any other article made wholly or in part of cotton, wool or other textile or fabrous material, and to prepare the same for market by proper labor thereon, such as bleaching, dyeing, printing, finishing off, and otherwise as may be desirable, and to setablish stores, warehouses, and agencies for the sale of such goods, and to seil and otherwise d'spose of the same.

Petitioners desire that said corporation

power and authority as follows:

First. To adopt such By-Laws, rules and regulations, not inconsistent with law, as may be necessary and proper for the management of the affairs of
said corporation and for the transaction of its busi
ness.

Second. To reut, lease, or buy, to hold and to sell,
convey, encumber, and otherwise dispose of, when

second. To tent, lease, or ony, to hold and to convey, encumber, and otherwise dispose of, dasirable, any property, real or personal, that be needed for the business of the corporation to erect on any such real estate buildings for manufacturing purposes, business operations, store rooms, warehouses, store houses, for purposes of selling to operatives and others, residences for officers or employes and others, and such other structures as may be desirable or necessary, and to receive property both real and personal in payment of debts due the corporation.

BSC, 2679.

Fourth. To make all such contracts as are reasonably necessary and proper in inaugurating and conducting the business of said corporation, including the power and authority to borrow mency and Issue notes, bonds and other obligations of indebtedness, said to secure the same if necessary by mortgage, trust, deed, or otherwise.

Fifth, To designate in its by-laws, rules and regulations, proper officers and agents to conduct and transact its various business, and to provide and specify the officers and agents to conduct and transact its various business, and to provide and specify the officers and agents who may bind said corporation by contract, and to what extent they may do so. Petitioners desire that said corporation may be capable of suing and being sued, of pleading and being impleaded in any court of law or equity in this state. They also ask that there may be no personal liability on any stockholder in said corporation except for stock subscriptions, which shall cease when the amount of said stock subtcription shall be paid. In addition petitioners ask for such other and further powers not inconsistent with law as are necessary for the proper management and successful operation of said business, that this petition be filed in the clerk's office of this court, and be there-recorded as provided by law and the same be published according to the statute provided, and that the court pass all necessary orders in incorporations are a oresaid and all such other powers as are incident to like incorporations. And your petitioners will ever pray, etc.

Payne & HULL,

CALHOUN, KING & SPALDING,

Petitioners' Attorneys.

A true and correct copy as appears of record In this office.

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AH TO BOSTON.

... Thuday Dec. 6, 8 00 pm

..... Friday, Dec. 14. 3 00 pm

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... Sunday, Dec. 23, 8 30 ata

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Preparations for the Veterans' Fair-Some

Notable Pieces of Art - Notes of Both Fairs. The Hebrew Fair is already a brilliant and

girlly. Last night there was a great crowd on hand-and every department was liberally patronized. The beautiful booths were surrounded with people, the supper room was full, the daucing hall was crowded with pretty ladies and gallant gentlemen, and all

went as merry as a marriage bell, so to write.

Mrs. E. Barwald, who gracefully presides at the cigar stand, wishes to return thanks to the following firms for costly and most liberal donations: ing firms for costly and most liberal donations: Charles Beermann & Co., Henry Kuhrt, W. A. Russell & Co., Frank E. Block, Harlason Brothers; Beermann & Silverman, F. Wi Llock, James A. Hall & Co., Carroll & Greenstone, W. A. Goldsmith & Co., Cuesta & Verela, Horace R. Kelly & Co., M. Barranco & Co., Hofman Bros. & Co., Bondy & Lederer, Glant Cigar Inc. ory, J. A. Poish & Co., Hernsheim Bros., Harby & Spier, Henny Bros., Allen & Ginter, Marburg Bros., William D. Smith & Co., Bendheim Bros. & Co., J. Steinheimer & Co., Sol Rosenhauer, James Jacob, James J. Hall. All of these gentlemen gave checrfully of their fine cigars to the noble and most charitable cause. Their donations are sincerty apparent.

charitable cause. Their denations are sincerty ap charitable cause. Their donations are sincerly appropriated.

Mr. Joe Hirsch is the general in command and is doing great work for the cause.

The race between the Atlanta Rifles and the Gate City Guard for the United States flag is exciting. Their friends have rallied to the fair and are buying votes at a lively rate at 25 cents each. Mr. Joe Hirsch bought the flag in New York. It cost \$75, is made of \$31k, and is an elegant and beautiful banner. It is certainly worth striving for, and the company which gets it will have to do wonderful work.

work.

The contest for the \$6.0 horse and buggy was
The contest for the \$6.0 horse and buggy was

The contest for the \$600 horse and buggy was warm last night. Chances were going like hot cakes. Who will get the prize, Captain John B. Goodwin, Colonel Adolph Brandt, Major Shaton or Dr. Geddings. The last night of the fair will tell the take.

One of the mest-striking and splendid tables is the "Marquerite," in charge of Mrs. Joe Hirseh and Mrs. J. T. Elchberg. It would take a colonen to describe the benatiful things for sale at this table.

Chances are selling s-pidity on the wreath of exquisite wax flowers made and donated by Mr. Isaac Goldberg, assisted by Miss Eva Goldberg.

There is a charming array of lovely articles at the "Germania" table, in charge of Mrs. Jacob Haas and Mrs. J. Eisenan. It is a popular resort.

The elegant Persian rug, donated by the Rich Bros, is greatly admired. It is being railed by Mrs. Bertha Laceman and Mrs. Hartman.

A very attractive place is the Little Tycoon table, in charge of Mrs. Ike Haas, Mrs. Learcy, Mrs. Haarbuck and Mrs. Sellg. It is well patronized.

Mr. Ite Haas is making a big success of the Domestic Venture. It is the place to strike bargains in everything, from a bar of soap to a barrel of four.

The varied and extensive assortment of candies

The varied and extensive assortment of candi-The varied and extensive assortment of candies at the confectionery makes the mouth water and the hand dive into the pocket for the loose change. You can't look long without investing in "sweets." Mrs. Henlein and Mrs. Fronsin are in charge.

The restaurant, under the able direction of Mrs. Lieberman, Mrs. Henry Hirsch, Mrs. Henry Welthouse and others is doing a tremendous business. It was difficult to fill the numerous and continuous criters hast night. Everything good to cat can be found here:

found here.

The large and elegant ladies' manicure set, which is being raffled by Miss Bertha Liebman, at fifty cents a chance, is certainly bringing in the shelels. It cost \$85, and is the largest and handsomest ever seen in Atlanta. It is hard to tell which is the handsomer, the set or the lady in charge. Some body is going to win a magnificent prize Notes. The fair will be closed tonight on account of

Scores of levely girls ask people to take chances, and they are simply irresistible. Dancing from half past ten to twelve every The fair is open day and night. It is the

outlay.

Everybody in Atlanta should go to Concordia hall and help out the noble cause.

Among the fortunate ones last night were Mr. A. Robinson, who won a cake; Miss Lena Hartman, gold-headed cane; Mrs. Leers, liquor sett; Mrs. D. Barwald, coal scuttle; Leon Lieberman, card table; J. T. Morris, slik dress; Isaac Frank, basket of fruit, and W. H. Moore, vase.

The ladies in charge of Georgia Day, which is the opening day, ask for contributions of cooked turkoys and hams; also cranberries and cakes, biscuit and piesies. Send them Monday morning early, Our country friends are requested to bring in lard, butter, eggs, mik, honey, etc. Anything in the line will be greatly appreciated during the ten days of the Veteraus intr.

The fair conmences Monday, December 10th, Send all articles, given or loaned, to fair rooms Veterans fair, opposite Kimball house. Send at once, Put value of article and name of donor on card and attach.

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Committee for Louisiana and Arkanas day will please meet at fair rooms at 3:30 o'clock, p. m., Friday.

Mrs. P. H. Snook.

Mrs. Baylor Stewart,

G. A. R. ELECTION. An Interesting Meeting-Will Attend the Veterans' Fair in a Body. At the annual meeting of O. M. Mitchel post No. 21, Grand Army of the Republic, held last

evening at their hall, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year:

J. H. Thibadeau, commander. I. V. Swartz, senior vice-commander.

I. V. Swartz, senior vice-commander.
Thomas Kirke, junior vice-commander.
J. F. Farrel, quartermaster.
J. W. Stone, surgeon.
J. C. Kimball, chaplain.
J. E. Harding, officer of the day.
A. E. Buck, officer of the guard.
As delegates to the department encampment J. R.
Lawis, A. E. Buck and J. F. Farrel were elected, with Dr. J. W. Stone, C. M. D. Browne and Robert Dohme as alternates.
The date of the encampment for the formation of the new department of Georgia has not yet been amounced, but Senior Vice-Department Commander Sholes, who was present, informed the post that the application had been forwarded to national headquarters, and the authority of the commander will be received within a few days.
A resolution was adopted that on the occasion of the opening of the confederate veterans' fair on Monday night next, the post attend in a body.
A handsome contribution was made by the post of the purpose of adding in the erection of a monument to the memory of the late department commander, Colonel Edward S. Jones, of Nashville,

enn. The meeting was one of the largest and most c husiastic ever held by O. M. Mitchell post, and was midnight before it adjourned.

Effie Ellsler. Very few actresses so completely won the bearts of their audiences as Miss Effic Ellsler did sist the charm. Since that time Miss Ellsler

sist the charm. Since that time Miss Ellsler has improved by study and experience the natural attractiveness of her person, and she stands today one of the best emotional interpreters of society dramas. It is, therefore, a pleasure for those who know her to see her appear in Atlanta in a new play. For those it is certain that whatever is the play she will make it charming and interesting. But if this play is as good as its presentations in the Madison Schare theater ought to prove that it is, and if the favorable notices of the New York and Boston critics nave not been extorted by the heautiful eyes of Miss Effic, the appearance of the little lady in "Judge Not" will be a drammic event for our city and we will be happy to reward it.

Miss Ellsler, said the Boston Herald, is an artist of no common dramatic ability, which she shows quite as much in the stronger situations as in the quieter seenes where her intense naturalness and easy avoidance of over action, display no little amount of sit dy, and a good comprehension of the rate. This ease and naturalness of her acting is positively refreshing, and the promise she gives in what is really still the beginning of her maturer, work, point to an envisible future. In the present play she has opportunities to show her rea

VETERANS' FAIR.

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The two pieces of golelin tapestry that will be on exhibition are from the same source, and will attract the attention of those who admire the rare and beautiful. Unfold thousands could not buy these two pieces.

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maturer. work, point to an enviable future present play she has opportunities to show he strength in but few places, but of these oppotes she has made good use. The play is inter throughout the four acts, because the plot, meager though it is, has in it novel situation studied in the denomination of the play is interested to the play in the second act, and in the denomination of the play is the second act, and in the denomination of the present the play is the second act, and in the denomination of the play is the second act, and in the denomination of the present the present

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

EDMUND W. MARTIN, No. 35% Whitehall Street Ga. Telephone 512 PRESTON K. YATES.

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR. Plans and estimates prepared for Railroads, Street Railways, Water Works and Bridges. Work super-intended. Room 43. Gate City Bank building.

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I sellor at Law, Atlanta, Ga. Room 19 Gate City
lank building. My health having very much improved, my friends will find me at my post, ready to
actend to business.

JOHN T. GLENN, ATTORNEY AT LAW. At anta, Ga.
Reoms 32 and 24 Gate City Bank Building. Howard E. W. Palmer. Charles A. Read PALMER & READ,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW Traders' Bank Building, Decatur Street. 6m TOM COBB JACKSON. JACKSON & JACKSON,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW. hailfond, Insurance, Banking and Commercial Law.

Attorneys for Gate City National Bank, Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, West Point Terminal Company, Gate City Gaslight Company, and the Atlanta Home and other insurance com, aniea Offices removed to Gate City Bank Building, cor-mer Alabama and Pryor streets, Nos. 62, 63, 64 and 55. Elevator to rooms, Telephone No. 250. Professional business solicited, to which prompt and careful attention will be given.

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ATTOKNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW.
LOOMS NOW 41 and 42 Gate City Bank Building.
7. A. Hammond, Jr., Commissioner for taking
Depositions in Fution County. GREGORY & HUNT,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 21½ East Alabama Collections a specialty.

ARCHITECTS. ARCHITECT, Atlanta, Ga.

Office 4th floor Chamberlin & Boynton building,
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000 Barrels Yearly.

BEER.

verywhere in Atlanta. TON ALEXPORT" which is brough from the finest grade pre a 'd according to the most approved methods. It is a particle of my injurious impredients, and being absorbed the first prominent physicians for the PROPERTY was breved originally for the Austra-schildes, we are now prepared to furnish # to our custom-

Atlanta Agent.

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en Atlanta and Jacksonville, Fla., e points, or to Savannah, Ga.

am 11 45 am 40 pm 40 pm 40 pm 50 am 525 pm 50 am 525 pm 50 am 50 pm 50 p

### eight and Passenger Line HIA, and all points south and southwest, via CENTRAL

ween ATLANTA and NEW YORK, BOSTON and s Freight Line Between These Points to New York and Boston is via Sayannah, and g fickets via other routes, would do well to inquire they will avoid dust and artedious all rail ride. meals and stateroom on steamer, \$24. Round trip

SHIPMENTS SOLICITED.

SAVANNAH TO NEW YORK. Sunday, Dec. 2, 5 00 am.
Tuesday, Dec. 4, 6 30 pm.
Friday, Dec. 7, 9 00 am.
Sunday, Dec. 9, 10 30 am.
Tuesday, Dec. 11, 12 30 pm.
Friday, Dec. 14, 3 00 pm.
Friday, Dec. 14, 3 00 pm.
Sunday, Dec. 16, 3 30 pm.
Tuesday, Dec. 18, 6 00 pm.
Tuesday, Dec. 18, 7 30 am.
Sunday, Dec. 23, 9 00 am.
Tuesday, Dec. 25, 1 0 30 am.
Friday, Dec. 28, 1 30 pm.
Sunday, Dec. 28, 1 30 pm.
Sunday, Dec. 30, 3 30 pm. Chattahoochee ... Nacoochee ... City of Augusta ... Fallahassee ... SAVANNAH TO BOSTON. City of Savannah

... Mouday, Dec. 3, 6 00 am .. Monday, Lec. 10, 11, 30 am City of Macon ..... .... Tuesday, Dec. 18, 5 30 pm City of Savannah ...... Wednesday, Dec. 26, 11 30 am

SAVANNAH TO PHILADELPHIA. | These Ships do not Carry Passengers.)
| Saturday, Dec. 1, 4 00 pm |
| Saturday, Dec. 8, 9 30 am |
| J. Saturday, Dec. 15, 3 00 pm |
| Saturday, Dec. 22, 8 30 pm |
| Saturday, Dec. 22, 8 30 pm |
| Saturday, Dec. 29, 2 30 pm |

RICHARDSON & BARNARD. Agents,
Savannah P.er, Boston.

W. L. JAMES, Agent.
B. South Third St., Philadelphia
G. M. SORREL General Manager O. S. Co.,
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Savannah, Ga.
Savannah, Ga.
HELLMAN, Traffic Manager.

A SPLENDID SUCCESS,

THE HEBREW FAIR IS CONSIDERED BY EVERYBODY.

Preparations for the Veterans' Fair-Some Notable Pieces of Art - Notes of Both The Hebrew Fair is already a brilliant and

ubstantial success. The attendance increases Last night there was a great crowd on hand—and every department was liberally patronized. The beautiful booths were surrounded with people, the

every department was liberally patronized. The beautiful booths were surrounded with people, the supper room was full, the daucing hall was crowded with pretty ladies and gallant gentlemen, and all went as merry as a marriage bell, so to write.

Mrs. E. Parwald, who gracefully presides at the cigar stand, wishes to return thanks to the following firms for costly and most liberal donations: Charles Beermann & Co., Henry Kuhrt, W. A. Russell & Co., Frank E. Biock, Harlason Brothers; Beermann & Silverman, P. Willock, James A. Hall & Co., Carroil & Greenstone, W. A. Goldsmith & Co., Cuesta & Verela, Horace R. Kelly & Co., M. Barranco & Co., Hoffman Bros. & Co., Bondy & Lederer, Giant Cigar facety, J. A. Poish & Co., Hernsheim Bros., Herby & Spier, Henny Bros., Allen & Ginter, Marburg Bros., William D. Smith & Co., Bendheim Bros. & Co., J. Steinheimer & Co., Sol Rosenhauer, James Jacob, James J. Hall. All of these gentlemen gave cheerfully of their fine cigars to the noble and most charitable cause. Their donations are sincerity appreciated.

Mr. Joe Hirsch is the general in command and is doing great work for the cause. Their donations are sincerity appreciated.

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The race between the Atlanta Riffes and the Gate Dr. Police (Core & Survey in these Dr. Police of Scarter).

Mr. Joe Hirsch is the general doing great work for the cause. The race between the Atlanta Rifles and the Gate City Guard for the United States flag is exciting. Their friends have ralled to the fair and are buying Their friends have ralled to the fair and are buying the live of the fair and are buying the fair and are buying the live of the fair and are buying the fair and the fair are buying the of friends have rained to the fair and are buying at a lively rate at 25 cents each. Mr. Joe sch bought the flag in New York. It cost \$75, is le of slik, and is an elegant and beautiful ban-I is certainly worth striving for, and the apany which gets it will have to do wonderful

ork.

The contest for the \$6.0 horse and buggy was arm last night. Chances were going like hot kes. Who will get the prize, Captain John B. sodwin, Colonel Adolph Brandt, Major Shton or, Geddings. The last night of the fair will tell catalogue. Dr. Geddings. The last night of the fair will tell the tale.

One of the mest striking and splendid tables is the "Marquerite," in charge of Mrs. Joe Hirsch and Mrs. J. T. Eichberg. It would take a column to describe the beautiful things for sale at this table. Chances are selling repidly on the wreath of explicitly an expectation of the secondary of the second

e varied and extensive assortment of candies e confectionery makes the mouth water and and dive into the pocket for the loose change, and took long without investing in "sweets." Henlein and Mrs. Frohsin are in charge, restaurant, under the able direction of Mrs. rman, Mrs. Henry Hirsch, Mrs. Henry Welland others is doing a tremendous business. It ifficult to fill the numerous and continuous list night. Everything good to eat can be here. The large and elegant ladies' manicure set, which raffied by Miss Bertha Liebman, at fifty hance, is certainly bringing in the shekels. S. and is the largest and handsomest ever Atlanta. It is hard to tell which is the ener, the set or the lady in charge. Sometoing to win a magnificent prize.

The fair will be closed tonight on account of

Scores of levely girls ask people to take Dancing from half past ten to twelve every

Everybody in Atlanta should go to Concordia hall and help out the noble care. Everybody in Atlanta should go to Concordia hall and help out the noble cause.

Among the fortunate ones last night were Mr. A. Robinson, who won cake; Miss Lena Hartman, goid-headed cane; Mrs. Leers, liquor sett; Mrs. D. Barwald, coal scuttle; Leon Lleberman, card table; J. T. Morris, silk dress; Isaac Frank, basket of fruit, and W. H. Moore, vase.

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No. 51 Whitehall Street.

Send for straightforward goods, and sold for what they on conceast of the one on the pounds and twelve on conceast of the one on the play she has opportunities to show her real strength in but few places, but of these opportunities to show her real strength in but few places, but of these opportunities are proported by the play she has opportunities to show her real strength in but few places, but of these opportunities are proported by the play she has opportunities to show her real strength in but few places, but of these opportunities are proported by the play she has opportunities to show her real strength in but few places, but of these opportunities are proported by the play she has opportunities to show her real strength in but few places, but of these opportunities to show her real strength in but few places, but of these opportunities to show her real strength in but few places, but of these opportunities to show her real strength in but few places, but of these opportunities to show her real strength in but few places, but of these oppo

tis dialogues are original and unconventional, and it turnishes to both Miss Ettsler, herselt; and the principal characters opportunities for original work. It is a play well worth seeing.

Two Old Cronics.

They played only one night last scason, and everybody said: Why do they not play more!—we

everybody said: Why do they not play more?—we want to see them again.

This year they will appear Monday and Tuesday next, with matince, and in these three performances every theater goer will have the chance to see this wonderful conglommeration of fun, probably the greatest ever imagined. But the "Two Old Cronies" are not only good because they are extra fanny, they are also good because they are interpreted by twenty artists of fire clark heaving at their preted by twenty artists of fire clark heaving at their

Asylum Fair closed tonight. Open on 7th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th.

Turkeys. ceries than any other month in the year, December, Christmas is upon us. Presents to buy for the children. Cakes to bake; fruit cakes of all sizes to ripen must be baked and laid away for the helidays. We have an extra quality of seedless raisins, as good as those sold last year. Our Ondara layer raisins are a little better than last year's stock. Quarter "boxes raisins are of Inferior quality, so we bought whole boxes which we will divide up, giving quarter box prices, thereby insuring finer quality. "We will not sell you what we would not use ourselves, and v hat we cannot conscientiouly recommend. Our table bunch fancy raisins are of better quality than we ever had or ever saw. Parties contemplating entertainments desiring fancy raisins do not get the best, unless they see our first quality. Our mince meat is superb. Our Rijamo for Christmas coffee cannot be duplicated. Our Regal flour is what you want this month for your cakes; it is the best in the world. Our new price list table morsels has just been issued. We give prices of everything and would like your trade for the ensuing year 1889. Those desiring a thirty day credit, who are responsible, prompt paying customers are solicited to avail themselves of our terms. We will sell you fresh, best goods at reasons ble figures, will deliver promptly, and will look to your interest. Parties out of town desiring nice things for Christmas can get our price list table morsels, by sending their name, or a 1 cent stamp. Try it and see our prices for yourself. We will book

Brosius Motor Sewing Machine Stock

night. Open on 7th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th. Everybody come.

J. J. DUFFY,

75 PEACHTREE ST.,

Importer of Fancy Groceries

AND CONDIMENTS, WANTS EVERY HOUSE-KEEPER IN ATLANTA TO

Almonds,

Walnuts,

Cocoanuts, Grapes, Figs, Dates, Orange and Lemon Peel. The Piggest and Purest Stock of Fine Groceries in this City Today.

75 PEACHTREE STREET.

When you buy a watch or draw one in a watch club be sure to get the best, one that has a reputation as being a good time piece, such as either the Eigin or the Waltham. Be not induced to take a watch of Swiss or American make of inferior quality that has no reputation and is only sold by such jewelry houses that want to sell goods at a big profit. They do tuy such watches at a greatly reduced price, for less than an Eigin or Waltham watch of the same grade can be bought at, and then make you believe they give you a \$50 watch for \$50, where you can buy a celebrated Eigin or Waltham watch of the same grade at \$12.50 of A. F. PICKERT, the Jeweler, No. 51 Whitehall street,

your order, commencing December for Christmas turkeys. HOYT & THORN. tf7p 90 Whitehall.

Hebrew Orphan Asylum Fair closed to-

Gall and See Him Today

Raisins, Currents,

Citron

Oranges,

Headquarters

for straightforward goods, and sold for what they are worth, and nothing more.

CUT RATES in Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and Silverware, at No. 51 Whitehall street.

JEWELER, 55 WHITEHALL ST. Reliable Goods. Fair Dealing. Bottom Prices.

At your own price, almost, at NUNNALLY'S, 36 Whitehall. OYSTERS.

We are receiving every day extra fine Norfolk Oysters, a variety of nice Fish, Quail, Game and Celery. We are having a fine trade on our JERSEY BUTTER. We serve Oysters in every style.

E. F. Donehoo & Co., 9 E. Alabama Street.

Have just received another large lot of

the finest ever shown by them, and request that every lady in Atlanta call in this week and see them. Just the thing for

Our Line of

also is unusually fine, and can now be seen displayed at our beautiful

store, 28 Whitehall street. THORNTON & GRUBB., Successor to E. H. & J. R Thornton

### TELEPHONES.

Below we give a list of the new telephone sub-scribers added to the Atlanta exchange during the month of November:
390—Armour Packing Co., C. J. Raulett, agent. 602—Armall, Chas. S., residence. 415—Austin & Boylston, office. 767—Bacon, D. C., residence. 738—Berry, M. R., residence. 708—Crichton, Dr. John P., residence. 1011—Draper, Moore & Co., wholesale boots and shops.

1011—17. app., atoric & Co., who sale books with short app. 942—150 ugherty, D. H., residence.
993—Erskino, Wm., residence,
120—Foster & Co. S., L., gravel rooting and artificial stone paying.

469—Foster & Co. S., L., gravel rooling and artificial stone paving.
233—Franklin, Rehard, plumbing.
405—Goodman, M. T., wholesale commission.
736—Grant, John W., office.
630—High, J. M., residence.
430—Hilton & Co., J. B., office.
261—I. X. I. Laundry.
544—Jackson & Ballard, wholesale commission.
796—Johnson, Dr. Allen D., residence.
80—Johnson, Bravey, law office.
100—Key & Bell, real estate agts.
752—Kingsberry, J., residence.
280—Lesueur, J. A., architect and contractor.
638—McBurney, E. P., residence.
289—McFlyth, Bros. & Co., brokers.
ISI—McClain, Altender & Cambpell, grocers and market.

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\$88—Miller Mrs. Myra, cake baker, 60 Ivy street.

\$85—Pearson Eliza, enteress.

209—Rosser & Carter, law office.

414—Sharp & Ouderkirk, fine furniture.

486—Steinhauer Jno. F., plumbing and gas fitting.

154—Traders' Bank.

353—Cnited States district attorney's office, B. H-Hill Jr.

153—United States district attorney's office, B. H-Hill, Jr.

634—United States district court, W. T. Newman.

255— "clerk of court, A. E. Ruck.

335— "collector of internal revenue,

T.\*C. Cren haw.

941—Venable W. H., residence,

994—Ware W. R., residence.

994—Ware W. R., residence.

We are receiving orders every day. Subscribe now if you wish your name and number on the list for this month.

For information in regard to rates, etc., telephone 309, or send postal card to the undersigned, and we will take pleasure in calling on any one who desires information in regard to the telephone, the cost and the convenience; and as orders are coming in from every direction, it may be some time before we find out all who are an xlous for telephones, unless you do as requested. The more there are in use the more valuable the telephone for a small cost; but it is not the telephone you are paying for, it is the service—the power of calling up and conversing with any one of the nine hundred and ninety persons who also rent telephones for the same purpose that you need them.

W. T. GENTRY, Mgr.

211/2 Marietta St.

ABSOLUTE PERFECTION IN BAKING MEATS ROASTED IN THEIR OWN JUICES, BY USING THE WIRE GAUZE OVEN DOOR



MARVELOUS RESULTS LOSS IN SHRINKAGE OF MEATS. Very few people know that the Shrinkage of Meals roasted in a close oven is from thirty-five to forty per cent. All meat contains seventy-five per cent. of water and only twenty-five per cent of solid matter, and the loss that is made in the roasting is made in the evaporation of the fulce which is the VITAL FART OF MEAT.

Effect of the SOLID OVEN Door.

MY FALL AND WINTER

FOR MEN, BOYS' and CHILDREN Is complete in all Departm'ts LARGE STOCK!

NOBBY STYLES! LOW PRICES GEORGE MUSE,

38 Whitehall Street. N. B.—Suits made to order.

## ROSENFELD

Have replenished their stock with some excellent BARGAINS in DRESS and BUSINESS SUITS of all the latest styles, also

OVERCOATS in all the latest styles and colors. We offer especial bargains in Boys

suits in sizes from 13 to 18 years. A full line of FURNISHING GOODS. To Floridians sojourning in the city we offer especial induce ments in Medium Weight Goods, suitable for that climate. A call is respectfully solicited by

A. & S. ROSENFELD, 24 WHITEHALL, CORNER ALABAMA.

# Wholesale Liquors and Direct Importers.

46 and 48 Marietta St., ATLANTA, GA.

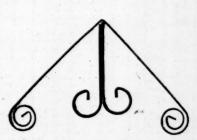
TELEPHONE 378.

THE FULTON LUMBER & MANUFACTURING CO. MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN-

Long Leaf Yellow Pine, Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Pickets Posts, Etc. coring, Ceiling, Weatherboarding, Mantels, Brackets Corner Blocks, Corner Beads, Ornaments, Pulpits

Pew Ends and all kind, s of Mill Lumber. Write for estimate. Office and yard, corner Hunter street and Central R. R. Planing mill and yard, No. 2, corner Mitchell and Mangum streets. JAMES M. LAFONTAINE, Superintendent of Mill. Telephone 1040.

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, ETC.



WHITEHALL STREET

Is the place to buy Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Jewelry, and Spectacles. Our prices are positively lower than any other house in the country. Be sure to ex-A. L. DELKIN & CO, 93 Whitehall. before buying. amine our stock

JAMES A. ANDERSON & CO.

A Cyclone in Prices

PRICE MEANS NOTHING Till you see the goods.

Good Overcoats for \$5,

Eette: Overcoats for \$5,

Fine Overcoats for \$12,

Extra fine Overcoats for \$15 to \$18,

Remember we sell our goods at the prices adver-tised. We have reduced our prices for Men's and Boys Suits 33 per cent, Boys' and Children's Over-ceats 33 per cent. Gent's Und recar reduced 33 per cent. We will not be underseld.

James A. Anderson & Co. 41 Whitehall Street.

REAL ESTATE.

Sam'l W. Goode. R. H. Wilson, Albert L. Beck

Real Estate Offers.

14 LOTS FOR \$4,000, this week, only 200 feet from Whitehall. Each lot averages over 50x100 feet. R FILMORE ST. HOUSE for \$1,600, payable \$500

cash and \$20 monthly.

\$600 FOR LOT 40x160 feet, corner Georgia avenue and Formwalt streets. FORSYTH ST., 9 rooms, lot 52x165 feet, water, gas, belgian pavement, brick sidewalks, fronts Whitehall car line at junction, is in first-class neighborhood, rear alley, and only \$5,000.

\$2,100 FOR NEW central 8 room houses renting for FORMWALT STREET—New 7 room, 2 story resi-dence, modern conveniences; one block from car line; large lot; \$3,000. We must sell it. Come and let us show it to you.

WINDSOR STREET-New 5 r cottage; water, gav. paved street and sidewalks; pleasant neighbor-hood; near Whitehall street car line; \$5,000;

HOOD STREET-6 rooms; stable, barn, servants' house; lot 50x225 ft; easy payments. HILL STREET-Lot &0x147 ft; east front, high, JONES STREET—4 rooms, good neighborhood, one block from Fair street dummy, and this side of the Fair street school.

CAPITOL STREET-3 rooms, lot 51x209 feet, this side Georgia avenue, \$1,600. ALEXANDER STREET-4 rooms, new, lot 50x150 fect to alley, good neighborhood, installments.

McAFEE STREET—new 3 rooms, lot high, level,
in one block of the Technological school,

PLUM STREET—new 4 100ms, good lot, pleasant neighborhood, one block from ear aline, \$1,000, on easy terms. 20 LOTS BETWEEN MARIETTA ST. and Technological school, now in demand and very convenient for homes to those working in that part of

NEW 3 R. COTTAGE-Lot 50x130 ft; one block from Decaturet, and near the Fulton County Spin-ning Mill and Plano factory.

EPRING ST. BALTIMORE HOUSE—New, brick, 8 rs, 2 stories, modern, water, gas, payed street and sidewalks, delightful neighborhood—\$700 cash and \$50 monthly, 6 per cent interest. PINE ST. CORNER LOT-47x97 ft., near W. Peach-W. PEACHTREE LOTS with east fronts; pleasant

W. PEACHTREE LOTS with east fronts; pleasant neighbors; paved streets and sidewalks, with gas mains laid; choice for building homes; \$2.300 to \$3.500.
 W. AVENUE LOT 50x140 FT—A corner, near W. Peachtree and Spring sta, for only \$11,500.
 ACRES for \$100 only 4 miles from Kimball house; one-fourth cash, balance in one, two and three years & per cent.

years, 8 per cent. 16 ACRES FOR \$2,400-Part of Ormewood; beautiful grove; long front on main roae; fine spring; bold branch. PINE STREET—Lot west of Calboun st; \$1,000. CALHOUN STREET -Lot 48x90 feet, between Mer-

ritts avenue and Pine street, \$500.

CALHOUN STREET-Very central, 8 rooms, 2 story residence, water, gas, paved street and sidewalks, renting on lease by the year to good white tenants for \$25 per month, \$3,000

white tenants for \$25 per month, \$5,000.
COURTLAND STREET—New, 5 rooms, 2 stories,
near E. Cain street, only \$1,800.
COURTLAND STREET—5 rooms, on lot 50x200 feet,
between Forest avenue and Currier, \$3,600.
JACKSON STREET NEAR HOUSTON REET—
2 vacant lots, each 50x140 feet, \$2,100. JACKSON STREET NEAR FORREST AVE, -50x200 feet, only \$1,000.

27 ACRES near Fair street dummy line; very choice; well watered and shaded; well adapted for sub-division; only \$300 per acre, SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.,



JOS. THOMPSON,

Dealer in Fine Whiskies, Wines, Etc. AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED Tanhaeuser Beer.

Orderd from a distance solicited and filled promptly. Stone Mountain and Branch Corn Whisky a specialty. The Celebrated Tanhaeuser Beer can be found at
C. T. WEINMEISTER.
THE KIMBALL.

FREE TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

A. PAUS.
BONANZA.
F. P. BARNES.
J. H. COOPER.
J. Y. PEACOCK,
HOLLIS & MCMAHAN.
D. B. HOLLIS.
OHN DOMINI.

G. A. R. ELECTION. An Interesting Meeting-Will Attend the Veterans' Fair in a Body.

Effle Ellsler. Very few actresses so completely won the bearts of their audiences as Miss Effic Eilsler did-when she appeared the first time before them as "Ha-

Hebrew Orphan

Everybody come. LADIES, TAKE NOTICE! Where to Buy Your Christmas Groceries and More money is expended this month for gro-

Freeman & Crankshaw,

## 44 Marietta St.

During the excitement and worry of picking out Christmas goods, do not forget that'we are still fitting the very best Spectacles and Eye-Throw away your old spectacles if they do not just suit you and then let us fit you with a pair. You may get the watch or silver coffee service that we will give away January 1st.

J. R. WATTS & CO

JEWELERS and OPTICIANS OPPOSITE THE OPERA HOUSE.

## NOTICE.

coparnership under the name and style of Kenny & Satzky, for the purpose of carrying on a merchan

> P. J. KENNY. A. SATZKY.



Ask for & Use Only-5c per Package -Southern Queen Closs Stareb. Ir Bears the World. Regulars No Cooking.
A Superior Pulverized Starch, ready for use for family laundry Work. Mahufactured only by THE ATLANTA STARCH CO.

Sold by all first-class Wholesale and Retail Dealers.

Sold in Atlanta at wholesale by H. A. Boynton, Frank E. Eloek, Branham Bros., Joseph Emith, Wyly & Greene, Tidwell & Pope, Kinney & McDonald, McD. Wilson.

EFFIE ELLSLER. In the New York Madison Square Theater Su-FRIDAY & SATUDAY, Judge Not!

BATURDAY NIGHT, EGYPT!

who appeals direct to the hearts of her audience. She has never resorted to any clap-trap sensational

Monday and Tuesday, Tuesday Matinee at 2:00 Return of the favorite trio of fun makers,

20 MIN ALL > 20

TWO OLD CRONIES

## 'The Bright Side of Things.'

HOW? WHY? WHY NOT?

Lecture to be delivered by

REV. W. P. HARRISON, D.D., At First M. E. Church South, Atlanta, Ga. Beneat of Sunday School.

FRIDAY NIGHT, DEC. 7, 7:30 O'CLOCK Admission 50 cents, Children 25 cents.

## THE WEATHER REPORT

INDICATIONS WASHINGTON, December 6-indications for Georgia: Fair, colder followed in northern Georgia by warmer, variable winds.

Observer's Office, Signal Service, U.S.A.

All observations taken at the same moment or octual time at each place.

Observations taken at 8 p. m. Seventy-fifth Me-

LOCAL OBSERVATION

M. H. PERRY, Sergeant Signal Corps U. S. Aricy

Note-Barometer reduced to sea level and stand-The T indicates the precipitation inappreciable.

A TALK WITH GEN. GREELY. THE AWFUL SILENCE OF THE ARC-TIC REGION.

Why Henry Was Shot-Reorganizing the Sig nal Service - The Immense Establish ment-Great Need For a Station in Cuba General A. W. Greely was the most notable figure in the forestry congress. His tall form would attract attention anywhere and his fine head and features, black hair and heavy black sidewhiskers brushed apart and surmounted by an enormous but graceful black mustache

With the exception of a rheumatic tendency has come out of his terrible arctic experience ound and well, though he says all six survivors of his party feel the effects of the ex-

posure.

"One thing that impressed me," said he,
"was the silence. In the arctic regions the
lower forms of animal life do not exist. In
this climate, on the most quiet evenings, you
can hear an indistinct hum of insect life, but
in the arctic regions, with the exception of the
action of the tides upon the ice and the occational caseling of the fee by contraction.

not have colds. Our diet was about the same as here. It was my idea, and it was horne out by my dietary, that a man should cat there what he had found best for him in any other part of the world. The diet is somewhat varied, of course. You find that a man can eat more butter, fats and sugar there than he can here. The fruit juices are also yery beneficial. here. The fruit juices are also very beneficial. We had condensed milk in large quantities.

here. The frult juices are also very beneficial. We had condensed milk in large quantities. We took lime juice regularly and found it very palatable mixed with sugar.

"The aurora was not so frequent there as it was farther south, but it was very beautiful. I made some insteorological discoveries which I think will be valuable. They are embodied in the second volume of my report, which embodies all of my scientific observations. For the convenience of the public I embodied all matters of general interest in the first volume."

"You had to have a man shet?"

"Yes, that matter is treated fully in my report and the matter has been approved. It was simply a question whether the eleven men then living should have some chance of surviving or one man who was stronger than the rest should have a reasonable certainty of escaping and the others should have none. It was simply a question of self-preservation, and it became my painful duty as commander-inches of the expedition to issue the order and have it excented.

"Mr. Lincoln, who was not an good terms."

have it executed.

"Mr. Lincoln, who was not on good terms with my chief, was not at first disposed to back me up, but when he had read my report, with my diary and the diaries of the men, and saw that my statements were horne out by Harry's diary here.

"Have there been any new features or im-rovements introduced in the signal service mee you have been in charge?"
"My position as the head of a great estab-shment preclude much intellectual work. I

"Yes, if congress will appropriate the money to re-organize the service. The incompetent officers ought to be turned out, but under the law I have no power-to-do that. It is very hard to get appropriation bills passed, and I have been trying to get appropriations through riders on other bills. I have done something in that way."

recent storm on the Atlantic coast?"

"Yes, that was very abnormal in some respects. It was a West India hurricane and came up from Bernuda. The worst of it never touched the coast. The barometer at one point was nearly half an inch below the normal and at Bernuda it was these constants. Bermuda it was three-quarters of an inch

If the United States had control of Cuba, "Yes, that would be a help. We did have stations there, but somebody discovered that it was not legal to spend money that way. If we had stations there and could know when a storm passed, we could calculate with reasonable certainty where it would strike. We could come within one hundred miles of it. It would require an observer there a few months in the year, and would not cost a great deal. We would not send them anything. General Wheeler, of Alabama, is very much interested in the matter and has been to see me about it several times. The chambers of commerce of New Orleans and Mobile are very anxious for it?"

"Do you exchange weather reports with other countries?" "Yes, we have been making charts and tracing storms across the Atlantic for twelve years. We get reports from almost every civilized country."

The Quartette of the Second Baptist cch, consisting of the following well-known

will have the assistance of a double quartette of ladies and gentlemen, who are among the best of Atlanta's singers.
This hisures lovers of vocal music an evening of rare enjoyment on next Tuesday night, the lith instant. Let everybod, go and hear fine organ and

The Willing Workers of the Hunter street Christian church will meet at the home of Mrs. Chandler tonight. A pleasant time is

Lucy Hinton the Leader. Lacy Hinton tetacco, manufactured by T.C. Williams & Co., Rielmond, Va., is fuest and best chew seld. Beware of imitations.

From a Distinguished Presbyterian.

Austria Distinguished Presbyterian.

Austria, Tex., March 14, 1828.

Dear Sir—The glasses I procured from you are perfectly adapted to use condition of the eye. They enable me to read clearly the finest print with perfect case. I recommend them to the public.

Respectfully.

These glasses adjusted to all eyes at Hawkes's Opdert Pepot, under Kimbail House, 19 Denatur street.

Dr. Cheney's Croup Remedy should be found in every household. It never fails to cure croup in all sits forms, and coughs, colds, sore throat, etc.

REV. GCODMAN HUGHES, no 1

Dahlonega, Ga. Two cent st amps for salebusiness at Constitution

State and County Tax payers for 1888 are paying very slowly. My books are open and prompt payments are requested.

H.A.BOYNTON, T.C. 53 S. Pryor street.

THE SUPREME COURT.

Glover vs. Wright. Ejectment, from Richmond, Title, Boundaries. Landlord and tenant. New trial. Before Judge Roney. Blandford J, not presiding because of sick-

ness.

Bickley C. J.—Complaint for land between daughter as plaintiff and widow of son as defendant, father and son being both dead, and their respective title to the premises, a small their respective title to the premises. se, being the matter in question. (March), the owner of a tract of five acres, the eastern boundary of which was the land of one Rogers, conveyed to the son, in fulfillment of a previous bargain made in May, 1871, a parcel of said tract, described in the deed, as one cel of said tract, described in the deed as one acre and a quarter, more or less, bounded east and west by land of the vendor, and including a small house then occupied by the son. In 1874 (October), the same vendor conveyed to the father, in fulfillment of a previous bargain made with him in Ducember, 1871, another parcel of the tract, described in the deed as one acre and a quarter, more or less, bounded east by land of the son and west by land of the vendor. This description was erroneous, the true boundaries being the land of Rogers on the east; and son's land on the west. Shortly before the latter deed was executed, by pracurement of the vendor's assignee

west. Shortly before the latter deed was executed, by pracurement of the vendor's assignee in bankruptcy, a survey was made of the whole five acres to definitely run off the same into four equal lots, and so adjust dividing lines as to give one house to each lot, there being then on the original tract four houses. At this survey the son assisted as chain earrier, and after action of the tides upon the ice and the occasional cracking of the ice by contraction in extreme cold, there is no sound:

"The arctic night, of course, is hard to bear. For four menths and a half you do not see the sun. Men lose their color and lose appetite, and unless a man has unusual strength of character the effect upon the system is pretty bad. You can imagine how it is to be shat up in a room for twenty-one hours out of twenty-four.

"The average temperature there was about five degrees below zero, and in summer it ranged up to about forty degrees above: but that was unusually warm. The best temperature cold did not hart our lungs; we did not have colds. Our diet was about the same as the cold did not hart our lungs; we did not have colds. Our diet was about the same as the cold did not hart our lungs; we did not have colds. Our diet was about the same as the cold was proved the same as the cold was proved to the father as the cold was executed, by pracurement of the vendor's assignee in bankruptcy, a survey was made of the whole five acres to definitely run off the same into four equal lots, and so adjust dividing lines as to give one house to each lot, there being then on the original tract four houses. At this survey the son assisted as chain carrier, and after it was finished placed a stone to mark the line between his own lot and that of his father; below a prove the come now in controversy, it left the house on the father; lot. The son accepted this result without objection, asked and obtained his father's permission to remain in the house temporarity, and from that time until his death, in laboratory 1880 occupied it is the

sult without objection, asked and obtained his father's permission to remain in the house temporarily, and from that time until his death, in February, 1880, occupied it as the property of his father, disclaiming title in himself and admitting it in his father. The son's widow remained in the house until this son's whow remained in the house duch this suit was brought against her, in 1886, but without asserting any title to it, so far as appears, until during that year. The father died in 1883, having, a few weeks before his death, conveyed the lot to his daughter, the present plaintiff. The son's widow claims solely under her decessed husband.

sed husband. her deceased husband.

Held, that the conventional boundary established on the basis of the survey, the forbearance of the father to take measures to secure anywhere beyond that boundary his due share of the father was and the relation of land. of the five acre tract, and the relation of landlord and tenant into which the two entered.

are controlling elements of the case, and that a due application of the law to the facts in evidence entitles the plaintiff to recover.

Judgment reversed.

J. S. Hook for plaintiff. Frank H. Miller and William K. Miller, for

Peavy vs. Georgia Railroad and Banking company. Case from Warren. Railroads. Damages. Master and servant. Before Judge Lumpkin.

Bleckley, C. J.—1. With or without a ticket a passenger has no right to remain on a train and be carried when he is disorderly, or uses any obscene, profane or valgar language.

2. If a disorderly passenger dofes the conductor, draws a pistol and thereby induces the conductor to arm in order to expel him from the train, and if after expulsion he still uses to train, and if after expulsion he still uses cossly obscene and vulgar language, recking ith insuit, on which a mutual combat ensues, the railroad company is not liable for the cor-sequences, though the expelled passenger be-wounded in the conflict, even if the conductor, excited by dauger and irritated by insult, be not fully excusable for the shooting. It is unjust to a master wrongfully to unfit his servant for exercising the care and prudence which are essential in guarding the master's interest and performing the servant's duty.

terest and performing.
Judgment affirmed.
T. E. Watson, J. S. Battle, J. S. Gross and
W. Hixon, for plaintiff.
J. B. Cumming, W. M. & M. P. Reese and J. B. Cumming, W. M. & M. James Whitehoad, for defendant.

Palmer, Administratrix, et al. vs. Moore Complaint, from Burke. Wills. Estates. Administrators and Executors. Powers. Before Judge Roncy.
Blandford, J., not presiding, because of sick-

Bleckley, C. J.-1. Express direction in a will to keep the estate together, and carry on arming operations, implies a limited power in he executive to incur debts on the credit of he estate for needful supplies, etc., as prudent rmers usually do in the management of their wn business of like kind. Unless such power be one manifostly confided to the executrix as a personal trust, it is exercisable by an administrator with the will annexed. Under the will now in question, the

ower was so exercisable. R. O. Lovett, for plaintiffs in error. No appearance contra.

Do you have dyspeptic troubles?

TO STOCKHOLDERS

### OF THE TUNNEL COMPANY.

55 CENTS PER SHARE, ASSENTING FROM THE DATE REKEOV TO NOV. 3, 1888, AT 12 M.,

and thereafter 60 CENTS PER SHARE, ASSENTING UNTIL JAN 2, 1889, AT 3 P. M. Subscribers to the bonds will receive Trust Company certificates, entitling them to the same number of shares as those deposited by them, and \$1 in bonds for each 55 cents and 60 cents respectively paid by them. Interest at the rate of 4 per cent, will be allowed on subscriptions from date of payment.

Payment should be made by check on New York Payment should be made by check on New York to the Union Trust Company, and should be accompanded by the stock duly indersed n blank and an an therization to the Union Trust Company. Blank forms for this authorization and copies of circulars can be obtained upon application at the Union Trust Company's edice, or at room 19, seventh floor, Mills Building, New York.

Dated New York, October 3, 1888.

H. R. BALFZEER, Chairman, GORDON MACHONALD, P. C. A. M. VAN WEEL, OTTO LOWENGARD,

THEODORE SELIGMAN,

Reorganization Committee.

oet 7 26 nov 15 💆 10 1 dec 12 26

GEORG A, FULTON COUNTY—MRS, LILLY B Eccesson vs. Morris P, Ecclesson. In Fulton Superior Court.—Libel for divorce. Spring term 18-8.—It appearing to the court from the returns of the sherin that in defendant above named cannot be found in said county, and it further appearing that said defendant Morris P. Eccleston does not reside in said sute, it is upon motion of Gartrell & Ladson, plaintin's attorneys, ordered that service of process be served upon sail defendant by a publication of this quier by publishing the same in a ruble gazette published in said county, as provided by law. This September 32, 18-3.

e gazette published in said councy.

A. This September 22, 1883.

MARSHALL J. CLARKE, Judge.

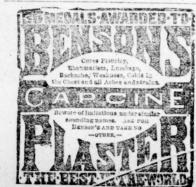
Gartrell & Ladson, plaintin's attorneys.

Filed in office this 22d day of Scatember, 1888.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

Quantum and the council of the counc A true and correct copy as appears of record in also office. October 10th, 1883.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.



SEIGHT BALLS FOUDED,



Its superior excellence proven in milii on homes for more than a quarter of a cen unit sed by the United States Government. Endo the by heads of the Great Universities as the Stronest, Purest and Most Healthful, Dr. Frices's the only Baking Powder that does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Caus.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
NEW YORK.

For Clerk of the Superior Court. MR. G. H. TANNER is announced for cierk of the superior court. Mr. Watter L. Venable, Captain George B. Forbes and Dr. John S. Holliday will be his deputies. ns deputes.

For clerk of superior court, Fulton county,—C. H.

Strong. Court deputes—Geo. M. Hope, John
Stephens, Arnold Broyles, John M. Harwell. Election January 3, 1889.

For Coroner. For Coroner.

The many friends of A. J. McALISTER announce him as a candidate for coroner at the coming election, subject to the democratic nomination.

OLD DEMOGRATIC FRIENDS.

FRANK A. HILBURN hereby announces himse is a candidate for coroner of Fulton county, subject to democratic nomination, and will be thankful for

your support.

The friends of Mr. J. M. KEMP, of Fulton county announce his name for coroner at the approaching election, subject to primary nomination, Mr. Kemp lost a leg in the battle of the Wilderness, Wostord's brigade, Longstreet's corps. Is in needy circumstances and is competent to discharge the duties of the office.

dtd CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

I announce myself as candidate for coroner of Fulton county,
I announce myself as candidate for coroner of Fulton county subject to the democratic primary. Tannounce myself as candidate for coroner of Pulton county subject to the democratic rrimary, if one is held.

The friends of DR. J. C. AVABY announce him as a candidate for coroner of Fulton county,

The friends of SAMUKL DUNLAP announce him a candidate for the office of Coroner of Fulton county at the approaching election.

DR. F. H. O'BRIEN'S friends announce him as a candidate for coroner of Fulton county.

For Tax Collector. A. P. STEWART is announced as a candidate for tax collector at the ensuing election. CAPTAIN SEAB LOVE will be associated with me in office if

I am elected.

We are authorized to announce

CLEM R. HARRIS
as a candidate for tax collector of Fulton county for
td as a candidate for tax confector of Fution county for the ensuing term.

LYMAN A. REDWINE, who has been with John Silvey & Co. fifteen years, is a candidate for tax collector of Fution county.

To the Voters of Fution County: I hereby announce myself associated with James P. McDonald and W. F. Parkhurst for the office of Tax Collector of Fution county, and respectfully ask your support.

[hov25-td] JOHN F. FAYFII,

For Tax Receiver. To the people of Fulion county—I announce myolf a caudidate for the onice of Tax Receiver of
uiton county, and respectfully a-k the support
iy follow elitzens.

I announce myself as a cardidate for tax receiver

NOAH R. FOWLER is hereby announced as a andidate for Tax Receiver Fulton county for the ing term, subject to the primary vote December

ion county.

THOS, OSCAR HALL is announced as a candidate for tax receiver of Fulton county, and respectfully solicits the votes of his fellow-citizens.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for tax receiver of Fulton county at the ensuing election.

To the People of Fulton County—Fellow Citizens: I haveived among you thirty-eight years and have frequently held ofnce by your grace. I have tried my best to serve you faithfully and am willing to stand or fail on my record, I am now a cand date for the office of State and County Tax Receiver and take this opportunity of saking your support. I am confident that my experience as an official will go are toward recommending my claim, and I promise that if elected I will devote my whole energy to the service of the people, and will give them an administration as Tax Receiver which will be associated with me in the office.

fully treats Piles, Bleeding or Protruding, or Inter-nal, and non bleeding, also Rectai Ulcers, Fissure, Fistula in Ano, and Anal Tumors, without the

No Pains or Detention From Business.

reform, streetching of the sphineter muscles, and drawing down the tumors with hooks, when either the hills, ligature, clamp, cautery fron, screw crusher or dangerous caustics are used to remove them, the operation lasting an hour or more. Pow-rful opiates are then adminis'ered to ease the pain, compelling the patient to remain in bed for two or three weeks, with dauger from see on say rhage, liability to ulceration, stricture and fistula, and much suffering during a protracted recovery.

Now Notice the Contrast.

This new and painless system of treating discord the rectum not only does away with all the "Torturing Relies of By-Gone Ages" so long employed by regular physicians, but insures a correct diagnosis, and offers to suffering humanity

an entirely painless method more safe and certain in its results than the old and barbarous practices, and without any detention from ordinary occupations. Sufferers from Rectal Diseases are requested to

call and investigate this system.

Notice my address.

M. L. LICHTENSTADT, M. D. Room No. 9, Centennial Building. Specialist in Rectal Diseases by the Brinkerheff

LADIES & PEERLESS Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home.
They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not creek or start; 40 colors. For sale by

P .S. Correspondence solicited.

Bradfield & Ware, druggists, 26 Whitehall st., Sharp Bros., druggists and anothecarles, 202 Marietta st., M. B. Avary & Co., druggists, Schumann's Phar-macy, 63 Whitehall and 17 Huntr'sts., L. Vance, Napoleon, Ga., J. H. Corn, Visage, Ga., Lent-u Jemersin, Mountain Scene, Ga., Roberts & Holbrook Balt Ground, Ga.

COLT GUNS! PARKER GUNS!

FOR THE NEXT SIXTY DAYS WE OFFER A full line of Colt's and Parker's Guns at closer prices than ever offered before. Also a large stock properly.

## OUR DECEMBER PRICES WILL INTEREST YOU!

## Special Offerings in all Departments, SUITES FOR EVERYBODY. OVERCOATS FOR ALL

DON'T FAIL TO SEE OUR STOCK BEFORE BUYING.

## HIRSCH BROS.

42 & 44 Whitehall Street.

BROWN MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

> Cotton, Woolen & General Mill Supplies MACHINERY and TOOLS

Wrought Iron Pipe Fittings and Brass Goods, Belting, Hose, Packing, etc. Agents for the Cameron Steam Pump and Washburne & Moen 73 and 75 BROAD ST

If you wish the best, most elegant and lumpiest grate and stove coal that is mined in the earth, we furnish it And it is our pride to give 2,000 HONEST POUNDS for a ton, and when you buy from us you will CERTAINLY get it. We also have a large carge of the very best Anthracite Egg and Nut coal on hand. Don't buy until you get our prices.

SEWER PIPE, Plasterer's Hair,

PLASTER PARIS FIRE BRICK FIRE CLAY, CEMENTS.

TERRA COTTA STOVE FLUES!

ATLANTA, GA. HOUSEHOLD LINENS.

Corner Alabama and Whitehall Streets, a Full Line of

## Household Linens

Wholesale and Retail. WILLIAM ERSKINE.

MANUFACTORY, BALTIMORE: 15 S. HOWARD STREET.

WASHINGTON, D. C .: COR. SEVENTH AND E. STREETS.

THE ONLY

MANUFACTURING

## Strictly One Price.

17 & 19 WHITEHALL STREET.

We have instituted the ONE PRICE system. We mark prices on all goods in PLAIN FIGURES! These prices can be relied upon as being the LOWEST, consistent with FIRST-CLASS WORKMAN-SHIP and MATERIAL.

In addition to the facilities which money and experience secure, WE ARE MANUFACTURERS AND SAVE YOU THE PROFIT which all retailers necessarilly pay the MANUFACTURER.

## EISEMANBROS

The Only Mannfacturing Clothiers,

17 and 19 Whitehall Street.

VOL. XXI.

A MAJORITY OF ONE WHAT THE DEMOCRATS NOW

A CLOSE COUNT OF NEW MEMBERS

CLAIM IN THE NEXT HOUSE.

Gorman of Kniffing Raynor-The River and Harbor Bill.

WASHINGTON, December 7 .- [Special.] Something of a sensation was created here today, when it was learned that a scheme was on foot to capture the next house for the democrats, and that their chances of success were good. While most of them have given it up, a few have persistently held on, and they positively assert tonight that the house will be democratic by a majority of one.

A telegram received from Tennessee today by General Clark, the clerk of the house, says that Governor Taylor has weakened, and wil issue the certificate to Bates, democrat. It i also said today that a recount of the votes in Mr. Bacon's New York district show his election by seventeen majority. Mr. Bacon telegraphed to that effect here today, and said further that he believed he would get the cer tificate of election. This, with the four West Virginia districts, the democra leaders claim, will give them 166 members, a majority of one. There is another district the democrats are also working in quietly, in case the New York case might be decided against them. But where it is the leaders will not tell. A prominent democrat, who has been working this scheme quietly for some time, said tonight:

some time, said tonight:

"You newspaper fellows have been away off in the nexthouse. While McKinley and these fellows have been talking about the speakership, they will not get it, for we propose to organize the next house, and in a day or two we will show you a clear majority. Then Boss Sheppard can let loose the dogs of war if he wants t."

The republican executive committee, in session here for the past two days, have decided that there are twenty-seven congressional dis-

sion here for the past two days, have decided that there are twenty-seven congressional districts in which there are grounds for contested election cases. Thirteen of these are in the south. Parson Pickett's case against Mr. Cauller is, however, not recognized. The republicans take no stock in the democratic claims for the next house. They feel perfectly confident they will have a small majority. confident they will have a small majority.

THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

The sub-committee of the river and harbor committee today finished the preparation of the new river and harbor bill, and will repoint to the full committee tomorrow. The full appropriates about eleven and a half millio dollars. Each item is made about a third of the appropriates about the appropriate when the appropriate is a substitute of the appropriate of the appropriate is a substitute of the appropriate of the appropriate is a substitute of the appropriate of the appropriate is a substitute of the appropriate of the appropria dollars. Each item is made about a third
the amount recommended by the board
engineers. The bill will be printed and
ported to the house about next Wednesd
and will undoubtedly pass both house and s
ate in a few weeks. The danger to the b however, is the possibility of a presider veto. It is known Mr. Cleveland is opportoriver and harbor bills on the order of the generally sent him, and a veto is really peeted. But it is the object of congress to it to him so early that, when he sends it believed to the congression of the congression of the congression.

it to him so early that, when he sends it back vetoed, they can pass it over his veto. All the republicans, it is known, will vote to bass it over a veto, and it is perfectly evident the majority of democrats will do likewise.

AN INDEPENDENT MAN.

The many times a millionaire senator from Michigan, Mr. Palmer, is probably the only man in this country who would refuse a cabinet office. It has been stated, over and over again, that Mr. Harrison had tendered him a place in the cabinet, but when asked about this today, Senator Palmer replied very emphatically:

when asked about this today, Schator Faimer replied very emphatically:
"I wouldn't take a cabinet position under any circumstances. I wouldn't have it if it carried with it a salary of \$500,000 a year, with nothing to do."

Rev. Dr. Cooper, of Cartersville, is here in the interest of the bill now pending in the senate, to pay the trustees of the Baptist church at Cartersville \$5,000 for the destruction of their church building during the war.

tion of their church building during the war.

The bill has already passed the house.

Judge Stewart says he was surprised to learn of the election of his son as mayor of Griffin, and that he knew nothing of his candidacy until the news of his election was received. A BALTIMORE SENSATION.

Senater Gorman, of Maryland, is said to be in danger of being assessinated by political enemies from the city of Baltimore. It is known a threat upon his life was made today and it is feared a systematized plot has been perfected to murder the great democratic leader by members of his own party, through his most bitter personal enemies, they being friends of Congressman Isadore Raynor, who went down in defeat for return to the next congress at the late election. In the late campaign young Raynor, who achieved considerable notoriety for his dashing political management at the last session, had grown to be a very prominent and powerful factor in Maryland politics. Having represented one of the Baltimore districts with such ability as a party leader that it is claimed the friends of the senator feared the young congressman was be-Baltimore districts with such ability as a party leader that it is claimed the friends of the senator feared the young congressman was becoming too prominent and would bloom into a formidable rival of Senator Gorman as a party leader in Maryland. It is asserted that Senator Gorman was made to believe that such was the case, and he lent his influence to defeat the young congressmen for re-election. The certificate of election was given to Kaynor's opponent, Stockbridge, but now Mr. Kaynor claims to have been elected. With this discovery, and suspecting treachery on the part of Senator Gorman, a party of Baltimoreans, politicians and roughs, came over here today to consult with Mr. Raynor. When this crowd of Baltimorians reached the capitol, Mr. Raynor was on the floor, making a speech. The crowd walked off into a rather secluded spow in the corridors, where they proceeded to discuss the situation. During the consultation, which was, by the way, overheard by a capitol employe, the most murderous threats of vengeance was made, and one man even went so far as to declare that if he was supplied with a pistol he would go to the senator's house and kill him. When the near presence of the capitol employe was discovered the meeting quickly adjourned, and the parties separated.

E. W. B.

THE NICARAGUA DITCH.

Discussion of the Canal Bill in the House-Other Business. WASHINGTON, December 7.—In his opening prayer, the chaplain referred to the prevalence prayer, the chaplain referred to the prevalency of yellow fever in the south and invoked the Almighty to strengthen the national and state governments in the enforcement of the quarantine, which shall keep free from our home the presence of foreign plagues and mischiefs. Communication from the secretary of the navy, relative to the proposed establishmen of a naval museum in Washington was presented and referred.

It was ordered that when the house adjourn today it be to meet Monday next.

Mr. Dunn, of Arkansas, from the committee or merchant marine and fisheries, reported back.

Mr. Dunn, of Arkansas, from the committee on merchant marine and fisheries, reported back, and the house adopted, a resolution calling on the secretary of the treasury for information as to what relief can be furnished by the revenue cutter service and life-saving service to American whaling and fishings vessel wrecked in Behring sea or the Artic ocean.

Mr. Foran, of Ohio, from the committee on appropriations, reported the invalid pensions appropriation bill. Referred to the committee of the whole.

Mr. Crisp, of Georgia, from the committee on elections, submitted a report in the South Carolina contested election case of Smalls against Elliott and it was placed upon the cal-andar.

It finds in favor of the contestee, Elliott. A minority resolution presented by Mr. Rowell, of Illinois, and also placed upon the salendar, provides for the seating of Smalls.